PERIODICAL DIV.
OCT 7 - 1943
RECEIVED

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXXV. No. 23951. 字林西報 SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1941 Registered at the C.P.O. Postage: China and Japan 1 cent, abroad 30 cents. FORTY CENTS

Vast New German Offensive Making Little Progress

London, Oct. 7.

THE mighty new offensive launched by the Germans all along the Russian front appears to have made little progress in the past 24 hours. Berlin reports speak of the most determined resistance to the new drive, which appears to be most intense in the central sector.

Latest information indicates that on the Crimean front the Germans have suffered severe losses in the Perekop Isthmus and have definitely been held up on the Sea of Azov just north of the Crimea.

The Russian Fleet has been in action against the Germans in this area and has played a big part in checking them. North of the Sea of Azov the Germans have claimed a success in a big battle. Today's German communique also claims that on the other sectors of the eastern front operations are proceeding according to plan. No further news has been received in London of these operations.

Information at hand indicates that the Germans are making a strong thrust towards Kharkov and that farther north in the central sector they have launched violent offensives at some points north and south of Smolensk towards Moscow, some 200 miles away.

The Soviet communique states that fighting continued on the whole front. The Soviet news agency says three German divisions—one mechanized, one tank and one anti-aircraft—were routed in the south-western area, in the Ukraine, and 5,500 Germans killed.

A German communique states that Moscow and Leningrad were bombed last night.—Reuter.

Cossacks Smash Germans

Moscow, Oct. 7.

Marshal Semion Budenny's mechanized cavalry smashed two German divisions, an anti-aircraft regiment and an anti-tank battalion while his wild Cossack rough-riders slashed German flanks and recaptured a fortified city, "Red Star" despatches said today.

In a five-day offensive in an undisclosed sector in the district of the city "S." Marshal Budenny's forces killed 5,500 Germans, captured 400 trucks, 100 automobiles and hundreds of guns, the despatches to the "Red Star" claimed.

Tank-borne troops attacked a fortified city in a frontal offensive and silenced German batteries. Then hard-riding, sabre-swinging Cossack cavalry swept down on the flanks of the Nazis and wiped them out in street fighting recapturing the city, the "Red Star" reported.

Mechanized Cavalry Successes

The Cossacks continued to pursue the retreating Germans, the despatches added.

Marshal Budenny's mechanized cavalry, commanded by General Belov, following up recent successful counter-attacks on the southwestern front, smashed the German 25th mechanized division, the 9th tank division, 43rd anti-aircraft regiment and a battalion of anti-tank artillery, Russian war despatches said.

The "Red Star" reported large-scale and fierce battles in several sectors of Marshal Timoshenko's western front where the Russians repelled all attacks, destroying 198 tanks and 31 planes.

Soviet torpedo boats escorting transports sank a German submarine in the Baltic Sea, Tass, official news agency, reported.—United Press.

Surprise Sortie

Ankara, Oct. 7.

Rumanian sources here yesterday divulged that Russians staged a sortie from Odessa with motor torpedo boats [United Press.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

British Supplies Flowing Steadily Into Russia

By Reuters Political Correspondent

London, Oct. 7.

M. Josef Stalin's thanks for "the bountiful supplies" that have already reached Russia are an indication of the measure of British assistance given at a time when there is a general feeling among the uninformed that little is being done to help the U.S.S.R.

Within a few hours of the attack on Soviet Russia, officials of the Ministry of Economic Warfare were preparing for the despatch to Moscow of an economic mission under Mr. Laurence Cadbury. Their task of estimating the Soviet Union's requirements was facilitated by the fact that the Soviet section of the Ministry had kept a close watch on the Soviet Union's trade with Germany since the beginning of the war, and was thus in a position to assess her real needs in raw materials.

Supplies on Substantial Scale

When the mission left for Moscow soon afterwards it was able to take with it a general outline of what Britain would be able to supply in the shortest space of time. The conditions of security have and will preclude any detailed statement being made for a long time, but it is a fact that in this sphere alone supplies have been on a very substantial scale, and Stalin's thanks have been much appreciated in London.

If the figures could be made public, the world would be impressed by Britain's efforts to help her ally when at the same time she has to supply other war fronts or potential war fronts and look after her military, naval and air forces at home.

The flow of supplies, which includes such vital materials as rubber and tin, will continue subject to the exigencies of transport, until her requirements have been met, even if it means imposing a temporary stringency in Great Britain.

Fears Dispelled

Fears of bottlenecks at places of arrival of these goods have been dispelled in London by the news that Soviet transport arrangements have been very effective in handling the goods.

It was felt that the development of transport facilities across Iran will make a substantial contribution towards meeting the Soviet Union's needs.

Another matter of great significance regarding aid to the U.S.S.R. has been the direct contact made by Lord Beaverbrook and Mr. Harriman with Stalin. There is no doubt that the several meetings between these men had a marked effect on the success of the conference in Moscow, which is looked upon as a good augury for the future.—Reuter.

British, U.S. Tanks, Planes Reach Russia

London, Oct. 7.

Ships laden with tanks and planes from Britain and the United States have already arrived in Russia, according to a Russian broadcast.—Reuter.

Morgenthau to Sign Agreement With Mexico

Washington, Oct. 7.

Mr. Henry Morgenthau Jr., Secretary of the treasury, yesterday announced that he would soon sign a complete new monetary stabilization agreement with Mexico. He also said he was preparing an agreement whereby the United States could resume purchases of Mexican silver.—United Press.

British Subs Torpedo 11 Italian Ships

London, Oct. 7.

British submarines operating in the Mediterranean sank or badly damaged eleven Italian ships, the Admiralty announced today.

An Italian torpedo boat, supply ship, guard ship and sailing ship were definitely sunk, while two tankers, two transports and three supply ships were seriously damaged by torpedo hits, the announcement added.

A torpedo boat of 635 tons of the Generale class, a supply ship of about 3,500 tons, an Italian guard ship and a sailing ship which were laden with troops were all sunk and a tanker of about 6,000 tons was torpedoed and "left seriously on fire with a heavy list," the communique asserted.

The tanker Lira, 5,900 tons, was torpedoed and seriously damaged. Two transports of about 5,000 tons each, one large supply ship and two medium sized supply ships also were hit with torpedoes, the announcement said.

"These five ships certainly were hit and must at least be seriously damaged. However, conditions did not allow the submarines to ascertain beyond doubt whether these vessels actually had sunk," the communique reported.—United Press.

R.A.F. Stage Big Raid on Rotterdam

Berlin, Oct. 7.

D.N.B. reported from the Hague yesterday that the Chief of Police of Rotterdam informed the press that over 50 heavy, high explosive bombs and 500 incendiary missiles were dropped in Friday night's raid by the R.A.F.

D.N.B. said the heaviest damage was caused in a working class area where large numbers of houses were destroyed and where entire blocks were wrecked or damaged.—United Press.

R.A.F. Attack Nazi Trawlers

London, Oct. 7.

Hurricanes of the Fighter Command yesterday morning attacked four German armed trawlers off the Belgian coast.

One trawler was sunk and another set on fire. The guns of a third vessel were silenced after a short attack.—Reuter.

Freighter Sunk in Suez

Berlin, Oct. 7.

D.N.B. yesterday said that German bombers attacking the Suez roads on Sunday night sank a freighter totaling between 10,000 and 12,000 tons.—United Press.

Suez Canal, Cairo Raided

Cairo, Oct. 7.

"An air raid occurred early this morning in the Suez Canal and Cairo areas. A few bombs were dropped. No casualties were caused. Some slight damage was done in the Suez Canal area. Alerts were given in several provinces, states a communique issued by the Egyptian Ministry of the Interior last night.—Reuter.

Sicily Bombed

London, Oct. 7.

British planes dropped high-explosive and incendiary bombs on the region of Catania and Licata in Sicily yesterday, states an Italian communique.—Reuter.

Egal Arrives Here From Hongkong

Mr. R. Egal, well known Shanghai resident who was arrested several months ago following an order by the Vichy Government, arrived safely here yesterday evening on board an American President Lines' vessel. Mr. Egal, it was learned, is staying in the Settlement although his home is in the French Concession.

It will be recalled that Mr. Egal was arrested in Shanghai several months ago after he was accused of having taken part in Free French activities in this city. Taken to Indo-China for trial, Mr. Egal was later released. He proceeded to Singapore where he arrived recently.

It is believed that Mr. Egal boarded the American vessel in Hongkong, where he had arrived from Singapore. It could not be ascertained yesterday what Mr. Egal's plans were, although it is expected that he will continue with his former business.

Despite the fact that he had undergone a severe strain during his arrest and being kept under guard on board a French man-of-war, Mr. Egal looked fit and well. His wife met him at the Custom's Jetty.

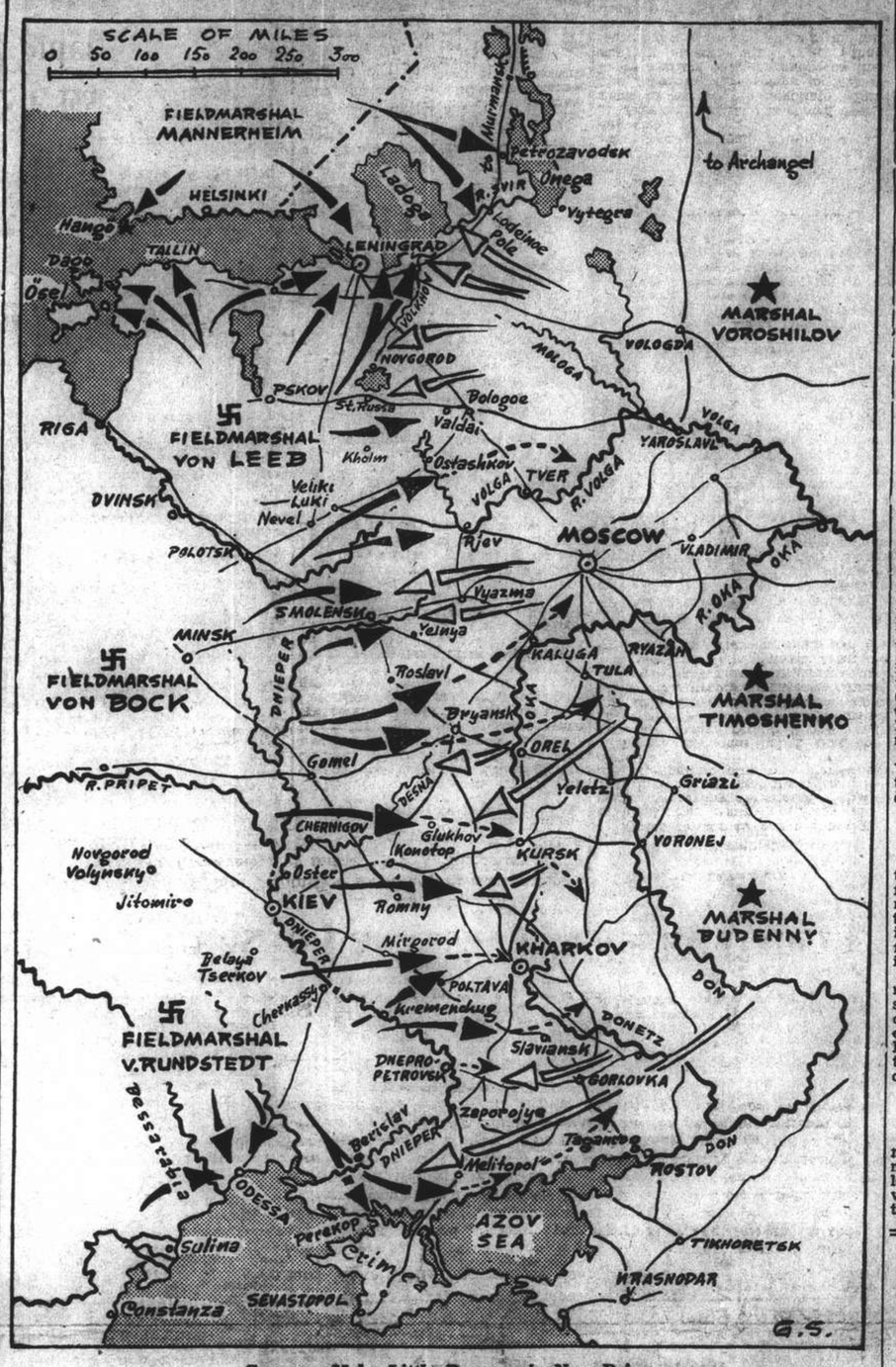
Stimson to Present on Dual Nationality

Washington, Oct. 6.

Colonel Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of War, today sent to Congress a draft for the proposed legislation to eliminate complications of the "dual citizenship" problem.

American-born Japanese youths are still liable to the Japanese conscription law, and Americans of Japanese, Italian or German ancestry, many of whom are dual citizens, are entering the United States Army through the Selective Service Act, Colonel Stimson said, adding that "evidence is clear that the obtaining of information by agents of foreign governments through both innocent and espionage activities, is facilitated by dual citizens or dual citizenship."

Under the proposed bill, any national who is considered to be a subject of another country may be required to appear before the United States Commissioner to make either a formal renunciation of United States citizenship, or take a formal oath of allegiance to the United States. Those who refuse to take an oath of allegiance will be arrested for deportation.—Domei.



Germans Make Little Progress in New Drive

According to reports reaching London last night, the new German offensive on the eastern front is making little progress. Severe losses are claimed to have been inflicted on the Germans in the Perekop Isthmus in the south and the Russians claim to have held up the Germans on the Sea of Azov, just north of the Crimea. North of the Sea of Azov the Germans claimed a big success yesterday. On other sectors of the front the Germans state that operations are proceeding according to plan. It is known that they are making a strong thrust toward Kharkov and they have launched offensives north and south of Smolensk towards Moscow. The thick black arrows indicate the approximate distribution of the German forces and the dotted arrows show the probable direction of "pincer movements" against Moscow and Kharkov. White arrows indicate the direction of Soviet counter offensives.

U.S. Army Fears Extension Of Hostilities to Far East

Washington, Oct. 7.

THE House Insular Affairs Committee, yesterday heard testimony that President Roosevelt had mustered the Philippine Army into the United States Army because the U.S. Army feared "extension of hostilities to the Far East" as result of the Russo-German war.

The testimony was given by General L. T. Gerow, Chief of the General Staff, Gen. Gerow also testified that the proposed expenditures for Philippines defence were specifically designed to facilitate the Commonwealth independence programme.

Gen. Gerow said that the use of excise funds for defence was allowed under the Tydings-McDuffie provision permitting the funds to be used to prepare the islands for assumption of sovereignty.

Bill "Looks Like a Raid"

Representative Fred L. Crawford, Republican of Michigan and chief opposition spokesman, charged that the proposed bill "looks like a raid on Philippine independence adjustment funds."

Gen. Gerow and other army authorities defended the proposed measure and said the entire programme was planned in close collaboration with President Manuel Quezon.

Specific details as for what the expenditures will be used can not be disclosed because they are military secrets, Gen. Gerow said. However, he disclosed that US$31,000,000 would be earmarked for expenses of initial mobilization and training of the Philippine army, which United States officials intend to maintain as a separate functional unit, thus preparing it for independent existence.

Acceleration Sought

The Administration yesterday sought to accelerate passage of the US$50,000,000 authorization of Philippines defence by holding simultaneous hearings by committees of the Senate and House of Representatives.

[United Press.

(Continued on page 2, col. 2 *)

Brooke-Popham on P.I. Defences

Singapore, Oct. 7.

Air Vice-Marshal Sir Robert Brooke-Popham today praised the many improvements in Philippine defences made during the past few months and said these improvements were still developing.

Sir Robert returned today from Manila where he conferred with highest American officials—his second visit to Manila in the past six months.

The Commander-in-Chief of British forces in the Far East said he met President Manuel L. Quezon, Sr. Sergio Osmena, Vice-President, Mr. Francis B. Sayre, American High Commissioner, Lieutenant - General Douglas C. MacArthur, Commander-in-Chief of American Forces in the Far East, Admiral Thomas C. Hart, Commander-in-Chief of the Asiatic Fleet and Brigadier-General John Magruder, head of the United States Military Mission to China, while visiting Manila.

Sir Robert said he discussed many problems of mutual interest with the American leaders. He studied with Brigadier-General Magruder the problem of how transportation of American aid to China could best be organized.

Sir Robert said he was highly pleased with results of the visit.—United Press.

Sir Earle Page Confers at Manila

Manila, Oct. 7.

Sir Earle Page, Australia's representative to the British War Cabinet who is now en route to London, today conferred at length with Lieutenant-General Douglas C. MacArthur, Commander-in-Chief of American Forces in the Far East, and the two men discussed "the entire range of world affairs."

General MacArthur's headquarters announced that "their conversations were of a mutually informative nature and covered the entire range of world affairs.

"No special political importance is attributed to the meeting which casually eventuated from Sir Earle's passage through Manila, en route to London."—United Press.

Chinese Reported Entered Ichang

Chungking, Oct. 7.

Following a lightning attack, Chinese troops entered Ichang, the important port on the Yangtze in Hupeh, this morning and street fighting has since been in progress, according to reports emanating from usually well-informed circles. These reports have not yet been officially confirmed.—Reuter.

Other China War news will be found on page 2.

Japan, U.S. Talks Hanging In Balance

Washington, Oct. 7.

Japan's failure to prove the Government can control military elements, yesterday threatened Tokyo-Washington conversations with failure, competent observers here declared.

There was some belief that the Japanese army, resenting the civil government's bid for an understanding with the United States, might deliberately provoke trouble in China in order to wreck any chance for settlement of Third Power issues in the Far East. This has happened in the past.

Therefore, the United States is seeking proof that the Japanese Army is controllable, it was said. Unless that is proven, there was every prospect here yesterday that the present talks will be futile.

Therefore, said observers, the situation in China could be used as an indicator of what is likely to happen in the diplomatic field. If the Japanese army kicks up a row involving United States interests, said observers, the talks are doomed.

The State Department has cabled Chungking for details of reported Japanese bombing of an American mission in Kwantung Province. The offensives on Changsha and Chengchow also might complicate the situation.—United Press.

U.S. Courting War

Washington, Oct. 6.

The "Times-Herald" today in an editorial commenting on Colonel Frank Knox's speech in Indianopolis on October 1, expressed the fear that the Administration was courting a two-front war with Germany and Japan.

The paper was of the opinion that "a peaceful settlement of Japanese-American differences could be reached given mutual willingness to negotiate.

"Admiral Nomura has shown every signs of wanting to negotiate. But the Administration seems to feel it to be a crime to compromise on the slightest degree with Japan; that Japan must do as we say in the Far East or we are obliged to fight Japan."—Domei.

"No Developments"

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

Echoing the words spoken by Mr. Koh Ishii at the last meeting of foreign correspondents here, Mr. Iichi Kishi, deputizing for Mr. Ishii, repeated at today's foreign press conference that there were "no developments" in the current Japanese-American conversations.

Regarding the "Asahi's" reports that Ambassador Admiral Kichisaburo Nomura had approached Secretary of State Cordell Hull in an effort to reach a limited shipping agreement, Mr. Kishi said that he had no information.—Domei.

Situation on Russian Front Now Considerably Improved

By Reuters Special Correspondent

Moscow, Oct. 7.

THE situation during the past fortnight, and especially since the fall of Kiev, has been very confused, but now it may be said with certainty that the situation has considerably improved in the southern sector of the front and that it is well in hand.

After the fall of Kiev the Russians unquestionably went through very difficult moments, and suffered losses of men and material—though nothing like the German claims—but I learn on excellent authority that the Russians have succeeded in regrouping and reinforcing their southern armies with the result that the Germans are not succeeding in their thrusts towards the Crimea.

The opposition in the Crimea is not causing any immediate anxiety and the Germans have definitely been held in their attempt to approach Kharkov after the capture of Poltava.

The three-power conference has had a very heartening effect on the Russian army, who confidently believe that the flow of war materials from abroad will be adequate, provided tremendous efforts are made by Britain, and especially the United States, where pro-German and isolationist influences and anti-Russian propaganda campaigns with religion as a peg are not underrated.

Soviets Well Equipped

But for the present the Russian army is still well equipped, especially in the front line. It is true that German superiority in the numbers of tanks is openly admitted, but the Russian airplane production is maintaining itself satisfactorily despite the loss of certain raw materials which sooner or later will make itself felt.

It is admitted that German infantry has a higher proportion of automatic weapons, but this small arms discrepancy is not overwhelmingly in favour of the Germans.

Despite enormous troop concentrations in the Leningrad area it is confidently maintained that the city is not under immediate threat of capture. It is also certain that communications with Leningrad are maintained by road and even by rail.

Important Leningrad industries are somewhat isolated from the rest of the country, but they have their own important front for which to work, and production is being maintained in spite of considerable difficulties.

Neither Leningrad nor the Baltic fleet is considered to be in immediate danger, unless the Germans score an unexpectedly enormous success. They are faced with more than the unpleasant prospect of keeping perhaps 1,000,000 troops under winter conditions in the Leningrad area, with supply problems becoming daily increasingly difficult.

It is already certain that the Germans are having considerable difficulty over the question of winter clothing. Indications are that they had hoped to complete at least a major part of the war before winter, and the haste with which vast scale requisitioning and manufacturing of winter clothing has been organized points to grave miscalculation somewhere.

Vast Stock of Winter Clothes

On the other hand, the Russians have always had a vast stock of winter clothes, and since these were not carried by the troops during the summer and early autumn fighting they are still intact.

The most serious Russian industrial losses so far have been in the Krivoi Rog and Dniepropetrovsk areas, with their iron ore and steel plants.—Reuter.

Repeal or Scrapping Of "Neutrality" Act Discussed Yesterday

New York, Oct. 7.

THE Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull; the Vice-President, Mr. Henry Agard Wallace, five senators and two members of the House of Representatives will confer with President Roosevelt in Washington today with regard to revision of the Neutrality Act, it was announced yesterday.

The Chief Executive indicated that the meeting would enable him to decide whether to recommend that the law should be scrapped or simply modified to permit the arming of merchant ships and, perhaps, let American ships sail to combat zones from which they are now barred.

The senators invited to the conference are the majority leader, Mr. Alben W. Barkley (Democrat: Kentucky); the Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, Mr. Tom Connally (Democrat: Texas); the former Chairman of the same committee, Mr. Walter F. George (Democrat: Georgia); the minority leader, Mr. Charles L. McNary (Republican: Oregon); and the assistant minority leader, Mr. Warren R. Austin (Republican: Vermont).

The two members of the House of Representatives at the conference will be Mr. Sol Bloom, Democrat Chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee, and Mr. Charles A. Eaton, Republican member of the Committee.

Mr. Myron Taylor, envoy to the Vatican, will probably take tea with the President at the White House today.—Reuter.

Anonymous Advice to FDR

Washington, Oct. 7.

An anonymous Senator who was to attend President Roosevelt's conference today on revision of the neutrality act, said he would advise the President to avoid a show down in Congress, as it was believed a floor battle would inject new life into isolationist groups.

The Senator, who did not wish his name disclosed, said the isolationists' strength was wanting and they were desperately seeking an issue to revive enthusiasm among their followers. He said they were planning to point to repeal of the neutrality act as a clear mandate for war.—United Press.

Attention Focussed on Talks

Washington, Oct. 6.

Qualified political observers, commenting on President Roosevelt's meeting tomorrow with Congressional leader to discuss the problem of revising the Neutrality Law, declared that the conference would further clarify the government's attitude toward arming merchant ships as well as abolishing the designated war zones.

Well-informed circles, however, expected bitter opposition to be put up by the isolationists, in the event an amendment of the Neutrality Law is proposed to Congress.—Domei.

Willkie Asks Repeal of Neutrality Act

New York, Oct. 7.

Mr. Wendell Willkie, Republican Party leader, last night criticized the Administration for the "faltering manner in which the defence effort is being conducted."

Speaking at a dinner tendered to Lord Halifax, British Ambassador to Washington, he suggested that the Republican Party "take the leadership in the repeal of the neutrality law."—United Press.

Hitler Said Destroying Catholicism in Germany

Washington, Oct. 6.

Senator James M. Mead, Democrat of New York, yesterday read in the Senate what he described as "concrete documentary evidence that Chancellor Adolf Hitler and the Nazi police are destroying the Catholic church in Germany."—United Press.

Panama Bars Arming of Merchant Ships

Panama, Oct. 6.

The Government today decided to cancel registration of all foreign-owned vessels flying the Panamanian flag if owners arm them, informed sources revealed today.

Previously it was reported that the Panama Government would not authorize or forbid the arming of Panama registered merchantmen, but instead would take the attitude that such arming must be at the owner's expense and risk.—Domei.

"Welcome News"

New York, Oct. 7.

"The decision does not hurt anyone," said Mr. Tom Connally, Chairman of the United States Foreign Relations Committee in commenting on the action of the Panama Cabinet in forbidding the arming of merchantmen flying the Panamanian flag. "We can amend the Neutrality Act and arm them on our own responsibility, and may be later we can tell our ships they can go anywhere on the high seas," he added.

Mr. Connally added that it would be welcome news to many Americans that United States owned ships would not henceforth sail under the Panamanian flag.—Reuter.

Vichy Claims Britain Sunk Two Ships

Vichy, Oct. 7.

The sinking of two French merchantships by British ships in the Mediterranean is reported by the Vichy news agency. They are said to be the 8,000-ton Theophile Gautier and the 1,300-ton Oued Yquma.

A communique by the Vichy Navy Ministry states that the "French steamer Theophile Gautier, bound for France from Salonica, was torpedoed on Oct. 4 in the Aegean Sea by a submarine. Most of the passengers and crew were saved, but two men are dead and 18 missing. It is recalled that the Theophile Gautier was at Beirut at the time of the British attack in June 1941.—Reuter.

Causes Tobacco Shortage

Vichy, Oct. 6.

French smokers already have been rationed four daily cigarettes in the face of the prospect of a tobacco famine as two French vessels carrying tobacco from Salonica were sunk en route to France.—Domei.

U.S. Army Pilot Claims New Flight Record

Washington, Oct. 7.

The American pilot of a four-engined bomber has just covered what is claimed to be the greatest distance ever flown between sunrise and sunset.

He is Lieutenant-Colonel Caleb Haynes, of the United States Army Air Corps.

Returning from the Near East he flew the 3,400 miles between the Takoradi Gold Coast and Belem, Brazil, in 13 hours and 45 minutes, according to Army headquarters.—Reuter.

Philippine Editor Convinced Japan to Invade Thailand

Manila, Oct. 7.

DR. Carlos P. Romulo, editor of the "Philippine Herald," declared today in a despatch from Singapore that "Japan is preparing to move in on Thailand with an all-out invasion."

Dr. Romulo said he was convinced that Thailand would be the next Japanese objective. The despatch was filed after a 10-day visit to Bangkok during which he conferred with high Thai officials.

The Manila editor said that whether Thailand would be able to resist successfully the threatened invasion would depend greatly on whether active and early support was obtained from Britain and the United States.

Fifth Column Activities

He reported that Japan, using propaganda and fifth column activities, was exerting all means to gain a foothold. They first tried to secure naval bases and air fields in southern Thailand. Next, they established a propaganda office in Bangkok under the direction of their ace correspondents. After that, the Japanese raised their Legation to the status of an Embassy, and followed this up by subsidizing more heavily the four leading Bangkok vernacular newspapers.

The Japanese also increased their original 35,000,000 tical loan to Thailand by an additional 10,000,000 ticals a week ago.

Consulate on Burmese Border

The Japanese then established a consulate in Chiengmay province on the Burmese border, said the despatch.

Dr. Romulo claimed the Japanese created a probable casus belli by insisting that Thailand officially recognize Wang Ching-wei following the recognition of Manchoukuo.

In addition, there has been a steady influx of Japanese most of them high-class technicians, said the editor.

Japanese Requests Rejected

Dr. Romulo said that last February the Thai Government firmly rejected the Japanese requests to use south Thailand naval bases, emphasizing that the nation's neutral position forbade such action. Japan's next move was to raise the status of its Legation, and as a result Japan has the only Embassy in Bangkok and the Japanese Ambassador outranks all other foreign diplomats.

He said the Japanese have a complete pictorial record of Thailand, secured under the guise of fostering closer cultural relations. Staff photographers and movie cameramen spent several months taking all the pictures they desired, he added.—United Press.

"Nichi Nichi" Allegation

Tokyo, Oct. 6.

Thailand is drifting away form its attitude of friendship toward Japan, the correspondent of the Tokyo "Nichi Nichi" reported from Bangkok.

Great Britain, the United States and other countries hostile to Japan are at work to estrange Thailand from Japan, the correspondent of the Tokyo daily stressed urging the need of carrying the propaganda warfare into Siam.

Great Britain and the United States have been concerned with the attitude of Bangkok towards Tokyo since the landing of Japanese armed forces in southern Indo-China, the "Nichi Nichi" correspondent pointed out.

The British interests which are strongly entrenched in Thailand have been bringing increased pressure to bear upon the government to compel it to abandon the idea of rapprochement with Japan.

A recent outrage committed against Japanese residents in the country is excellent proof that British and American propaganda has not been fruitless, the Japanese newsman concluded.—Havas Telemondial.

"Mercy" Ships Not to Sail; Prisoners Disembarked

London, Oct. 7.

GERMAN sick and wounded prisoners are being disembarked from the hospital ships at Newhaven and sent back to camps, it is learned authoritatively.

For the fourth morning in succession the German wounded prisoners on the hospital ships waited in vain to be transported across the Channel in exchange for British prisoners waiting at Dieppe. Pawns of a diplomatic shuffleboard the German prisoners awaiting repatriation are displaying an understandable restlessness.

It was too late last night to acquaint the majority of the patients with the latest postponement when the decision to defer their departure was reached after midnight on Monday.

At dawn today a general atmosphere of frustration prevailed when it was made known to the Germans that yet another hitch had occurred. Heads protruded from portholes and there was acute disappointment and some dismay when it was realized that the hospital ships were to lie inactive for a further indefinite period.

"Breach of Faith"

It is understood that the British Government's attitude over the breakdown of the exchange of prisoners is that Germany has been guilty of a "flagrant breach of faith."

Meanwhile an earlier message from Paris to the official German news agency in Berlin stated that the British prisoners for repatriation were expected to arrive at Dieppe at noon today. Arrangements for the exchange were to be carried out today, according to the message.

The German news agency message said: "Arrangements for the exchange of prisoners are to take place today in the harbour of Dieppe. A train with British prisoners coming from Switzerland via Rouen, is expected to arrive at noon today and after disembarkation of German prisoners from British hospital ships the British will be embarked.

A complete truce will prevail over the Channel during the exchange. An equal number of British will be exchanged against German soldiers whereby women and children will be included in the German party."

The British Government cancelled the sailing of the mercy ships and it was authoritatively learned that the German prisoners, after spending 90 hours aboard the ships at Newhaven, are being disembarked and sent back to their hospitals and camps.

Yesterday morning a message was received via the American Government that Germany was prepared only to agree to a limited exchange on a numerical basis, which is in direct contradiction to the Geneva Convention signed by Germany in July, 1939.

Germans Balk

Following the German broadcast last night, the Bremen and Luxembourg Radios broadcast a statement declaring that hitherto only a part exchange of prisoners had been considered. The German Government, they added, was ready to exchange about 100 members of the German forces for a corresponding number of British prisoners of war.

The two stations further stated that diplomatic negotiations were still in progress regarding the extension and continuation of the exchanges.

Previous to the War Office order, all arrangements had been completed as the result of a dramatic exchange of wireless messages between the British and German Governments over Calais Radio and the B.B.C., and it was hoped that the two hospital ships would bring back the first batch of British sick and wounded prisoners and others eligible for repatriation at midday Wednesday.

Dramatic Radio Exchange

"Hullo, England!" was how Calais Radio first called Britain yesterday on the exchange of prisoners. "Achtung, Deutschland!" was the reply signal of the British Broadcasting Corporation. Calais went on to give its message in English; the B.B.C. made its answers in German.

The British Government sent the German Government a message stating that the two hospital ships would sail at 5.30 a.m. G.M.T., October 7 (2.30 p.m. today, Shanghai time) arriving off Dieppe at 10.30 a.m. G.M.T.

The British message added that the above arrangement would be put into effect provided no message to the contrary was received by wireless from the German Government before 8 p.m. G.M.T. yesterday.

The British Government's message acknowledged receipt of the German Government's message broadcast yesterday morning, and continued:

Arrangements Restated

"For the sake of clarity, the British Government restates the arrangement which it is going to carry into effect. Two hospital ships will sail from the anchorage off Newhaven at 5.30 a.m. G.M.T., October 7, arriving off Dieppe at 10.30 a.m. G.M.T. They will carry all German sick and wounded prisoners of war due for repatriation, numbering 13 officers and 43 other ranks and protected personnel numbering 28 officers, including one chaplain, and 19 other ranks.

"For the return voyage, the ships should move to the anchorage off Dieppe during the night high tide. This is in order that they may sail in daylight and reach Newhaven at 12 p.m. G.M.T., October 8. They will be loaded to full capacity with British prisoners of war and protected personnel eligible for repatriation.

"The ships will sail again from Newhaven to Dieppe on October 9, carrying approximately 60 German women and children internees. The ships will return to Newhaven on October 10 loaded to full capacity with British sick and wounded prisoners of war and protected personnel.

More Voyages If Needed

"Thereafter the ships will make such further voyages on successive days as are necessary to complete the repatriation of all remaining British sick and wounded prisoners of war and protected personnel eligible for repatriation.

"In this connection, the British Government points out that in view of the substitution of Dieppe for Fécamp, the tides make it possible if necessary, to continue sailings up to and including October 14.

"Above arrangement will be put into effect provided no message to the contrary is received by wireless from the German Government before 8 p.m. G.M.T. today, October 6.

"The British Government reaffirms its readiness to agree to the mutual repatriation of all British and German civilian internees other than men between the ages of 18 and 60. The British Government will be glad to negotiate an arrangement with the German Government through the intermediary of the United States Government immediately in order that the repatriation of civilians may be carried out with the least possible delay."

Scope of "Protected Personnel"

The term "protected personnel," used in the British Government's message, refers to categories protected by the Geneva Convention, such as the Royal Army Medical Corps, nurses, NAAFI (Navy-Army-Air Force Institute) and other non-combatants.

A message from the German Government to the British Government agrees that the "zones of barrage" proposed by the British Government for the course from Newhaven to Fécamp are also valid for the course of the hospital ships from Newhaven to Dieppe. The message asked if the hospital ships Dinard and St. Julien would make the course. It specified where pilots would be taken aboard and said that together with the pilots a surveying detachment would go aboard, to whom a complete list of every person aboard, including the crew, is immediately to be handed. Carrying of cameras is not allowed, the message added. The German Government expects that the British Government will take measures in this direction.

The British Government has replied acknowledging the German Government's message and stating that both ships, the Dinard and St. Julien, would make the course.

Duff Cooper Sees Burma's Strength

Rangoon, Oct. 7.

Mr. A. Duff Cooper, Far Eastern representative of the British War Cabinet, saw something of Burma's fighting strength yesterday, when he visited a school for bush warfare and saw some of the toughest fighting units in the Empire.

Mr. Duff Cooper was scheduled to leave Rangoon last night on his way to India. He is expected to arrive in Australia on November 1.—Reuter.

British Deride Claims of Damage To Ark Royal

London, Oct. 7.

Authoritative sources here yesterday, commenting on an Italian claim of torpedoing and damaging the aircraft carrier Ark Royal, said "The Italians must be getting hard up. Having sunk her so many times, they must be running short of 'real information'."—United Press.

Extent of Claims

Rome, Oct. 7.

An extraordinary communique yesterday said an Italian submarine torpedo had damaged the 22,000 ton British aircraft carrier Ark Royal.

The communique said the vessel returned to Gibraltar after a recent aero-naval battle in the Mediterranean. The Communique also claimed that the battleships Nelson, Rodney and King George V, accompanied by numerous cruisers and destroyers "expressly came to the Mediterranean" with the intention of "making our naval units at present in the zone engage in a clash with conditions of absolute inferiority."—United Press.

Group for Protecting Japanese Formed in U.S.

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

The "Asahi Shimbun" reported from San Francisco that Japanese and nisei residents in California numbering more than 100,000 who are living under the strain of increased Japanese-American tension, received heartening assurance regarding their future when announcement was made yesterday of the creation of the "Committee for the Protection of Japanese Residents and Japanese American Citizens."

The charter announced by the Committee is composed of outstanding Californian leaders, and pledged the Committee would do its utmost to safeguard Japanese residents and nisei legally as well as morally no matter what may happen in the future in Japanese-American relations.

The Committee lauded the loyal, upright character of Japanese and nisei who have been drafted for the United States Army.

The utmost effort would be made to convince the American people of the Committee's aim, it was stressed.

The impressive roster of supporters of the move included Governor Cuthbert Olson, Mr. Robert Gordon Sproul, President of California University, Mr. Ray Lyman Wilbur, President of Standford University, Mr. David P. Barrow, ex-President of California University and Commander of the California American Legion, and Mr. Chester Rowell, noted political commentator of the San Francisco Chronicle.—Domei.

Wavell Says Indian Armies to Fight in 1942

Simla, Oct. 7.

General Sir Archibald Wavell, Commander-in-Chief of British forces in India, yesterday read a message from Mr. Winston Churchill at the first meeting of the National Defence council here, saying "during 1942 the armies of India, with their British comrades, will be fighting along a front from the Caspian to the Nile. By so doing they will be barring the eastward progress of the war."—United Press.

Selznick Buys Interest In United Artists

Hollywood, Oct. 7.

Mr. David O. Selznick, moving picture magnate, yesterday contracted to pay US$1,200,000 for a quarter interest in the United Artists Corporation. He thus became a full partner with Mr. Charles Chaplin, Mr. Alexander Korda and Miss Mary Pickford.

Mr. Selznick agreed to produce US$20,000,000 worth of pictures while an owner-producer in the company. He replaced Mr. Samuel Goldwyn as a partner.—United Press.

*Nazis Make Little Progress

(Continued from page 1)

on Sunday and made a surprise landing at a point several miles east of the city. The Red forces inflicted casualties estimated at 2,000 killed and wounded then successfully withdrew, said the sources.—United Press.

Spanish Squadrons In Action

Rome, Oct. 7.

Three Spanish combat quadrons raided Soviet columns and destroyed many lorries, inflicting heavy casualties, said the Rome radio yesterday. It was the first mention of Spanish fliers in the Russo-German war.—United Press.

Germans Claim Victory

Berlin, Oct. 7.

Russian forces were beaten in a big battle which occurred in an area north of the Sea of Azov and German and Allied troops were pursuing the defeated enemy, the High Command announced today.

The victory was scored in operations which "already have been announced," the communique added.

German and their allied troops fought shoulder to shoulder, the war report said.

German motorized and tank corps penetrated in the east to the rear of the Russian lines, capturing the whole staff of the Soviet 9th Army, whose commander earlier had fled in a plane, it alleged. In other sectors of the front operations were proceeding according to plan, the High Command added.

Further attempts by the Soviets to land troops on the coast west of Leningrad during the cover of night have failed, for alert German troops annihilated the Russian landing units and most of the ships which were used in the operations were sunk, the communique claimed.

German warplanes last night bombed Rostov, important tractor-manufacturing centre, where the attacks were concentrated on an armament factory. Military objectives in Leningrad and Moscow also were raided, the communique alleged.—United Press.

U.S. Envoy Going to Washington

Moscow, Oct. 7.

Mr. Laurence Steinhardt, United States Ambassador to Moscow, soon will leave for Washington, it was announced today.

He presumably would visit the United States to consult President Roosevelt and Mr. Cordell Hull, United States Secretary of State, regarding recent conferences between Russian, British and American officials.

Indicating that he would leave soon, he bid farewell to M. Viacheslav Molotov, Foreign Commissar, yesterday at a 30-minute conference.

The State Department at Washington confirmed that Mr. Steinhardt was recalled, adding, "his presence here at a time when the American mission to Moscow is reporting will be of great value to the President." No comment was given as to the nature of Mr. Steinhardt's consultations with the President.—United Press.

*U.S. Army Fears War Spread

(Continued from page 1)

The War Department, meanwhile, urged that the hearings be held in executive session due to the nature of testimony.

The Senate Insular Affairs Committee postponed hearings until the afternoon and the House committee held its session in the morning. With Representative Wilburn Cartwright, Democrat of Oklahoma, acting as chairman.

Funds for Mobilization

A letter was read by Colonel Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of War, saying that the funds were needed to carry out Philippine Army mobilization, which President Roosevelt has ordered.

Sr. Joaquim Elizalde, Philippines Resident Commissioner in Washington, in his first appearance before the committee since being named a member of the Commonwealth Cabinet, said that the proposed legislation is substantially the same nature as contained in President Manuel Quezon's statement to the Assembly last January.

Necessity for Defence

"When the people of the world should be dedicated to improvement of human conditions in the pursuit of happiness, every function of Government must now be subject to the primary necessity of arming for defence," said Sr. Elizalde.

"The Philippines Government already has earmarked these funds for a long range plan of economic adjustment, but in these times of stress our national security, naturally, is the greatest concern and the first thing must come first," he said.—United Press.

Chinese Lead Merchant Killed in Settlement

A Chinese lead merchant, Wong Han-cheng, was shot and killed by an unknown gunman at 6.25 p.m. yesterday evening on Sinza Road near Changsha Road. Taken to the Paulun Hospital five minutes later, he was pronounced dead upon arrival.

Although no motive could be learned for the murder yesterday, a personal grudge was believed the reason. The dead Chinese merchant was the owner of a lead shop located at 150 Sinza Road. Police officers continued to investigate the case late last night.

Only one shot was fired, the assassin shooting through the shop's open doorway straight at the Chinese merchant. Before an alarm could be raised, however, the gunman fled through the crowded section of Sinza Road and dissapeared in the crowd. Detective-Inspector J. W. Sandbrook, is in charge of the investigations.

Magruder Mission to Give All Aid to China

Singapore, Oct. 7.

The Magruder Mission will do anything to help China short of actually fighting the Japanese, Mr. Edgar Ansel Mowrer, well-known foreign correspondent who crossed the Pacific with Brigadier-General John Magruder and his military mission to Chungking, told Reuter today.

"It will advise on the use of communications and supplies," he added, "instruct the Chinese in the use of artillery and aeroplanes, and also probably suggest how the numerous American fighter planes and American volunteer pilots may best be employed. The mission may be increased to any size needful for the job in hand as the job develops."

Mr. Mowrer is passing through Singapore en route to Cairo.—Reuter.

French Stopped R.A.F. Raid On Italy in June 1940

London, Oct. 7.

HOW the French prevented British Wellington bombers from taking off from a French aerodrome to attack Italy on June 10, 1940, is described in a "Bomber Command" official Air Ministry history now published.

"At the outside of the offensive against France," the book says, "the Comite de Guerre ruled that, because casualties might be caused to the civilian population, bombing attacks on enemy concentrations in Germany were not to be made unless the Germans launched them on the Allies."

When Italy's entry into the war seemed inevitable, Wellingtons were based at Salon aerodrome, not far from Marseilles, and on June 10 the commander was ordered to raid Milan.

Protest Disregarded

The commander of the zone des operations aériennes des Alpes forbade execution of the order received from British air headquarters, maintaining that it was against the wishes of the French Government. The argument continued until late at night, but the British commanding officer disregarded the protest of the French authorities and continued preparations for the raid.

About half an hour after midnight the Wellingtons were taxiing into position for a take-off when a number of French military lorries were suddenly driven onto the aerodrome and so dispersed as to make any take-off impossible.

Return to England

The French officer in charge of the lorries told the British commander that he had been instructed at all costs to prevent the British bombers from taking to the air. To avoid an open clash the raid was cancelled, and most of the Wellingtons returned to England the next day.

While they were still in the air the French authorities called to express regrets at having been compelled to intervene and prevent the operation. The raid took place later, the target being Genoa, and was the last to take place from French soil.

The book also reveals that there was not complete agreement on the dispositions of bombing forces in France and the uses to which they were to be put. The decision of the Comite de Guerre limited possible objectives to enemy columns on the march. It was pointed out to General Gamelin that such targets were quite unsuitable for British heavy bombers, but he remained unconvinced.

Gamelin's Delay

When the German attack opened in force on May 10, General Gamelin still refused to allow objectives in Germany or German troops on the move in Germany to be bombed, and it was not until that afternoon that the British advanced air striking force bombed German columns advancing through Luxembourg, and not until the next day that enemy troops and lines of communication were attacked by British medium and heavy bombers.

It was under these circumstances that the heroic efforts of the British bomber force began to delay and weaken the advance of German mechanized forces in spite of heavy casualties—operations in which two Victoria Crosses were won and in which during one battle alone 35 British aircraft out of 67 taking part were sacrificed.

"The bravery displayed was rendered of little account," says the book. "Bridges were broken: so were the French."

Italian Moral

The book throws vivid light on the effect of the bombing on Italian moral. The first time Turin was attacked the population rushed for the scanty ill-constructed shelters only to find them packed with the crews of anti-aircraft guns and searchlights appointed to defend them. A number of Italian officers were later shot for cowardice.

There was real panic in Genoa after R.A.F. visits. The poorer people flew daily, raid or no raid, at four in the afternoon to tunnels, where they remained until the following morning.

The richer citizens of Genoa and other towns had to be prevented by the police from using their cars during raids, for they fled in such numbers as to cause serious congestion on roads.

"We can look with confidence to the prospect before us, the book continues, "to the Stirlings, Halifaxes, Manchesters, fortresses and the rest, of which there are great expectations. These aircraft are to deliver that overwhelming onslaught which will bring the enemy to his knees, then lay him prostrate in the dust of his own ruined cities. Our attack will go on, fierce because relentless, deadly because sure."—Reuter.

548 New Arrests In Czechoslovakia

London, Oct. 7.

The Moscow Radio yesterday said that 548 new arrests have been made in Czechoslovakia on charges of sabotage of munitions factories and destruction of food stocks.

Germans now are hanging victims instead of shooting them, the radio also said.

The London radio, meanwhile, said that Herr Reinhard Heydrich, Reich Protector of Bohemia and Morovia, had ordered the execution of 13 more officers of the former Czech army.

A Tass despatch from Geneva said that Czech students had made an attempt on the life of Gestapo Commissioner Frank in Czechoslovakia and that in reprisal the Germans confined many students to Pankrac prison and killed several score.—United Press.

More to Die in Prague

London, Oct. 7.

Vichy radio was heard here today to announce that 27 more persons were condemned to death in Prague by a special court which accused these persons of high treason and illegal possession of arms.—United Press.

Five Executed at Bruenn

Berlin, Oct. 7.

A D.N.B. despatch from Prague yesterday said that five persons were executed at Bruenn by a firing squad for activities inimical to authorities.—United Press.

Attempt on Nazi Commissioner

Moscow, Oct. 7.

A group of Czech students made an attempt on the life of Dr. Frank, Gestapo Commissioner in the Nazi "Protectorate" yesterday, according to a report quoted by the Geneva correspondent of the Tass Agency.

Savage reprisals are said to have been taken by the Nazis on students already in prison, many of whom were killed.

Meanwhile, five more people have been condemned to death by a court-martial at Brno, Czechoslovakia, for "plotting high treason and illicit and deliberate possession of arms," according to a Prague telegram to the German news agency.

The sentences were carried out on Monday, the message adds.—Reuter.

Vast Espionage Plot

Berlin, Oct. 7.

Press despatches from Prague here yesterday said a vast espionage, terrorist and propaganda plot had been uncovered in which hundreds of the most prominent former Czechoslovakians were active.

The newspaper "Der Nue Tag" reproduced from the Czech press the first detail account of a trial revealing a dramatic duel on the witness stand between General Alois Elias, Premier of Bohemia and Moravia, and Dr. Klapka, Mayor of Prague.

Dr. Klapka charged that Gen. Elias had persuaded him to carry on illegal anti-German activities, said the newspaper and Gen. Elias stoutly denied it.

"Dr. Klapka, however, persisted," said the newspaper. "For a time the two men stood confronting each other, glaring with hatred as two deadly enemies. Thanks to the calm, objective direction of the court president, a still likelier scene did not result, said the newspaper.

Both Gen. Elias and Dr. Klapka subsequently were sentenced to death and Dr. Klapka was reported already to have been executed.

Competent German sources, meanwhile, described strong measures being taken to suppress a Serbian revolt. Thus far, it was said, the revolt largely had been quelled.

They said the Chetniks had made prisoner entire populations of some villages and were holding them as hostages. The sources denied that any Germans were held as hostages.—United Press.

Guerillas Active in Yugoslavia

Moscow, Oct. 7.

An official communique here yesterday said that the "guerilla movement in Yugoslavia is growing daily."

The communique said several days ago at Petrovici several hand grenades were thrown at a bus carrying soldiers and officers, several of whom were wounded.

"A curfew was imposed in Zagreb and no one was allowed on the street after dark," said the communique, "nevertheless two German pilots were killed the night of Sept. 30."—United Press.

Hongkong Bishop to Talk On China Relief in U.S.

New York, Oct. 7.

The Right Rev. Ronald Owen Hall, Anglican Bishop of Hongkong and chairman of the International Committee for Chinese Industrial Cooperatives, arrived here yesterday.

He will co-operate with the various Chinese relief organizations in the United States which he will tour. He will also lecture at the Cambridge Episcopal School at Boston, Mass.

Bishop Hall has been rallying aid for China's 2,000 co-operative work units in eighteen interior provinces.

With Mr. Daniel Arnstein, head of the United States Burma Road commission which recently visited China, he will address this afternoon executives of 91 branches of industry and professions in the interest of the US$5,000,000 United China Relief campaign.

Bishop Hall and Mr. Arnstein will address the American executives at the Biltmore Hotel.—United Press.

Execution of Former Premier Postponed

Berlin, Oct. 7.

General Alois Elias, former Premier of the Reich Protectorate of Bohemia and Moravia, has not been executed because his testimony is needed in other cases, the official D.N.B. news agency announced from Prague today. Gen. Elias was sentenced to death by a German court martial because of treason.—United Press.

Windsors Due in Baltimore Oct. 11

Washington, Oct. 7.

The British press service here yesterday said that the Duke and Duchess of Windsor would arrive in Baltimore on October 11 from their ranch in Canada. They will spend six days in Baltimore, former home of the Duchess, then one day in Washington and six days in New York.

They will later visit the Tuskegee institute in Alabama and then leave for Miami and the Bahamas, said the press service.—United Press.

Wood Praises Sacrifices of British People

London, Oct. 7.

Sir Kingsley Wood, Chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking at a luncheon yesterday to celebrate the raising of £1,000,000,000 by small savers since November, 1939, said this figure represented more than £20 per head for the total population of the United Kingdom.

He called this achievement, which compared with a total of £274,000,000, or £6-4-0 per head from 1916 to 1919 "a rich harvest of a great multitude of acts of sacrifice by the multitude of our people."

That harvest, like the great harvest of munitions being garnered from factories, was indeed an amazing tribute to the power of an ideal and faith to move a nation. There was still a great field to be covered, and the First Lord of the Admiralty and he would watch with special personal interest the new autumn campaign of "Warship Weeks."—Reuter.

Battle of Survival Won, Say Halifax

New York, Oct. 7.

"We must strain every nerve to pass as quickly as we can from the defensive to the offensive that is required to win the war," said Viscount Halifax, the British Ambassador, speaking here last night at a dinner given in his honour by the National Republic Club.

"I believe that we have won the battle of survival which opened with the collapse of France. Now we are in the battle for victory. We can never finish the job as we mean to finish it unless we can make our strength more nearly match our needs."

Lord Halifax declared that the dominant aim of the United States and Britain was production, more production, and still more production. Extension of the war to Russia brought new problems.

"You cannot expect an engine built for a certain load suddenly to pull a load weighing two or three times as much. We must put out every ounce of energy, power and endurance we have got."

Lord Halifax said that the day before he left England he walked through Plymouth; the market was ruined but still working, and the workers "were still smiling."—Reuter.

Curtin Expected to Make Announcement

Canberra, Oct. 7.

Mr. John Curtin's Labour Cabinet was sworn in by Lord Gowrie, Governor-General of Australia, at eleven o'clock this morning.

An important pronouncement on war policy is expected to be made by the new Australian Prime Minister, Mr. John Curtin, tonight, when he makes his first public appearance as Premier to launch the £1,000,000,000 loan.—Reuter.

More Indian Congress Members Released

Bombay, Oct. 7.

With the release of the former Premier of Madras, Raja Gopalechari, from gaol this morning it is learned that practically all the leading members of the Congress Working Committee except Abul Kalamazad, President of the Congress, and Jawaharlal Nehru, are now out of gaol.

Although the Congress Working Committee will not meet formally so long as the president is in gaol, it is expected that prominent leaders will shortly meet Gandhi at Wardha to have a formal discussion with him regarding the present situation in the country, and in order to review the Congress programme of civil disobedience.

While it is unlikely that there will be any immediate revision of the Congress programme, certain members of the Congress party are said to be urging a revision and a return to offices in the provinces.—Reuter.

More Price Control Legislation Introduced

Washington, Oct. 7.

Representative Albert Gore, Democrat of Texas, yesterday prepared to introduce price control legislation which would freeze wages, rents and prices. The bill would be a substitute for the Administrations "weak-kneed piece-meal legislation," he said.

Representative Gore said he would use the week of October 6 as a base on which prices would be frozen. He said drastic requirements were necessary due to "the threat of developing runaway inflation."—United Press.

No Confirmation of Naval Engagement

Rio de Janiero, Oct. 7.

No official confirmation was available here yesterday of travellers reports that a naval battle occurred between two unidentified vessels off the city of Maragogy, between Pernambuco and Maceio, in the same general area where the I. C. White sank recently.—United Press.

Canadian Bacon For Britain

London, Oct. 7.

Canada has undertaken to supply 600,000,000 pounds of bacon in addition to other pork products to Britain in the next 12 months, in order that the contract may be fulfilled, Canadians are being asked to continue the self-denial they practised during the past summer by cutting their own consumption by at least 50 per cent.—Reuter.

Jerusalem Scene of Near East Conference

Jerusalem, Oct. 7.

The United Kingdom commercial corporation conference, which has been held at Jerusalem under the presidency of Lord Carlisle, concluded yesterday.

Delegates from Turkey, Syria, Iraq, Palestine, and Egypt described their discussions, connected with problems of transport and supply between their countries, as an unqualified success.—Reuter.

Chinese Admit Evacuation Of Yungtseh in Honan

Chungking, Oct. 7.

THE evacuation by Chinese troops of the town of Yungtseh, about 15 kilometres north north-west of Chengchow, was announced today in a Chinese despatch from Loyang.

Though fighting continues to the south of Yungtseh, and also at points to the south-east of Chengchow, it is believed that the situation in this sector is being stabilized.

Likewise, the second battle of Changsha appears to be drawing to a close, although Chinese telegrams from Changsha continue to describe losses inflicted upon the Japanese troops to the north of the Mi River by pursuing Chinese units.

Parachutists Wiped Out

One report says that the Japanese dropped parachute troops near Hsiangying in an endeavour to aid the body of Japanese soldiers surrounded by the Chinese. However, the parachutists, whose number was small, were wiped out almost immediately after landing, while the trapped Japanese unit is being "rapidly liquidated."

Another report claims that the Japanese are fleeing down the Mi River by boat and have suffered heavily as many of the boats were sunk by Chinese gunfire.

Isolated Japanese units on the south side of the Mi have been completely mopped up, still another message declares.—Reuter.

Press Party at Hunan Front

From the North Hunan Front Oct. 7.

Intensive Japanese aerial activity greeted the arrival yesterday on the Hunan front of the party of foreign correspondents from Chungking.

Aside from the bombing of the Canton-Hankow Railway between Hengyang and Changsha and other points in the Changsha area, Japanese aircraft reconnoitred the area all day long.

On Sunday nine Japanese aircraft bombed a point on the railway to the north of Hengyang, while on Monday over 20 aircraft cruised over Nanyo, to the south of Changsha, where Mengshan (one of China's five sacred mountains) is located.

The party spent only two hours in Kweilin, capital of Kwangsi province, leaving almost immediately for the Hunan front after landing in Kweilin in a specially-chartered Douglas airliner.

Kweilin, where the streets are full of people and the shops filled with goods is probably one of the most prosperous cities in China's south-west.

Transportation Improved

On the other hand, Hengyang presented a totally different picture. Due to the frequent Japanese raids the populace leave the town early in the morning for shelter in the countryside, only returning to the city late in the afternoon, all shops open only in the evening.

Improvement in the Chinese army transportation organization was clearly evident as the party was en route to the front. Few soldiers were seen in the cities, while wounded soldiers were quickly attended to and transported to base hospitals.

Meanwhile, due to the Chinese systematic destruction of communications to the south of Changsha in anticipation of the Japanese southward advance, some time must elapse before normal traffic facilities are restored on waterways and highways.—Reuter.

Japanese Warning

Japanese forces in Hunan Province now concentrated between the Sintsiang and Mi Rivers were ready to strike in any direction should Chungking forces attempt to take the offensive, it was announced yesterday afternoon by Lieut.-Col. Kunio Akiyama, Japanese Army spokesman, during the regular foreign press conference.

The spokesman flatly denied Chungking claims that a large Japanese force was crushed east of Changsha after the Japanese evacuation of the Hunan capital, pointing out that during the whole course of the Japanese withdrawal, between 60 to 80 kilometres separated the rearguard of the Japanese forces and the vanguard of the Chungking troops, in other words, between 36 to 48 hours.

The withdrawing Japanese forces did not contact Chungking troops a single time during the evacuation, except for brief skirmishes in which the Japanese cleaned up remnants left behind during the crushing Japanese advance on Changsha.

Ridiculing repeated Chungking claims of a victory, Colonel Akiyama declared, "It seems Chungking is planning fighting and winning victories on paper, and they have been using clever tactics.

"Had Chungking actually used these tactics, the Japanese forces would have had a good fight on their hands. Paper victories are no good after Japanese forces have struck and withdrawn," the spokesman declared.

Colonel Akiyama pointed out that the Japanese forces were the first troops to reduce Changsha by force.

Regarding the situation in Chengchow, in north Honan, the spokesman declared the Japanese forces were constructing defence works there.

Single Enemy Plane Over Britain

London, Oct. 7.

"During the early part of the night an enemy aircraft dropped bombs at a point in south-west England," says an Air Ministry communique issued this morning. "These caused neither casualty nor damage."—Reuter.

A Picture Of Health!

A bright, smiling face and plump, rosy cheeks denote a child's healthy progress. If your little son or daughter is thin and pale it is most likely due to some derangement in the digestive organs which a dose or two of Baby's Own Tablets will correct.

Baby's Own Tablets are pleasant in taste so children like them, which makes them easy to give, and being in tablet form accuracy of dosage is assured. They are mildly laxative and are a specific for all the minor health troubles to which babies and little children are subject, constipation, upset stomach, 'wind', diarrhoea, colds, croup, simple fever, teething troubles and worms. Sold by all chemists.

Baby's Own Tablets

Keep Children Well

—Opening Shortly—

Shanghai's Newest and Most Up-to-date Picture Palace

The MAJESTIC

THEATRE BEAUTIFUL

Dedicated to Outstanding Screen Plays, Presented Amid Sumptuous Surroundings

66 Gordon Road Telephone 61116

NOW READY

"ORIENTAL AFFAIRS"

OCTOBER ISSUE

Edited by H.G.W. Woodhead, C.B.E.

Striking Articles include:

"JAPANESE OR ENGLISH?"

"BRITISH RAILWAY INTERESTS IN CHINA."

"AUTUMN IN JAPAN."

"COMMUNISTS LOSE GROUND"

"Mr. DUFF COOPER'S MISSION"

And there are the usual Far Eastern Letters and Book Review.

Price $3 per copy.

Of all Booksellers and Newsagents, or from

THE PUBLISHERS

19 Avenue Edward VII Telephone 84080

Fingerprint Experts Testify In Titlebaum Case

MR. Eric Shekury yesterday gave evidence in the United States Court for China, Special Judge Nelsen E. Lurton presiding, that he had supplied his fingerprints to Sam Titlebaum upon the presumption that he would be considered a candidate for the position of U.S. Deputy Marshal. In all, Mr. Shekury had his fingerprints taken twice and had also given Titlebaum his photograph.

The evidence was given following the opening of the case against Sam Titlebaum, former U.S. Deputy Marshal, charged on three counts of having concealed his true identity. A whole morning and the greater part of yesterday afternoon were spent in the cross-examination of six witnesses and the submission of 22 exhibits by Mr. Leighton Shields, District Attorney. The case was adjourned to tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Stating that he had met Titlebaum shortly after his arrival in Shanghai from America, Mr. Shekury, described as a man without nationality, declared that he had been extremely friendly with the accused during his entire residence here. In the early part of January, Titlebaum was said to have told Mr. Shekury that there was a possibility of his being appointed U.S. Deputy Marshal, a position vacated by Mr. Arthur Peterson.

Fingerprints Required

"Titlebaum told me," Mr. Shekury said, "that I would have to submit my fingerprints in order to have my record checked before I would be recognized as a candidate for the position." The witness went on to describe how he had gone to Titlebaum's room in the Palace Hotel where he had his fingerprints taken by the accused, who had been equipped with a full set of fingerprint equipment.

Altogether Mr. Shekury was fingerprinted twice by Titlebaum, it was stated. The accused had taken the second set of fingerprints following his statement to Mr. Shekury that the first set was not clear enough. "Later he told me that I would not be able to receive the position of Deputy Marshal," Mr. Shekury concluded.

Evidence in the shape of exhibits including numerous letters and telegrams sent to and from the U.S. Court for China and the Department of Justice in Washington, was submitted by Mr. Leighton Shields, prosecuting attorney for the U.S. Government. According to the District Attorney, Titlebaum had sent Mr. Shekury's fingerprints to Washington in order to be approved for the position as U.S. Deputy Marshal.

Captain W. H. Wilterdink, appointed by the court to defend Titlebaum, repeatedly cross-examined several officers connected with the S.M.P. Fingerprint Bureau in an attempt to prove that Mr. Shekury could not have known the difference in the fingerprints submitted to him for recognition. The witness had previously told the court that he recognized his own fingerprints on one of the exhibits presented by Mr. Shields.

Crighton Gives Evidence

Mrs. Ella Jenkins, called to the witness chair, told the court that she had shown Titlebaum the office routine. Next called upon, Mr. J. G. Crighton, Detective-Inspector of the S.M.P., declared that he had arrested Titlebaum in Mr. Shields' office. Before taking the accused to Headquarters for fingerprinting, he had seen him destroy some documents in the Marshal's office and attempt to remove his personal identification papers from a file.

"This attempt was stopped by Mrs. Jenkins who told Titlebaum that he could not touch any papers," Mr. Crighton declared. Taken to the S.M.P., Titlebaum had been fingerprinted and when asked whether he had any scars on his body, had replied in the negative. "Titlebaum did not reply when I asked whether it was true that he had gun-shot wounds on him, a statement he had made to me previously," Mr. Crighton said. The police officer was then asked to take his seat.

Next to be cross-examined were—Messrs. Y. T. Koo and Detective-Sergeant S. S. Knowles, respectively. The Chinese witness, employed as a boy in the court, stated that he had posted an air-mail letter to Washington on the request of Titlebaum. The letter was addressed to the Hon. T. D. Quinn, Department of Justice, Washington, the witness said.

Mr. Knowles, a member of the S.M.P. fingerprint bureau for the past five years, declared that he had taken Titlebaum's fingerprints following his arrest.

"The accused told me that he had no scars on his body when I asked him. Later he refuted this statement after I saw him limping to the washroom to wash his hands," the police officer added.

Mr. Richardson's Attempts

Last witness was Mr. C. M. Mason, for twelve years a member of the S.M.P. Fingerprint Bureau. Given Mr. Shekury's fingerprints to identify, Mr. Mason told the court that they were distinctly those of another man as compared to the ones of Titlebaum taken following his arrest. No further witnesses were called and following a recess of ten minutes, Special Judge Nelson E. Lurton adjourned the case until at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

The entire morning session was featured by the submission of the 22 exhibits to Mr. Lurton by Mr. Shields. The exhibits, which included numerous telegrams and letters from and to the Department of Justice in Washington and the U.S. Court, were read out to the court by Mr. Shields and Mrs. Jenkins.

It was also declared by the District Attorney that Mr. Charles Richardson Jr., U.S. Marshal now on leave in the United States, had been a close friend of Titlebaum. Mr. Richardson, the District Attorney pointed out had repeatedly telegraphed Washington to approve the accused as Deputy Marshal. He had even put Titlebaum into office without any investigation being completed in Washington, Mr. Shields said.

Number of Strikes Increase Here

No less than twenty commercial concerns in the city are at present hit by labour disputes, although the actual number of strikers is only in the vacinity of 500. Shortage of gasoline is responsible for the strike of twenty chauffeurs of three Chinese garages, which were forced to cease operating on October 5, when the drivers struck in protest against the proposed dismissal of some of the employees and the managements' decision to take some vehicles off their run.

The three garages are the In Tah Garage at 188 Hoopeh Road, the Carter Garage at 732 Burkill Road, and the Chung Woo Garage at 556 Burkill Road. The chauffeurs were still on strike yesterday.

With the return to work of some 300 members of Mollers' Ltd. floating staff on October 4, the number of strikers in the city decreased to the present figure, with more expected to resume in the near future. The employees of Mollers' Ltd. resumed unconditionally.

Brockade Workers Return

Ten employees out of 209 now on strike at Peter's Brockade Weaving Factory, at 809 Hart Road, returned unconditionally. Operations at the factory are being carried out with a female staff and the ten returned workers. It was also learned yesterday that fifteen workers of the Foh Shing Tailor Shop in Szechuen Road resumed on Monday. Fourteen tailors are still on strike.

The situation at the Dah Pank Silk Weaving Factory, at 1001 Ferry Road, took a turn for the better yesterday morning when fifteen workers out of the 24 on strike returned to work. The rest are expected to follow suit.

About 100 regular employees of Watson's Mineral Water Co., at 613 Avenue Haig and 343 Kiaochow Road, resumed work yesterday morning pending negotiations with the management. The workers, including a number of casual employees, struck on Saturday afternoon after presenting the management with a demand for better working conditions. It was believed yesterday that the casual workers would be dismissed.

A weaving factory at 567/10 North Shanse Road, employing 24 workers, was forced to close down temporarily on October 6, when the workers declared a strike in order to enforce their demand for the reinstatement of three dismissed employees. They were still on strike yesterday.

Three Laundries Hit

Some Shanghailanders will have to go without clean linen for a few days at least, since three laundries are hit by strikes. These are at 1839 Avenue Joffre, 888 Connaught Road and 324/17 Haiphong Road. The workers, numbering about forty, went on strike two days ago after presenting their employers with demands for an increase in wages.

Nine printing establishments in the International Settlement, employing 135 workers, have been hit by a strike. The trouble started on October 2, when three men were arrested for intimidating the employees of a printing shop in Shantung Road. A number of strikers was arrested by police in the past few days, and twelve were yesterday charged at the First Special District Court with malicious damage to property and intimidation. It was learned that twenty striking printers had since resumed work in their shops.

Chinese Smugglers Shot At by Japanese Sentry

Several shots were fired by a sentry of the Japanese Naval Landing Party, on duty on the other side of the Soochow Creek near Ferry Road, at about 3.30 a.m. yesterday when he espied a group of male Chinese endeavouring to smuggle merchandise in a sampan into the Japanese controlled area. It could not be ascertained whether any of the men were hurt.

Meanwhile, the Japanese authorities were yesterday taking additional measures against repetition of terrorist outbursts in Hongkew. New barbed wire barricades were being erected by the Japanese Naval Landing Party on North Kiangse Road, while the gates of the barriers at the intersection of Haining and North Kiangse Roads and at the corner of Range and North Kiangse Roads were completely closed to all traffic pending completion of the new barricades.

The search for the killer of the Japanese sentry who was shot at the barrier at the intersection of Haining and North Kiangse Roads on Monday evening was being continued yesterday. The victim, it may be recalled, died before reaching hospital. The Chinese pedestrian wounded in the chest was being detained at the Shanghai Sanitarium Clinic, where he was conveyed in an emergency ambulance.

Positive evidence in the hands of the local Japanese naval authorities show that the murder of the sentry yesterday at the intersection of Haining and North Kiangse Road was the work of political terrorists, according to a statement made by Capt. Shoichi Kamada, naval spokesman at the Japanese Press Conference held yesterday. Capt. Kamada said that this statement was necessary in view of the reports appearing in yesterday's press stating that the sentry was killed by armed robbers.

British Boat Runs Aground Here

The ss. Pakhoi of the B. and S. which came into port on Saturday after running aground outside Woosung and is now docked alongside Holt's Wharf may go into dry dock for repairs, it was learned yesterday.

The vessel came from South China and did not sustain very serious damage after running aground. She was brought safely into port as a result of prompt action on the part of her skipper.

Cotton Yarn Hoarders Find Stocks Useless

Cotton yarn sold to outport merchants by hoarders in Shanghai who have been making a big profit by prolonging the storage of their goods in godowns here is no longer suitable for use on looms and therefore buyers are clamouring for the return of their money or other methods of compensation. Buyers in Shanghai are reported by the "Shun Pao" to have suffered the same fate, and they, too, are negotiating so that the losses they sustained may be made good.

It is alleged that the deterioration of the cotton yarn is a direct result of the hoarding indulged in by speculators in Shanghai. Merchants in the South Sea Islands and Hongkong bought yarn recently and shipped it to its specified destinations. After the arrival of the shipments, the buyers discovered that the goods they had bought could not be used. They have sustained tremendous losses and telegraphed their complaints to exporters in Shanghai.

Many of them demanded that the goods they had bought be returned to the sellers. It is said that exporters of the cargo can hardly shoulder the responsibility since the goods they exported had been kept for a long time in godowns here by hoarders. The buyers have not obtained a satisfactory answer and have therefore asked officials of the Chambers of Commerce in their respective districts to negotiate with the cotton mills directly.

Favoured by Speculators

It is interesting to note here that cotton has been one of the chief commodities favoured by speculators in Shanghai. Prices of cotton have jumped up and dropped suddenly sometimes simply because of rumours. Rumours of peace may cause prices to drop, but during the past few days an upward trend has been followed. The price of "Double Horse" cotton yarn has broken many previous records. Millions of dollars are involved. There have been winners and losers in the game and their activities are blamed by the Chinese press to have affected prices of cloth.

It cannot be ascertained whether manufacturers have done anything to improve the situation but in some other trades manufacturers have taken steps to prevent hoarding so as to improve the sale of their products. The Union Brewery some time ago advertised in the Chinese press asking customers to return their empty bottles to their original sellers so as to prevent hoarders from obtaining them. A similar thing is being done by wool manufacturers here and it is reliably learned that as a result of their action prices have dropped to the great advantage of many women providing woollen articles for their children.

Sequel to Murder of Indian Watchman

The alleged master mind behind the murder of an Indian watchman of a Japanese coal godown in Paoshan Road, Chapei, which crime was committed many weeks ago and for which several Chinese have been imprisoned, has been arrested. He is Chang Sen-kwei, who was arrested a few days ago in a Nanking Road hotel by the Pootoo Road police.

Brought before the First Special District Court yesterday, Chang admitted having received $8,400 by selling the iron and coal stolen from the godown by his accomplices but denied that he was in any way involved in the murder in which the Indian watchman was bound, beaten to death and buried. He was remanded in custody and hearing was postponed *sine die* pending further investigations.

He also confessed in court that two other men still at large were involved in the crime. They were Yang Po-ling and Hwa Kan-cheng. He sold the stolen goods to Yang who, in turn, sold them to Hwa to make a profit. Hwa obtained $10,400 from the deal, he alleged.

It will be recalled that the crime was committed in a most daring manner. The desperadoes broke into the godown arriving there in a truck. They committed a robbery and when the Indian raised an alarm they put him to death. His body was later dug out from a piece of vacant ground in Chapei.

Commemoration Stamps On Double Tenth

On October 10, the Post Office will issue specially overprinted commemorative stamps in commemoration of the 30th anniversary of the establishment of the Chinese Republic. The P.O. Philatelic Department will open from 9 a.m. to noon on that day in order to meet collectors' requirement to cancel the first day stamps or covers.

The stamps of ten denominations, i.e., 2-cents, 8-cents, 10-cents, 16-cents, 30-cents and 1-dollar of Dr. Sun Yat-sen stamps, and 1-cent, 4-cents, 21-cents and 28-cents of Martyr stamps.

Stamps in red are overprinted in blue, while stamps in blue are overprinted in red. The sale of these stamps, if quantity allows, will continue until November 9, and the validity of franking on mail matter and parcels cease from January 1.

High Interest Offered In Free China

It is learned that concrete steps have now been taken by Chinese banks established by Szechuenese bankers in Shanghai to encourage people to invest their money in businesses in free China by allowing depositors to obtain an interest as high as 20 per cent. Other Chinese banks here may follow the lead.

The new arrangement allows people in Shanghai to deposit money and use the sum deposited in free China. Thus when a person deposited $880 in a Szechuenese bank in Shanghai yesterday he or his agents in Chungking-controlled areas where branches of the bank are situated might draw out $1,000. The interest will be counted twice in a month.

In order to prevent a flight of capital from free China to occupied areas, the banks charge high interest for the money sent here from Chungking. It is learned that if someone in Chungking-controlled areas wants to send $1,000 to Shanghai, he must pay about $1,140.

Australians Settle Down in Syria

The British and Australian forces in Syria have now settled down on friendly terms with the inhabitants, and have been clearing away traces of the recent fighting. The picture shows Australians looking over the remains of an Axis plane which was shot down by Tomahawks manned by Australian airmen. Many of the planes brought in "tourists" to Iraq.

Another Offers Book Sales to Swell War Fund

An interesting offer has been made by an anonymous donor to help swell the British War Fund. The offer amounts to a potential gift of CN$4,000. The details of this unusual offer are as follows:

A limited edition of a new book of short stories by "Cardyff", the anonymous donor, entitled "Tales for Idle Moments" is just off the press.

The sales allotment for Shanghai is 400 copies only and the local selling price is fixed at $10 per copy. The "Shanghai Times" as publishers have been instructed by the concerned (whose identity it is not permitted to make public) to offer this Shanghai allotment as an outright gift to the British War Efforts Committee.

Fund Accepts

This offer has already been gratefully accepted by the Central British War Fund, Shanghai, and the publication will shortly be offered to the public.

It is the author's idea that ways and means would be promptly found of turning 400 books into a cash contribution of $4,000 by the elimination of distribution cost and by concentrated co-operative sales effort. The British War Efforts Committee will use every means at their disposal in giving publicity to this offer with a view of gaining prompt sales of this excellent publication. No printing cost or any other charges will be deducted from the selling price.

Gangsters Commandeer Car on Peking Road

The motor car of Mr. Thomas W. Chen, partner of K. T. Loh and Co., was commandeered by four gangsters, two of them armed with pistols, on Peking Road at 9.20 a.m. yesterday. The chauffeur was forced to drive the gangsters to Macao Road where he was thrown out.

According to investigations, Mr. Chen had just alighted from the vehicle and the chauffeur was turning the car on Peking Road, near Honan Road, when the four men approached the vehicle and forced the driver to stop. One of them then took the seat next to the chauffeur, while the other three seated themselves in the rear.

Dong Ah-ling, the driver, was then ordered to drive to Macao Road where he was forced out.

At about 11 a.m. yesterday, a Chinese passenger of a No. 5 bus was held up in the vehicle on North Honan Road near Tiendong Road. The crime was committed by four gangsters, one of them armed with a pistol, who escaped from the bus after relieving the man of $1,000 in cash and three bank deposit books.

"La Revue Nationale Chinoise"

Just off the press, the October issue of "La Revue Nationale Chinoise" publishes an original article, specially contributed by the Director of Zikawei Observatory, the Rev. Father L. Dumas, on "Eclipses of the Sun". Much has been written about them, but little has been said of the scientific researches undertaken by astronomers during the very short moments of a total eclipse of the sun, lasting 7 minutes and 40 seconds at the most, while one of 3 to 4 minutes' duration is considered a favourable one for experiments. It is this part of the eclipses which Father Dumas explains in a clear, concise and scientific way.

French Books edited in New-York are reviewed by Ch. N., while an artist, D.L.B., deals in a profusely illustrated review with Mr. Chen Chi's recent water-colour exhibition of an unusual value. The sinologue P. Daudin presents an odd and curious document dating as far back as the 9th Century. It is the "ultimatum" addressed by a Chinese Prefect of the Chao-Chow district to..... crocodiles, ordering them to clear within three days the waters of his district "and to get away from the Emperor's delegate", failing which, after a maximum delay of ten days has elapsed, he will send against them archers with poisoned arrows to eradicate their noxious race".

The optical industry in Shanghai supplied to Mr. Sax-Darnous the material of an interesting study on unknown aspects of Chinese industry, while sundry articles of a great variety complete a well balanced issue.

Decree Nisi Granted By Judge Mossop

A decree nisi was granted by Judge Sir Allan G. Mossop in H.M. Supreme Court yesterday to Mr. Percival Ernest Smith represented by Mr. E. L. Hartopp in his action for a dissolution of his marriage to Mrs. Dorothea Georgina Smith. Mr. Flemying Stevenson Gavin was cited as co-respondent.

England's Primate Appeals for Funds For Russia

London, Oct. 7.

The Archbishop of Canterbury, speaking at a Canterbury diocesan conference, appealed for funds for Russia. He said Britain might well be proud of her new ally.

"Doubtless, when we remember the past, it may seem a strange alliance. There are still some who cannot think of it without some trouble of conscience, for we do not and we cannot condone the cruelties, persecutions and oppression which marked and stained the Russian Revolution. There are, indeed, signs, however, that there has been in recent years a change of spirit in the ruling powers. Some mistakes have been recognised and as far as possible remedied.

Mighty Issues at Stake

"But in view of the mighty issues at stake, we must now think not of the past but of the present and future. We know that one of the most pressing needs of the Russian army and civilians who are fighting with them is the need for medical and surgical supplies. The British Red Cross and the order of the St. John war organisation has now taken the responsibility of trying to meet this pressing need.

"It has issued a special appeal for the purpose—an appeal for £250,000.

"I beg you and all my fellow-countrymen to see here one way in which each of us may come to the aid of our heroic allies and to send a contribution, however small."—Reuter.

B.B.C. Winter Schedule

The B.B.C. winter schedule is now in force, and can be heard well as follows:—

S.D.S.T.	Mc/s.	Metres.
4—7 p.m.	17.81	16.84
8—10 p.m.	17.81	16.84)
	15.14	19.82)
10—12 p.m.	15.14	19.82)
	11.75	25.53)

The news is at 5, 8 and 10 p.m.

The following is a list of the B.B.C. news audible in Shanghai:—

S.D.S.T.	Mc/s.	Metres.
1.00 a.m	11.75	25.53)
	15.31	19.60)
5.45 a.m.	19, 25 and 31 metre bands.	
7.45 a.m.	11.75	25.53)
	9.58	31.32)
3.15 p.m.	17.81	16.84
5.00 p.m.	17.81	16.84
	15.14	19.82
	11.75	25.53
8.00 p.m.	17	16.84
	15.14	19.82
10.00 p.m.	15.14	19.82
	17.81	16.84
	11.75	25.53

A TRAINLOAD of Japanese troops left Shanghai for Hangchow recently, to reinforce their fighting units in East Chekiang areas, according to the "Sin Wan Pao."

BEDBUGS?

Get rid of them by having your furniture and bedding treated in our fumigating chamber. We guarantee a

100% Kill

Pick-up & delivery service

CHINA FUMIGATORS

133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, Room 530 Tel. 19674

Child Welfare Fund Campaign To Be Launched

Elaborate preparation for campaign for funds to be launched for October 10 are being made by the National Child Welfare Association of China.

The goal of the Association's campaign this year is $100,000 to meet a shortage in its working budget. For maintenance and operation of three institutions with not less than 600 suffering children under its care, the Association requires $350,000 for the present year.

To Last Three Weeks

The campaign will be launched for three weeks from October 10 to 30. A silver memorial ring will be given to those who donate $100 or more, and a glass memorial frame will be given to those who donate $1,000 or more.

All donations will be received by the Association's headquarters, Sin Hua Bank, Manufacturers' Bank and Shanghai Commercial Bank.

Gambling Den Operators Sent to Jail

Found guilty of operating a gambling house and of fraud, a Russian named Serge Elralidze was sentenced to five months' imprisonment yesterday in the First Special District Court. His three Chinese accomplices drew three months each. The quartette, it will be recalled, was arrested by officers and men from the anti-gambling squad of the Shanghai Municipal Police a few days ago.

The arrests were made in front of a Portuguese residence in Lane 738, Burkill Road, near Carter Road. They were trying to move out a "magnetic wheel" and other gambling sets from the establishment when the police arrived just in the nick of time. Authoritative quarters then pointed out that they apparently had received information that the police were on their trail. The seized roulette wheel was found to have an electric wire attached to a place underneath the gambling table.

It was revealed in court that the police had known the existence of the gambling house since April but that each time when they wanted to raid the place, the gang fled with the gambling sets.

Bridges Step Nearer To Deportation

Washington, Oct. 7.

The House of Representatives yesterday passed and sent to the Senate a bill ordering the United States Attorney General to deport Mr. Harry Bridges, Pacific Coast labour leader.—United Press.

Less Men to Be Drafted In Next Two Months

Washington, Oct. 7.

The Selective Service Headquarters has announced that 39,000 selectees will be required during November and 19,000 in December as compared with 45,000 and 89,000 induced respectively in September and October.—Reuter.

Land Explains Expanded Ship Building Plans

New York, Oct. 7.

Rear Admiral Emory S. Land, Chairman of the United States Maritime Commission, yesterday explained the enormity and effects of the expanded national shipbuilding programme.

Speaking before the national foreign trade convention he said that "with the passage of the neutrality act, nine of 30 trade routes set up under the commission's original plan became inoperative.

"Those routes were to Continental Europe and the Mediterranean area," Admiral Land said. "On the other hand, others were in full operation and many of them on a greatly expanded basis.

Latin American Service

Sailings by American ships on Latin American routes have been more than doubled due to the additional tonnage and expediting operations of sailings and imports and exports," Admiral Land said.

"On January 1," said Admiral Land, "there were 141 ships totallings 832,673 gross tons in service along coasts of South America, Central America, Mexico and the West Indies.

"On September 1 in the same services, there were 209 ships totalling 1,105,284 gross tons....It is true that there is not sufficient tonnage to meet, in those trades, all our foreign trade requirements and those of our defence programme as well, but that equally is true in all our other trades," he said.—United Press.

King and Queen See New R.A.F. Plane in Action

London, Oct. 7.

A new plane that "climbs like a swallow" was seen in action by the King and Queen during their visit to a Bomber Command station yesterday. Flown by a young Squadron Leader, it shot across the sky, climbed and turned like a swallow and made a mock low-level attack on the Bomber Command station.

The King and Queen stood on the tarmac outside the Officers' Mess with Air Marshal Sir Richard Peirse, Commander-in-Chief of the Bomber Command, and other high staff officers.

Reuter's reporter describes it as an electrifying display. Time after time, he says, the pilot dived to within a few feet of the station building, narrowly missing the roof and roaring over the heads of the Royal party. Later he made a perfect landing.

Canadians, South Africans, Australians and New Zealanders were among the pilots and crews of bombers at the two Bomber Command stations visited by the King and Queen yesterday.

"Tough Job"

"It is a tough job you are doing," the King told a group of fliers at the first station he visited. The squadron-leader replied that they all enjoyed raids.

As he listened to the different accents of the men, the King smilingly remarked: "I hope they can all understand each other." A Canadian sergeant-pilot replied: "Yes, sir. We are all buddies together."

On the walls the King and Queen saw photographs of recent raids, showing bombs falling on Germany.

Their Majesties also inspected the women's auxiliary air force quarters of this station, and the Queen had a long talk with two of their officers about the work the girls are doing.—Reuter.

Cost of Living Soaring in U.S.

Bloomington, Indiana, Oct. 7.

Five leading economists declared here yesterday that the cost of living in the United States will rise from 10 to 20 per cent. in the next year.

They urged the government to increase taxes further to avert serious price inflation and explained that only by higher taxation could the huge budget deficit be reduced.

The economists said that "only by reducing the amount the government is borrowing from banks can the principal influence in the direction of price inflation be checked."

Sources of Inflation

Most of the economists believed that selling government bonds to banks and increasing the purchasing power of the people in the face of a shortage of consumer goods were the underlying sources of inflation, but they whole heartedly endorsed the sale of bonds to the average man whose investment represents his savings, thus reducing his purchasing power.

The economists included Mr. Claude Benner of the Continental Insurance Company and the Brookings Institute; Mr. Arthur Marget, of the University of Minnesota; Mr. Marcus Nadler, of New York University and Mr. C. A. Phillips of the University of Iowa.—United Press.

GOLDEN GRIFFIN MEDICINAL TEA

TIRED AND RUN-DOWN?

No matter what your age you will find immediate refreshing, revitalizing aid in the stimulating tonic powers of

GOLDEN GRIFFIN REJUVENATION TEA

Obtainable in $2 and $4 packages at all chemists.

COKE NUTS

Suitable for Hot Water Boilers and all Heating Installations.

SMOKELESS DOMESTIC FUEL

at C.N.$440 per m. ton

delivered within settlement and Concession Boundaries.

Cash with Order.

SHANGHAI COKE CO.

715 Yu Ya Ching Road

Tels. 92598-91294

CANDROME

TO-DAY

5.30 P.M.

(8 Races)

(Rain or Shine)

Now featuring new music, direct from America

CHARLES ALBERT

and his orchestra

with

MISS TAMARA

BOLERO NIGHT CLUB

Yu Yuen Road near Jessfield Park

Your Health!

THE daily use of Kolynos will guard your health by preventing many infections which start in the mouth. For Kolynos is an antiseptic dental cream which not only cleans teeth better but also destroys many dangerous germs.

Children especially, need this Kolynos health protection and they all love its cool, pleasant taste! That's why it's so easy to start them using Kolynos at an early age.

KOLYNOS

Costs less because you use less ... it's concentrated!

KOLYNOS DENTAL CREAM

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to THE EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI. *To ensure secrecy, mark correspondence "Letters to The Editor."*

S.M. Orchestra:

Junius Secundus Explains

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—May I abuse the hospitality of your columns to say a few words to your various correspondents who wrote on the subject of the "Orchestra." I think the view, that the title of this subject is the "to be or not to be" of the Orchestra, is incorrect. Rather it is a question of providing funds for very necessary hospitalization in the first instance and also reducing, as far as possible, the expenses connected with the schooling of children.

As far as I am concerned, the Orchestra can continue to cater to its limited audiences at the cost of $500,000 per year, if the Council would also provide for the indigent and poor population such hospital accommodation as is absolutely necessary. If this latter cannot be provided because "of the lack of funds," then it is my opinion that the money spent on the Orchestra should be diverted to the needs of the poor, sick and ailing, not to speak of providing suitable relief in the matter of social fees.

I am quite aware that the social problem in Shanghai goes much beyond that which I am trying to impress on the public, but we must go slowly and cannot do everything all at once. Hospitals and schools are, I think, the very foundations of any city and should receive prime consideration. One of your correspondents mentions the case of the destruction of the Majestic Hotel. At that time I, amongst others, protested against the absolutely unnecessary vandalism which robbed Shanghai of practically the only building which it could point at with some degree of pride, but the "who cares?" attitude prevailed here as in other matters which are of vital interest to the city, and for no reason that one could see, the Majestic was levelled to the ground and nothing has since then ever replaced it. I mention this in order to show that far from wishing to destroy, I on the contrary have every understanding for preserving existing institutions so long as they do not exist at the expense of other institutions which are non-existent or inadequate in this great city of ours. I cannot within reason see why the Orchestra is a necessary, when the cry is on all hands plainly audible for more hospitals, more facilities for the poor and sick and cheaper schooling. On the other hand I quite understand that the attitude of the "Who Cares?" and the mutual admiration society has no appreciation for my views.

JUNIUS SECUNDUS.

Shanghai, Oct. 7.

Austrian Refugees:

A German Refugee's View

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I have been reading with great interest the many letters sent to you during the last week by loyal Austrians, who plead to be recognized as Allies of the democracies, in their struggle against Nazi Germany. This correspondence, if I am not mistaken, was started by an Austrian, who protested against Mr. Alexander's reference to "all refugees here being pro-German," in his New Year-message to local refugees.

In his letter, this Austrian gentleman bade the Allies to make a difference between German and Austrian refugees, arguing that all Austrian refugees are still loyal compatriots to their country, which as he said, was the first victim to Nazi aggression. But no referance has ever been made in these columns, to those "German refugees," and I, being one of them, would like to point out where their sympathy lies:—

Before Hitler and his fellow-thugs "took over" in 1933, we, who have since been driven from our homes, were just as loyal Germans as the Austrian refugees were loyal Austrians! Mr. Alexander takes it for granted that we are still Pro-German. Why should we be? After we have been driven from our homes by the same people who used to call us "brothers" and for which many of us gave their lives in the last World war? Surely there can be no sympathy in our hearts for these people! On the contrary. We are so thoroughly disgusted with the behaviour of our former "brethren," that we are just as much as all the other countries who today fight for freedom, sick of everything that is German.

And thus I want to put a question before the local Allied community here:—

Why are we not recognized as Allies? Many of us have tried to volunteer in the British army. Why were we refused? Why are we considered to be in favour of the same nation which treated us cruelly and drove us from our homes?

PUZZLED LIKE THOUSANDS OF OTHERS.

Shanghai Oct. 6.

"German" An Insult

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—As another Austrian refugee, who knows both Austria and Germany, I should like to make just a few remarks.

In so called peace times I was condemned to live several years in Germany, and got well acquainted with the people and got to dislike the majority of them. These people we call *Piefke*. They were heartily disliked by all Austrians even in the First World War, where we old soldiers had the doubtful pleasure to enjoy them thoroughly. To call us "German refugees" we must consider as an insult.

The majority of the Austrian people never wanted to become part of Germany and were overrun only by the German army, which subdued them at once by sheer force. The so called plebiscite was a mere farce and had it been properly managed under neutral control would never have shown a majority for the *Anschluss*.

We have not been sent away by our Austrian people but only by the German authorities, who endowed us unfortunately with a German passport which was "adding insult to injury."

We are and always will be for a "free and independent Austria" and are willing to fight for it.

As far as I know there exists in Shanghai an Austrian Club and I am wondering why the leading men of it don't shown up.

AN OLD AUSTRIAN OFFICER.

Shanghai, Oct. 6.

The Medical Aspect

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Another reply to the Zionist W. ADAR, this time from a medical point of view, may be interesting to your readers.

It is a typical exaggeration to point out that Vienna has owed its fame as the "Mekka of medicine" but to Jewish physicians. Vienna's fame has been existing for centuries and the names of Christian physicians of any branch who acquired world-wide fame are nearly inexhaustible, although outstanding Jewish physicians have greatly contributed to Vienna's fame and I am far from belittling the merits of for instance Neumann or Hajek. But to confirm my opinion, I have to mention only a few names of Christian physicians who, during the last decades, have acquired fame all over the world; for instance Billroth, Gussenbauer, Chiari, Schauta, Chrobak, Chvostek, Pirquet, Hochenegg, Fuchs, Holzknecht, Wagner-Jauregg who got the Nobel-prize, Boehler, Finsterer Wenkebach and Noorden, those last two being not Viennese but having become famous there.

The way how to feel towards Austria is a private affair; but incorrect facts about our home country must not be spread about in the Far East.

AUSTRIAN DOCTOR.

Shanghai, Oct. 5.

Prisoner Exchange:

Delay a German Trick?

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Perhaps I may be lacking in appreciation of the existing military situation and likewise devoid of a true spirit of humanitarianism, but nevertheless I feel impelled to make a few unpleasant remarks on the cessation of British air activity over Germany in consequence of the projected exchange of British and Nazi war prisoners. This exchange has been delayed by the Nazis for some days now and the latest news is that messages of thanks in anticipation are being broadcast from London and Calais. In the meantime the Nazis have commenced a great assault on Moscow, and at this critical moment when the heaviest bombing of railway junctions and convoys should be in progress in the West we find that an interval for tea has been called and the undisturbed transfer of German troops and supplies to the East thereby facilitated.

I am not without sympathy for the relatives of the wounded British prisoners, but I consider that the vigorous prosecution of the war is a much more urgent and vital matter.

Perhaps I may avail myself of this opportunity to condemn the activities of the so-called war commentators who air their views daily from London. Their pessimistic tales of gigantic Nazi panzer movements, plunging offensives and so on are enough to depress anyone, and if their gloomy predictions, which they seem to regard as a daily necessity, had been borne out these past few months, the Red Army would long ago have ceased to exist. Cannot something be done to curb the excesses of these professional armchair critics and harbingers of disaster? Their contribution to victory is precisely nil.

BRITISH EX-SERVICEMAN.

Shanghai, Oct. 7.

Delivery of Mail:

Question and the Answer

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It is rumoured that mail, said to have arrived by an American vessel a few days ago, has not been distributed by the local post office. Would it be too much to request the postal authorities to deny these reports of delay in delivering incoming mails? Nothing can be gained by allowing unfounded reports to spread. An announcement by the post office that all mail is promptly distributed would be re-assuring.

RESIDENT.

Shanghai, Oct. 7.

***Authorities of the Shanghai Post Office emphatically deny the rumour that they have delayed in delivering incoming mails. The latest case is the President Taylor which arrived here on October 1. The ship carried 1,433 bags of mail, and all letters and printed matter destined for Shanghai were duly delivered either on the very night, or the next morning. Censors took nothing away.—ED.

Reckless Driver:

An Appeal for Witnesses

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—I would like to appeal through your columns for a witness to the following incident which took place on Fraser Road at about 12.40 p.m. on Saturday, October 4.

I was proceeding west in my car along Great Western Road, west of the railway, when a car (the number of which has been reported to the Police) passed me at a reckless pace, swerving onto the riding track on the right side of the road. When it caught up the next car some way ahead of me on Fraser Road, it did the same thing, but after swerving into the dust at the right side of the road it crossed in front of the other car and swerved into the dust track on the left side of the road, then regained the middle of the road and sped on. I noticed something rolling in the dust on the left side of the road, and on coming to the spot saw a poor old Chinese countrywoman who had been knocked down. She had an abrasion on the right side of her forehead and seemed to have been hunt also on the right side of her body. She was moaning and crying, and her basket of beans, bottle of sauce and scrap of rice were scattered in the dust.

I have reported the incident to the Police, but would be very grateful if the owner of the car in front of mine which was passed in this reckless and dangerous manner would also communicate either with the Police direct or with me through the Editor of this paper. I did not get his number as I stopped to do what I could to help the old woman.

I have never seen such reckless and callous behaviour, and it would be a shame if the perpetrator of this brutal act should be allowed to get away with it.

INDIGNANT.

Shanghai, Oct. 6

Shanghai's Gasoline:

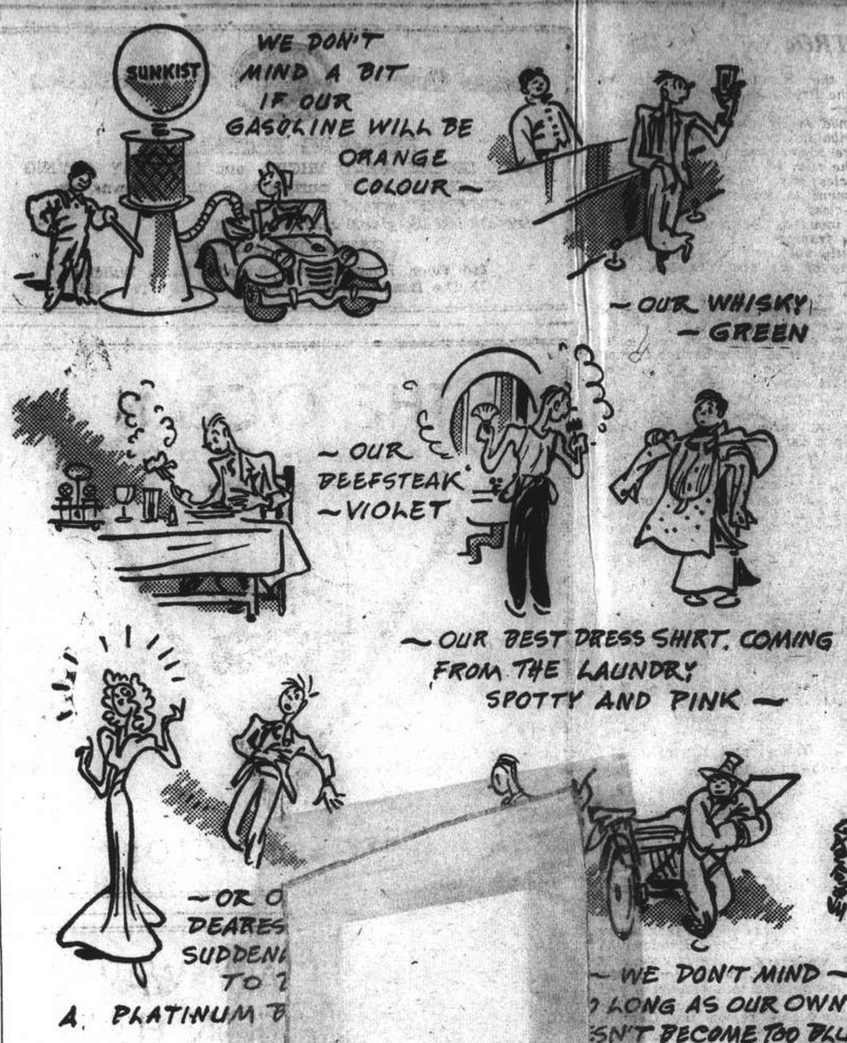
Case for Medical Men

To the Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—It is a very wise move for the local oil companies to restrict their sale of gasoline in order to prevent hoarding, but their methods of restriction, perhaps, call for certain changes. As far as we understand, their present method of petrol ration are based mainly upon report of each cars' monthly consumption from the various stations. These reports are correct as far as those car owners who draw their gasoline or sign chits regularly at certain particular stations; but those who fail to do so are to suffer from the present system of allotment. To the ordinary car owners who fail to get the proper amount of gasoline supply it is only a matter of inconvenience, but to physicians, of whom unfortunately I am one, to go without a car may mean life or death to their patients. A great many prominent physicians are now the victims of the present allotment system. It is for the general well-being of the local community that the oil companies should reform their present system and give special consideration to the physicians in regards to their individual needs of each month.

I. K. W.

Shanghai, Oct. 6.



Parachutist Wins Bet But Loses Anyway

Devils Tower, Wyoming, Oct. 7.

Eight alpinists yesterday began bringing down George Hopkins from the top of an 87-foot monolith on to which he parachuted six days ago to win a bet.

The bet was for US$50 and the stunt also had a publicity angle. Hopkins claimed to be the world champion parachutist on spot-landings. He claimed he could land on the tiny top surface of the monolith. He did, but he couldn't get down.

Ice and snow prevented an earlier rescue. Only 40 men have ever climbed the monolith and then under favourable conditions.

A Goodyear blimp was *en route* here from Akron, Ohio, to participate in the rescue if it was needed.—United Press.

Japan Studying Iran Question

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

Mr. Iichi Kishi, Deputy Spokesman of the Cabinet Information Board, denied today that Japan had taken retaliatory measures for Iran's suspension of diplomatic privileges by the Legation at Teheran.

Mr. Kishi, however, said that "the Iranian Legation in Tokyo may have to consider the possibility action will be taken."—United Press.

S.V.C. Orders

Peace Pouch Ammunition:—Volunteers will not carry Peace Pouch Ammunition except when mobilized, or on precaution, or on "B" Sector Duties. (To be repeated in Unit Orders).

Drill Hall—Tests of elementary training 1941/42:—The Drill Hall will be reserved for the purpose of passing-out recruits in the Tests of Elementary Training (Rifle) according to the following schedule:—

1941. October, November, December.—Every 2nd and 4th Monday.

1942. January, February, March—Every 1st and 3rd Monday.

Officers—Return from leave:—Corps Headquarters—Major C. P. Saveloff returned from leave September 29, 1941; Captain F. J. W. Focken returned from leave September 27, 1941.

Inter-Unit Transfers:—The undermentioned are transferred from "A" Battalion Headquarters to "B" Company with effect from October 1, 1941.

Sgt. E. J. Stembera, Pte. A. Kanturek, Pte. P. Rosauer, Cpl. F. Muller, Pte. V. Kanturek, Pte. V. Saxl, Pte. P. Donath, Pte. H. Klein, Pte. M. Schneider, Pte. O. Dub, Pte. M. Loewy, Pte. H. Schwarz, Pte. E. Frank, Pte. J. Pisk, Pte. J. Soffer, Pte. E. Freiberger, Pte. F. Popper, F. Soyka, Pte. V. Herz, Pte. K. Reitler, Pte. E. Stransky, Pte. J. Fried, Pte. R. Weinstein.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF OCTOBER 8, 1871

Business has been dull in Hankow during the last fortnight. What with Chinese festivals, settling day and unsatisfactory news from up country, there have been few sales of imports; and, with the exception of some 3,200 chests settled for Russia, nearly all tea has been forwarded on to Shanghai, as it has come in. The export to date, according to their figures given in the Customs Returns, exhibits the following increase as compared with 1870.

	lb.
To Great Britain (direct) ...	3,848,179
To Odessa	1,983,900
To Melbourne	208,437
To Shanghai	2,039,760
	lb. excess
Total	8,080,375

The gross export being 53,437,000 lb. against 49,356,000. Messrs. Gordon Bros. "believe that, in spite of some considerable damage done by the floods, the cotton crop is on the whole likely to be a good one."

Pro-Axis Activity Of Japanese Declared Known

Washington, Oct. 7.

Senator Edwin C. Johnson, Democrat of Colorado, yesterday said he had collected "quite a bit of evidence" of subversiveness among Japanese residents of Hawaii and the Pacific Coast during his trip last year to Hawaii.

"Although most Japanese may be legal residents of Hawaii," he said, "they are still committed to carry out the Japanese Government's orders."

Senator Johnson, with Senator Guy M. Gillette, Democrat of Iowa, is the co-sponsor of a resolution, referred to the Senate Foreign Relations committee, recommending appointment and financing of a committee to investigate pro-Axis propaganda organizations in the United States and possessions, especially Japanese organizations.

The Foreign Relations committee was expected to ask the State Department for an opinion on the matter. It was thought the State Department might object on grounds such an investigation would worsen an already delicate situation.—United Press.

U.S. Plane Crashes

San Juan, P.R., Oct. 7.

The Army yesterday announced an observation plane crashed near the coast yesterday during manoeuvres. Two crew members of the plane apparently were not found. The craft was flying very low when one wing struck the water and the plane split in two and sank.—United Press.

FRENCH BROADCASTING STATION

FFZ

193 Avenue Joffre, Shanghai
TELEPHONE 50567

Medium wave: 214m., 1400kc.
Short wave: 34.80m., 12.09mc.

Daily broadcast in four languages

Time table

12.00 Classical music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Assorted music (Request).
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers.
7.50 Semi-classical music. Pelleas and Melisande.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert:

10.45 Broadcast by Dr. Wellington Koo, relayed from B.B.C.
11.00 Late Night Final
11.10 Dance Music
11.40 Moviegoers' News Summary
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese.
(Programme Details and short wave Schedules in Radio Flash)

To-day's Programme

7.30-12.10 Chinese Programme
12.10 Indian Programme
12.30 De Groot and his orchestra
12.45 News in English
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in French
1.30 News in German
1.45 News in Russian
2.00 News in Czechoslovak
2.30 Dance Music for the Connoisseur
3.30 Woman and Home
4.30-7.00 Chinese Programme
7.00 Czechoslovak Programme
7.30 English Lesson—Elementary
8.00 Relay from the B.B.C.
8.30 Request Programme—Tel: 10567
9.00 News in English
9.20 "As I see It." Talk by John Harford
9.30 Ballads of Yesterday (Studio)
9.45 Broadcast by Carol Alcott relayed from KGEI
10.00 "The Fried Egg"—Short story by Hywel Davies
10.15 Hits from the Ziegfield Follies
10.30 Old Tunes by New Bands

WAKE UP YOUR LIVER BILE—

Without Calomel—And You'll Jump out of Bed in the Morning Full of Vim.

The liver should pour out two pounds of liquid bile into your bowels daily. If this bile is not flowing freely, your food doesn't digest. It just decays in the bowels. Wind bloats up your stomach. You get constipated. Your whole system is poisoned and you feel sour, tired and weary and the world looks blue.

Laxatives are only makeshifts. A mere bowel movement doesn't get at the cause. It takes those good old Carter's Little Liver Pills to get those two pounds of bile flowing freely and make you feel "up and up." Harmless, gentle, yet amazing in making bile flow freely.

Ask for CARTER'S Little Liver Pills by name. Stubbornly refuse anything else.

Prestige

TAILORED SUITS AND COATS

Our Speciality

orders taken

5 MAJESTIC ROAD
Corner Bubbling Well Road

ALL HANDS POINT to the CLASSIFIED

Thousands of readers of this newspaper, every year, use our Classified Columns to great advantage. The services it gives are many: use of its space costs little. Want to Buy or Sell? Looking for Employment of Employee? Something Lost or Found? Want to buy or rent Real Estate? USE THE CLASSIFIED: IT PAYS!

PHONE 11055 CLASSIFIED

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS, LTD.

AUCTIONS

L. MOORE & Co., LTD.

Established in Shanghai 1874 *Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinance*

FIRE LOSS ASSESSORS AND AUCTIONEERS

STORAGE TERMS ON APPLICATION *Branch Office:* TOPLIS & HARDING

88 MUSEUM ROAD, SHANGHAI.

IN CARGO SALESROOM

To-day, Wednesday, October 8, 1941, at 2 p.m.

General Merchandise and Sundries

Comprising:—

Large "Howe" Scale, Copying Presses, Hand Knitting Machines, "Klaxon" Horns, "Dunlop" Rubber Tubing, Enamelled Iron Bath Tubs, Enamelled Toilet Seats, Coal Shovels, Accetylene Lamps, C.B. Oil Bound Paste Distemper, Copper Nails, Carpenter's Tools, Safety Pins, Trunk Handles, Old Hinges, "Players" Cigarettes, C & B Jelly, Hair Colour & Restorer & Beautifier, Golden Alloy Dental Plates, Black Chrome Leather, 3-star Castillon Brandy, Old Motor Truck Wheels with Tyres and tubes, Copying Machine, etc., and

1 "Pigson" Magneto-Operated Power Rammer with Carriage,
1 Case Fly Catcher
About 260 Bags of Chinese Rice, Beans, Rice Sweepings, etc., (Damaged)

NOW ON VIEW

In Rear Salesroom—Now On View

On Thursday, October 9, 1941, at 9.30 a.m.

Gent's and Ladies' Clothing, Furniture and Sundries

Noël, Murray & Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated under the Hongkong Ordinances)

AUCTIONEERS AND APPRAISERS

Will sell by Public Auction, under instructions from the concerned

IN OUR SALESROOM (160 CANTON ROAD)

On Thursday, October 9, 1941, at 9.30 a.m.

Superior Household and Office Furniture, "Federal" 8-Tube Radio with Gramophone, "Robust" D. B. 12-Bore Sporting Gun with Cartridges, "Singer" Sewing Machine, Girl's Bicycle, Mantel Mirrors, etc.

At 11 a.m.

84 Sacks "Sperry Superlative" Flour (Damaged)
1 Table with "Workace" Electric Jig Saw, Motor and Accessories,
1 Carpenter Tool Chest, 4 Pieces Woollen Piece Goods

NOW ON VIEW

HUGH MARTIN, *Managing Director.*

Pectoral Cough Balsam

The dependable cough reliever prepared and sold by us for over 60 years, eases the worst cough . . . pleasant to take, does not upset the digestion.

$3.75, $7.25, $13.50 per bottle

Watson's Pharmacies

71 Nanking Road
1175 Bubbling Well Road 965 Avenue Joffre

When Friends drop in

Serve

FLOWER BASKET BRAND

KEEMUN TEA . . .

the drink that pleases all.

Obtainable at All Provision and Department stores

Produced and Packed by

THE CHINA TEA CO., LTD.
Shanghai

M1

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the new columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

THE FIFTH OFFENSIVE

The gigantic operations, of which Hitler spoke last Friday as having commenced some forty-eight hours previously, now appear to be an attempt by the Germans to throw out a pincer movement for the purpose of encircling Moscow, if possible. The plan seems to be to make two determined advances, one, out of the Valdai Hills, 200 miles north-west of Moscow, and, the other, from Roslavl, 213 miles to the south-west of the capital. The distance in a straight line between the two points is approximately 250 miles, and it is upon that front where Marshal Timoshenko has been so successfully counter-attacking his opponents. The Germans appear to be endeavouring to swing round the flanks of the Marshal's main army, which is at present in the vicinity of Smolensk, and to surround it if possible, though there is every reason to believe that, even if they do succeed in pushing their two attacks well home, the Red commander will be able to prevent encirclement by a rapid retreat towards Vyasma, and perhaps even further back to Borodino.

It is reported up to the present that the Russians are succeeding in holding up the German war machine, both sides claiming local successes, but, as this latest battle is not yet a week old, it is probable that several days will have to pass before it will be possible to assess what progress the Germans will have been able to make. That they are all out to obtain a decision before the rigours of winter clamp down on that part of Russia within the next month, or so may be taken for granted, and the report last week to the effect that they were making use of almost their last reserves is a sufficient indication of the desperation with which the German high command is fighting to have some tangible success to announce to their war-wearied people. Meanwhile, with the exception of a powerful German thrust near Poltava, where they are being held, and some fighting outside the peninsula of Perekop, there is comparatively little to report on the rest of the front. The pressure on Leningrad has slackened, according to Moscow. There is no immediate threat of capture, while it is indicated that far from the city being completely invested road and rail communications are still being maintained.

The fact that the Germans are being held at Poltava casts an interesting light on recent German reports of the catastrophic defeat of Marshal Budenny's army, and the execution of its commander. His army has been regrouped, and reinforced with the result that, by an effective counter-offensive, it has been able to hold the left flank of the German armies attacking the Crimea, where also small progress appears to have been made. The conclusion, which Reuter's special correspondent in Moscow draws, to the effect that the situation has considerably improved in the southern sector of the front seems in the circumstances to be fully justified, but it will be as well to remember that many days of severe fighting will have to ensue before it will be possible to estimate exactly what the Germans have been able to achieve by this the fifth great onslaught since the commencement of the invasion. What is clear is that the Russian resistance during the past sixteen weeks has completely upset German plans. There are indications that they had hoped to complete at least the major part of the campaign before winter, and the haste with which they are now trying to mobilize heavy clothing on a vast scale shows that there has been a serious miscalculation.

In that connection the Russian troops will doubtless be fully equipped for fighting in the snows. With vast stocks of winter clothing and equipment suitable for meeting changed conditions which the winter will bring, together with their native ability to endure low temperatures, it may be readily understood that they will be in a position considerably to harass the Germans, who will suffer every inconvenience owing to the length of the lines of their communications and the necessity for fighting guerrilla warfare for which the Russians are peculiarly adapted. In fine the anxieties which were felt during the past few weeks regarding the situation in Russia have not yet entirely passed away, but there is now certainly less reason for pessimism than there was following the fall of Kiev. The enormous resources which the Russians possess in man-power permit of the rapid reformation of their worsted armies, and it is apparent that they have been availed of to reestablish the forces in the south. More hard knocks are still to be expected before the winter blizzards set in but it does not appear at all likely that the Germans will be able to secure a decisive victory from this latest offensive.

THE ORCHESTRA AGAIN

Of all the many attacks which have been made upon the Shanghai Municipal Orchestra, and there have been many during the last twenty years, that which correspondents have made within the last few days is probably the most impressive. The late Dr. W. E. O'Hara, shortly before his death, raised the question of the retention of the orchestra in the light of very definite hospital requirements for the poor, and correspondents to this journal have returned to the charge. It has to be admitted that so long as the destitute are unable to obtain medical and hospital treatment the maintenance of an orchestra, especially in times like these is an unwarranted luxury. If the community as a whole were carrying out its duties to the poor and under-privileged, and were then able to afford the services of a highly capable, professional orchestra there would appear to be little reason why it should not have one. But correspondents contend that that is not the case and that continuance of the services of the Orchestra cannot now be justified.

There is much indeed to support that view. Already there is very considerable distress in Shanghai. It may confidently be expected to increase unless a stop can be put to the ever-rising cost of living. That does not at the moment appear to be likely, and there must be general agreement with the argument that the time has come for a reconsideration of the situation. The contention may be advanced that the half a million dollars, which it is reported the Orchestra is now costing the ratepayers, would not go a very long way towards alleviating the great amount of distress which prevails in Shanghai. With that view there will doubtless be complete agreement, but those arguing in favour of abolition of the orchestra would doubtless retort that conditions being what they are, and suffering being so widespread, there cannot be the slightest justification for continuing to maintain a luxury which gives a certain amount of enjoyment to a very small proportion of the people who live in Shanghai.

The plea has not been revived yet, but it is a very common one, that if the Orchestra were abolished Shanghai would lose the only vestige of culture left to it. The realists, and those who fully comprehend the ugliness of the present situation, will reply that culture does nothing to fill empty bellies, and of those there are daily thousands in the streets of Shanghai. When it is reported that last month over 2,800 dead bodies, of which more than 2,000 were children were picked up in the streets of this city only the slightest indication of the prevalent misery is given. Incidentally it might be pointed out that the seating accommodation of the Lyceum Theatre, amounting to about 720 places, is such that if it were full at every performance for a month the total attendance would be very few more than the destitute dead picked up during September. Weigh those two facts together and it becomes apparent that those who desire the abolition, or at the least temporary suspension of the orchestra have very much of a case in their favour, especially as the number of dead to be picked up may be expected to increase during the winter.

How those favouring abolition can best bring their case before the Provisional Council is a matter which needs consideration. That body has had delegated to it all the powers vested in the ratepayers in annual meeting assembled, and they are under no obligation whatever to call such a meeting. In the circumstances the supporters of the Orchestra are rather more firmly entrenched than they have ever been before, and it is possible that only by an overwhelming demonstration of public opinion, favouring the abolition of the orchestra, and the diversion of the money so saved towards the relief of the destitute that anything is likely to be done. There also remains the question of whether if that were effected the Provisional Council would be justified in diverting that money to charitable purposes, though possibly in the present unprecedented situation that should not be allowed to weigh too heavily upon that body. It needs, however, to be emphasized that the ratepayers, when they had the matter entirely in their own hands failed to get rid of the Orchestra and the Provisional Council may very well be reluctant to take steps, which their constituents always had the power to take, but which they annually refrained from taking.

Keep Mum

The East Asia League of Japan has advised Japanese nationals to "keep mum" on matters of foreign policy. Such matters, the League believes, should be left entirely to the Government. There will be a measure of agreement with this advice when it is considered what an enormous number of declarations and statements have been made by civilians without any apparent qualifications upon the foreign relations of Japan—declarations which have done nothing to make the already very difficult task of their Government any easier. Where there is strict control of news members of the public are bound to be ill informed, especially upon such a complicated question as foreign policy. With the best will in the world, their declarations, often made apparently *ex cathedra*, do little but embarrass the officials who are most intimately concerned in furthering the well-being of their country. The same comment applies to the Japanese press—or at least to sections of it. It is not suggested that the press or the public should be any more muzzled in Japan than it is already, but a voluntary censorship of the more foolish sentiments which occasionally appear in print and are picked upon by news agencies and circulated to a bewildered world would certainly do much to enhance the prestige of Japanese editorial writers, many of whose expositions of what their Government should or should not do serve only to confuse the issues to the foreign mind. A point which may sometimes be forgotten is that it is important for foreigners to understand, even if they do not always sympathize with, any country's foreign policy, since that policy affects themselves. If this understanding is made difficult by contradictory and bellicose statements without a proper sense of responsibility, those who perpetrate the contradictions are themselves to blame, even though they have often proved to be among the loudest in their complaints that their nation's good intentions have been misconstrued.

Sir Otto Niemeyer

It is expected that there will be an important conference held shortly in Hongkong to examine the financial position of China and the measures which have already been taken to safeguard the National Government in Chungking from exploitation. The personal representative of President Roosevelt, Mr. Henry Grady, is already in the Colony, where the Stabilization Board of China has its headquarters. Expected to arrive before long are Sir Otto Niemeyer, a Director of the Bank of England, and Mr. H. Merle Cochran, technical assistant to the Secretary of the United States Treasury. The subjects they will discuss and the decisions they will recommend have been the cause of much speculation, and there is no intention here to add to it. In Sir Otto Niemeyer the British Government have lent the services of one of their most able financial experts, a man who has had exceptional experience in arranging difficult currency problems in many parts of the world. Educated at St. Paul's School and Balliol College, Oxford, Sir Otto entered H. M. Treasury in 1906. He was made C. B. in 1921, K.C.B. in 1924, and G.B.E. in 1927. In H. M. Treasury he was Controller of Finance from 1922 to 1927, when he went to the Bank of England. He has served as a director and later chairman of the Bank of International Settlements and was for many years a member of the Financial Committee of the League of Nations, being chairman of that committee from 1927 to 1937. He has served on several financial commissions in various parts of the world; in Australia in 1930, in Brazil in 1931, in the Argentine in 1933, and in India in 1935. It will be seen, therefore, that he brings with him a fund of experience in financial matters which should prove invaluable to those who will attempt to tackle the problems of China's money problems in the immediate future.

The Tightening Net

The passage through the U.S. House of Representatives, and the forwarding to the Senate of a Bill ordering the deportation of the Australian, Mr. Harry Bridges, Pacific Coast Labour leader, show that after years of wrangling over this man action is being attempted. Bridges, alleged to have been a Communist, and consequently to have favoured the overthrow of constitutional government by force, succeeded in establishing himself as a Labour leader and in wielding considerable influence, particularly along the Californian waterfront. Some years ago his deportation was demanded by his political opponents and investigations and Court hearings have resulted. It looked indeed as though Bridge would escape deportation, and so far as the Courts were concerned it certainly seemed to be the case. Passage of the Bill through the Senate and its signature by President Roosevelt may not necessarily mean the end of Bridges' fight to remain in the United States, for apparently he still would have an opportunity of taking the matter to the Supreme Court in order to test the validity of the measure. That Court's decision should settle the matter one way or the other, and if Bridges lost he would still have succeeded in postponing the putting into effect of the Legislature's order. Should he be obliged to return to Australia, he will doubtless find it very difficult to attain the eminence in Australian Labour circles which he held in the United States, and it will probably be a very rueful Bridges who will return to Australia if the measure before Congress is made to stick. If it does a very colourful career will have been terminated. Bridges' case is that, if he was early in his career a Communist, he had abandoned that political creed, and in some quarters that argument seems to have been accepted, but at any rate the House of Representatives did not think much of it, and it is likely that the Senate will think less, in which event the turbulent Harry will doubtless be sent in search of fresh woods and pastures new.

"Yes, if you want to see a free people—them that makes their own laws, accordin to their own notions—go to the States. Indeed, if you can falt them at all, they are a little grain too free. Our folks have their head a trifle too much, sometimes, particularly in Elections, both in freedom of speech and freedom of Press. One hadn't ought to blart right out always all that comes uppermost."—*Thomas Chandler Haliburton.*

THE ATROCIOUS NAZIS

Speaking in the House of Commons on September 30, the Prime Minister, Mr. Winston Churchill, said :—

"When I learned about the absolutely frightful and indescribable atrocities which German police troops are committing upon the Russian population in the rear of the advance of their armoured vehicles the responsibility of the British Government to maintain here at home an ample first-class force to beat down and annihilate any invading lodgements from the sea, or descents from the air, comes home to me in significantly ugly and impressive form."

Here are some of the atrocities being perpetrated daily :—

Moscow, Sept. 29.

The Germans terrorize and rob the peaceful population of the captured districts. In the Basmanka village of the Smolensk region the Hitlerites took away from the collective farmers all cattle and food. The looting was accompanied by brutal atrocities. From the old peasant Vassili Pakhomov they took nine poods of rye, three suckling pigs, one sheep, two sheepskin coats and three pairs of felt boots. The German lance corporal loaded all this on a cart. As there was no horse in the vicinity the German harnessed to the cart Pakhomov and his wife and, threatening them by a pistol, ordered them to pull this cart to the company kitchen. They pulled it for a few scores of metres and stopped, being unable to move further. The lance corporal began to beat them. Pakhomov, unable to stand it any longer, angrily pushed him away. Then the fascists who gathered near the car finished off Pakhomov and set his house on fire.

They brutally tortured to death Alexei Demidov, a member of the collective farm board. They lashed him with whips, rifle butts and then bayonetted him to death.

Ten peasant families from the village Morozovka in the Smolensk region had no time to evacuate the village. The Nazis ruined them completely. After the German piratic raid not a single cow, chicken or crumb of bread remained in the village.—Tass.

Plunder In The Ukraine

Moscow, Oct. 5.

The German plunderers sweep clean the villages of the Ukraine seized by the German armies. In the Nijnednieprovsk district one Fascist unit confiscated all food stocks from the population. The German soldiers took away all potatoes and other vegetables from vegetable plots. In Dniepropetrovsk the Hitlerites looted all residents' homes. In one street a group of officers detained all passers by and took away all their valuables. In the village Borodayevka in the Dniepropetrovsk region the fascists shot one woman collective farmer and her seven year old son because she refused to surrender a calf to the soldiers. In the village Novo-Aleksandrovka in the Zaporozhie region the German soldiers executed two adolescents.

When telegraph wires were cut between the villages Karnaukhovka and Triuznoye in the Dniepropetrovsk region the fascists detained the first three peasants they came across and shot them.—Tass.

Atrocities in Krivoy-Rog

Moscow, Oct. 2.

Having captured Krivoy-Rog the German troops set up a reign of terror against the population which could not leave in time with the Red Army troops. A group of residents of Krivoy-Rog crossed the line at the front and informed the command about the savage atrocities. Grigorenko, the wife of the staff member a branch of the Ukrainian Iron Ore and Manganese Institute, stated, "At night time my husband with the other staff members of the branch and myself were brought under escort to the headquarters of the German unit. The German officer demanded from us maps and other information about the Krivoy-Rog mines. When my husband and his colleagues answered that they had no maps, the officer hit my husband several times on the face with a whip. With particular cruelty the German officer and soldiers tortured Kslichenko, a mine engineer. With the first blow they knocked out his eye. The bloodthirsty fascists first stabbed him with knives and then shot him. My husband was sent to prison. Later I learnt from my comrades that he died after the second interrogation and beating."

Petrenko, a staff member of the Mining Institute related: "In search of information about the mines, the Germans made a regular pogrom of our institute. The next day after entry into the city, they brought five miners to the Institute. In the evening the butchers threw out into the streets the bodies of these men tortured to death. For several days they lay on the pavement."—Tass.

IN PARENTHESIS

Man Power

Scientific phenomenon of manpower supplementing horsepower reported in "New York World-Telegram" story on two labor leaders in 1937 taxicab strike sabotage:

"Another related case was that in which Horie and Schoenfeld were convicted in Special Sessions of throwing energy into the engines of taxicabs."

• • •

Charleston

Style note from "Charleston (S. C.) Evening Post:"

NIFTIER UNIFORMS FOR ARMY NURSES

Charleston will be introduced to the latest military fashion note next fall and winter when the army nurses at the Stark general hospital doff their new two-tone blue covert cloth uniforms.

• • •

Marriage Oddities

Weddings in East Texas are no different from any others, although two stories appearing recently on the society page of the "Texarkana (Tex.) Daily News" indicate matrimonial oddities: "Of whispered interest is the announcement made by Mr. and Mrs. ——— of the engagement of their daughter . . ."

The second: "Immediately after the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Duck left for a wading trip to points in the Smoky Mountains."

• • •

The Cow is—(The following is a composition exactly as written by an evacuee boy of ten):—The cow is a mamal and it is tame. It has six sides, right left, fore, back, and upper and below. At the back it has a tail on which hangs a brush. With this it sends away the flies so that they will not fall in the milk. The head is for the purpose of growing horns and so that the mouth can be somewhere. Under the cow hangs the milk. It is arranged for milking. The cow has a fine sense of smell. One can smell it far away. This is the reason for the fresh air in the country. The man cow is called an ox, but what it eats, it eats twice, so that it gets enough. When it is hungry, it moos and when it says nothing, it is because its inside is full up of grass.

• • •

Tail Tales

BERLIN on the Spree—and on the spot.

A hug is described as energy gone to waist.

Perhaps it would be simpler if His Excellency just came incog.

"World's Most Wonderful Woman Dies." Strange, London hasn't announced it.

An aeroplane has captured a submarine. Wake me when a submarine gets up and catches an aeroplane.

Pain has its uses, says the Health expert. Sure it has: it produces patent medicine millionaires who build noble institutions.

Among the "Four H's" which distinguish the Democracies from the Totalitarian nations is listed "happiness." Well, happiness does come often out of a tap.

Bare-legged women are now allowed in church. When I was young the great controversy was about hatless women. In time—but, maybe by then we'll have clergywomen.

Reading the pleas in Police Courts—"didn't know it was loaded," and so on—I wonder if there wouldn't be a good sale for a Book of Chinese Answers, for the use of young lawyers, magistrates, et al.

It seems that Chinese mightn't be allowed to participate in sport in Hongkong unless they're favourably known in Chungking. But I don't suppose it matters. The tennis tournaments this year are unlikely to have any betes noires enter.

Kailan Mining Administration

BUILDING MATERIALS

FIRE BRICKS, FACE BRICKS and FIRECLAY PAVING BLOCKS for roads, courtyards, stables, godowns, etc.
"HYTEMPITE" special fire cement
DRAIN PIPES, glazed inside and out

SALES DEPARTMENT

3rd Floor, Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Building
12 The Bund (entrance Foochow Road). Tel. 11070

THE OCEAN
ACCIDENT & GUARANTEE CORPORATION, LIMITED

17 Canton Road
Shanghai

Telephone 13407
(4 lines)

SYMBOLS of SAFETY and VICTORY

VOLUNTARY WAR CONTRIBUTION FUND

PLEASE MAKE A REGULAR MONTHLY PAYMENT
to
The Hongkong & Shanghai Bank
or
The Chartered Bank
FOR ACCOUNT OF THE FUND.

(Space donated by: Thos. Cook & Son. Ltd.)

"Public Preference our Best Reference"

International Funeral Directors

207 Kiaochow Road *Telephone 34220*
Artistic Memorials *Floral Tributes*
R. O. SCOTT, Managing Director

FOR SALE
WE HAVE SUITABLE PROPERTIES
For the most modest home-seeker or the small or big investor.
Many attractive offers. Deal direct with us
BRANDT & RODGERS, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
Sales Dept.
Telephone 11169 391 Kiangse Road.

AIR-MAIL PAPER
Over 50 per cent. saving in air-mail postage by using our special air-mail paper.
K. G. NAIR, 131 Museum Road, Telephone 12164

We could say it all in rhyme,
We could say it all in prose:
If you want a jolly time,
Go where everybody goes. . .

Air-Conditioned DD's Night Club *Air-Cooled*

TINO AND HIS ORCHESTRA

815 Avenue Joffre Telephone 71609

Municipal Orchestra—Lyceum Theatre
SUNDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1941, at 5.15 p.m.
OPENING CONCERT
of the 23rd Winter Symphony Concert Season
under leadership of Maestro MARIO PACI
Dedicated exclusively to works of
ANTON DVORAK
(Sept. 8, 1841 - May 1, 1904)
to celebrate the 100th Anniversary of his birth
Overture "Carnival"; Excepts from String Quartet Op. 96: Slavonic Dances;
Symphony "From The New World."
Songs with Orchestra Accompaniment
Vocalist: Mme SONJA KUCEJOVA, Soprano.

Prices: Balcony: $6 and $5—Stalls: $3 and $2
Season Cards: Balcony $204 and $170—Stalls $102 and $68.
Valid for all the 34 Sunday Concerts of the Season from October 12, 1941 to May 31, 1942, inclusive the Special Easter-Sunday Concert, and irrespective of any possible future increase of above admission prices.

AT MOUTRIE'S AND AT LYCEUM

Booking and sale of Season-Cards only until Wednesday, October 8. From Thursday, October 9, booking and sale of single concert tickets also.

Saridon STOPS ANY PAIN IN LESS THAN 10 MINUTES AND IS PERFECTLY SAFE AND HARMLESS

NESTROVIT
the A B C D of Health

Nestrovit is the ideal nutritive tonic and protective diet supplement for young and old. Nestrovit is far better than codliver oil because Nestrovit contains the vitamins A, B_1, C and D in a concentrated form, in carefully balanced proportions, standardized in International Units. These 4 vitamins are absolutely neccessary for the maintenance of normal growth and development. Nestrovit is pleasant-tasting and safe even for babies.

Dose for infants: one teaspoonful of Nestrovit Emulsion daily.

Dose for children of over 4 years of age and for adults: 2 Nestrovit tablets daily.

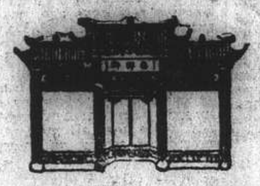
Packings: Nestrovit Emulsion in bottles of 125 c.c. and Nestrovit tablets in tins of 20 and 60 obtainable at all chemists.

Nestrovit is very reasonable in price.

NESTROVIT
VITAMINS
A+B1+C+D

F. HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE & CO., LTD.
BASLE, SWITZERLAND
MAKERS OF MEDICINES OF RARE QUALITY

R. G. BEWEIS 593 Frelupt Tel. 78296
KILLERS
of Bugs, Cockroaches, Rats and Mice
BE WISE AND GO TO
"BEWISE"



THE HOUSE OF CURIOS

Beautiful things that make the pride of possession. Vases, Blackwood, Porcelain in exquisite colours, Lacquer, Snuff Bottles, Ivories, Bronzes and many other rarities that will gladden the heart of any collector.

ZING HSIANG SHING & CO.
198 Nanking Road Telephone 13997

1871 • 70 Years of Security to Policyowners • 1941

How long would it take you to save $5,000?

SUPPOSING you wanted to leave your estate $5,000 in cash, how long would it take you to save it—Five years or Fifty?

Do you realize that for a small, regular saving you can create an immediate cash estate of $5,000 for the use of your family when you pass on?

How else could you guarantee them $5,000?

Before You Insure Consult

Confederation Life Association
HEAD OFFICE TORONTO

THE SPORTS PAGE

Yankees Wallop Dodgers 3-1 To Win World Series for Fifth Time in Six Years

New York, Oct. 6.

THE favoured New York Yankees won their fifth World Championship in six years when they beat out the luckless Dodgers, 3 to 1, this afternoon at Brooklyn's Ebbets Field.

The 1941 World Series, featured by brilliant hurling and a scarcity of hits and runs, ended with the Yanks taking four games while holding Brooklyn to a single victory.

One of the smallest series crowds in recent years was on hand for the final game. It was witnessed by 34,072 fans and the receipts totalled US$161,941.

With California-born Ernie Bonham hurling four-hit ball, the Yanks had things their own way most of the day. Bonham started wobbly by allowing Pete Reiser to connect with a three-bagger in the first frame and then he permitted a lone run in the third but after that the Dodgers were eating out of his hand.

Yanks Open Scoring

The Yankees collected six hits off Whitlow Wyatt, ace of the Dodger hurling staff who in the second game gave the Dodgers their only victory of the series. Neil Bonham limited the Dodgers to four safeties. The Yanks made no errors while Brooklyn had one miscue chalked up against them.

The Yankees opened the scoring in the second inning. Charlie Keller drew a free pass to first and Bill Dickey drove out a sharp single which sent Keller scampering to third base.

Wyatt uncorked a wild pitch and Keller crossed the plate standing up while Dickey advanced to second. Joe "Flash" Gordon, Yankee second-baseman, singled deep into right field and Dickey raced home with the second Yankee run.

Phil Rizzuto, brilliant rookie shortstop, drove one into the ground that forced Gordon at second. With one man out, Bonham then fanned and Joe Sturm, Yankee first-baseman bunted. He was thrown out, Riggs to Camilli.

Dodgers Fans Hysterical

In the third inning, the Dodgers flashed momentarily. Wyatt doubled to left field and Dodger fans went into hysterics. Freddie Walker, Brooklyn outfielder, smacked the next one on the nose with a tremendous line drive that Joe DiMaggio picked up clean for the put-out. Wyatt was forced to hold second on the play.

Riggs singled sharply past the pitcher's box, and Wyatt advanced to third giving the Dodgers a man on third and one on first with the tying run. Pete Reiser than drove out his long fly which Henrich picked out of the air deep against the outfield wall. Wyatt, however scored on the throw-in. Bonham settled down, however, and finished out the inning in good shape.

Game Put on Ice

The Yanks iced the game in the fifth inning when Henrich drove out a cannon-ball homer that cleared the right field fence.

That was the last score of the game, and from there on Wyatt and Bonham found themselves hooked up in a tight mound duel with neither club able to score.

Figures released today showed that the total attendance at the series was 235,773. The receipts totalled US$1,007,762.

Yankees

	AB	R	H	PO	Assists	Errors
Strum, 1b	4	0	1	9	0	0
Rolfe, 3b	3	0	0	3	0	0
Henrich, r.f.	3	1	1	1	0	0
DiMaggio, c.f.	4	0	1	6	0	0
Keler, l.f.	3	1	0	4	0	0
Dickey, c.	4	1	1	2	0	0
Gordon, 2b	3	0	1	0	3	0
Rizzuto, ss	3	0	1	2	2	0
Bonham	4	0	0	0	1	0
Total	31	3	6	27	6	0

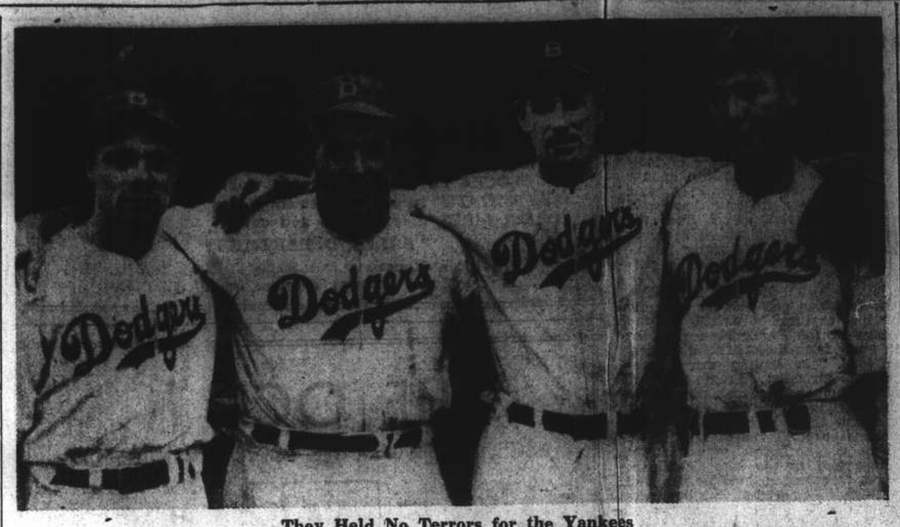
Dodgers

	AB	R	H	PO	Assists	Errors
Walker, r.f.	3	0	1	0	0	0
Riggs	4	0	1	1	3	0
Reiser, c.f.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Camilli, 1b	4	0	0	9	1	0
Medwick, l.f.	3	0	0	0	0	0
Reese, ss	3	0	0	2	3	1
Owen, c.	3	0	0	9	1	0
Coscarart	2	0	0	3	3	0
Wyatt	3	0	1	1	1	0
Galan *	1	0	0	0	0	0
Herman	0	0	0	0	2	0
Wasdell †	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	1	4	27	14	1

*—Batted for Coscarart at seventh.
†—Batted for Reese at ninth.—United Press.

Claudette Colbert is one of Hollywood's best rummy players and Barbara Stanwyck owns and wears five pairs of cowgirl boots.

Claudette Colbert owns three dogs—a French poodle, a Dachshund and Welch terrier.



They Held No Terrors for the Yankees

For the fifth time in their career, the New York Yankees captured the World Series, scoring their fourth and deciding victory at Ebbets Field in Brooklyn. The final score in the series was: Yankees—Four games; Dodgers—One game. The New York batters came through with flying colours with the four Brooklyn hurlers (seen above) holding no terrors for them. Left to right, the ace pitchers for the Dodgers were: Kirby Higbe, Freddie Fitzsimmons, Whit Wyatt and Curt Davis.

S.L.B.C. Bowlers Hold Closing Day

Brilliant weather favoured the official closing day of the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club last Sunday. In the morning eight rinks—hand-picked by E. Jacobs—participated in a match. The Vice-President's judgment was well justified in the hard fight which ensued. Although the winners, A. Braid's team, triumphed over W. J. Monk's men by 24 shots to nine, the game was much closer than the score indicates. The 32 hungry and thirsty players sat down to a cold tiffin about 1 p.m.

In the afternoon a game of the progressive, revolving variety was played. In this game the greens, opponents and order of players in the rink were changed every four ends. Sixteen ends were played; every man in the rink thus played four ends in each position. While this was going on, Mr. W. J. Monk, who has made himself master of the intricacies of progressive, revolving rinks, marshalled the ladies and set them going on a pairs game of a similar nature. After some close competition Mrs. H. B. Lobb and Mrs. J. Malcolm finished victors with a total score of 19 shots.

....And So to Tea

As the temporary clubhouse has been dismantled, tea for all-comers had to be served in the grounds which bore an animated appearance when some 90 members, ladies and children gathered on the banks.

At 5 p.m., the prizes won during the season were presented by Mrs. H. B. Lobb. In his introductory speech the President, Mr. W. J. Monk, expressed satisfaction that, in spite of a somewhat moist playing season, all Club competitions had been carried out. The chief trophy—the Singles Championship Cup—went to Mr. W. J. Ward. This doughty player, having at one time or other won all Club competitions except the Novices Cup, appeared to have got his second wind. The President emphasized the fact that only $300 of a Prize Fund of $1,200 had actually been spent on prizes. The balance would go to swell the Club's War Fund contributions which, over the whole season, were expected to exceed $4,000.

The afternoon was brought to a fitting conclusion by a vote of thanks to the President, now in his fourth year of office, happily proposed by Mr. W. A. Turnbull.

The prize list was as follows:—

Singles Championship. Winner:—W. J. Ward. Runner up:—W. A. Turnbull.
Singles Handicap. Winner:—A. E. Howkins. Runner up:—J. Case.
Pairs Championship. Winners:—D. B. Scrimgeour and A. T. Taft. Runners up:—D. A. MacFarlane and D. E. Harbottle.
Wednesday Evening Competition. Winner:—S. G. Mills. Runner up:—E R. Harmer. Hidden Percentage:—A Braid.
Novices Competition. Winner:—F. Marshall. Runner up:—T. G. Baillie

Closing Day Events

Open Rinks:—A. Braid, A. T. Barrett, R. Fyfe, S. C. Radford.
Progressive Rinks:—A Braid, T. Sayle S. G. Mills, J. Stevenson.
Progressive Pairs (Ladies):—Mrs. H. B. Lobb and Mrs. J. Malcolm.

Golf Starting Times

Hungjao Golf Club

FRIDAY

9.04 Robinson, McNeill/Adamson, Perry
9.12 Jeffery, Ball/Andrews, Culbertson
9.24 Laffond, Gardener/Huxter, Thomas
9.32 Morrison, Beveridge/Bowker, Nash
9.44 Gambling, MacEwan
10.30 Willson, Anderson, Smith, Pharis
10.35 *Laffond, Gardener*

THE ARMY CUP

Presented by the British Officers of the Shanghai Defence Force in 1900.

SUNDAY

4-balls *v.* Par over 18 holes.
Each player takes his usual handicap and the side plays their best ball against Par.

a.m.
9.55 F. S. Gibbings (10) and Colonel Curtis (18) *v.* E. G. Smith-Wright (6) and A. H. Forbes (14)
10.00 W. R. Brown (9) and G. E. Marden (13) *v.* H. Laffond (8) and D. W. MacEwan (18)
10.05 T. H. P. Perry (12) and L. V. Jensen (15) *v.* T. S. M. Terrace (5) and Colonel Howard (16)
10.10 K. M. Cumming (6) and Dr. A. L. Smith (16) *v.* A. Woods (9) and Admiral Glassford (15)
10.15 W. B. Rigden (12) and Lt. H. A Tisdadt (18) *v.* D. R. Glass (6) and H. M. Hind (16)
10.20 J. K. P. Hadland (8) and J. R. Huxter (17) *v.* G. H. Mann (9) and Dr. E. G. Gauntless (15)
10.25 W. F. Alexander (9) and H. E Reynell (16) *v.* P. H. Cobb (6) and F. F. Watts (13)
10.30 K. B. Hill (10 and C. S. Cheetham (14) *v.* A. S. Adamson (10) and A. P. Nazer (15)
10.35 H. F. B. Gardener (8) and T. S. Powell (15) *v.* J. N. Bates (10) and L. G. Murray Kidd (16)
10.40 P. S. Widdup (7) and D. A. Campbel (15) *v.* Commander Joses (12) A. C. M. Cumming (16)
10.45 W. J. Hawkings (8) and Lt. W. M. Cook (14) *v.* L. R. Andrews (12) and G. A. Buyers (18)
10.50 Milton Bates (12) and Ellis Havin (18) *v.* C. M. Wentworth (12) and W. J. Gande (16)

Players should inform the Secretary before 9.00 a.m. to-morrow if they are unable to play or if the Starting Time is inconvenient.

Recreation Ground Golf Course

FRIDAY

7.16 Yamaguchi, Katori/Ozorio, Kliene
7.36 Goodwin, Clements/Evans Davidson
8.00 Brisk, Swan/Susuyama, Kifune
8.36 Alferieff, Toone/Higuchi, Iso
8.48 Drazill, Collaco/Page, Sidebotham
9.00 Hartley, Endgrave/Umpleby, Whyte
9.12 Guse, Wilson/Berthet, Palmer
9.24 Watt, Scrimgeour/Committee's party
9.36 Gunn, Broad/Klausner, Brodd
9.44 White, Braun/Yamamiya, Kinoshita
9.56 Gould, Sampson/Royster, Bradbeer
10.16 Beattie, Persons/Davies, Linford
10.40 Richardson, Grew/Walker, Wigton
11.16 Wood, Wood

S.G.C. Monthly Cup

The October Monthly Cup will be played for on Saturday and Sunday, October 11 and 12, 1941, at Seekingjao. Conditions 18 Holes Medal. "A" Class: Scratch to 12. "B" Class: 13 to 24.

S.G.C. Scores Handsome Win In Inter-Club Golf Match

AS was generally expected, the Shanghai Golf Club came out easy winners in the Annual Inter-Club Match played last Sunday, defeating the Hungjao Golf Club by 38 points to 20. The "B" team of the Hungjao Golf Club put up a better show than was predicted while the "A" side proved disappointing. The "A" teams of the two clubs played at Seekingjao, while the "B" teams went over the Hungjao course.

In his match against MacDonald, Terrace won on the last green, proving once again what a sterling match player he is and although he may not be capable of playing such a sparkling game as some of the younger golfers, particularly Lance Davies, he is the most likely entrant in the China Amateur Championship to put up four medal rounds of under 80—and an average of 76 should easily be enough to win.

Davies Devastating

In his match against Cumming, Davies was in devastating form. Although Cumming was out in 41 (a fair score under the conditions—with the course stretched to its longest), he was no less than five down, Davies being out in 35 despite missing a putt of a yard and a half for a three at the 3rd.

Continuing his impressive golf with a three at the 10th, a four at the long 11th where his approach with a No. 8 finished six inches from the pin, and a four at the short 12th (where, in an effort to get a two, after a perfectly played tee-shot he over-ran the cup and missed the return), he beat Cumming by the overwhelming score of seven and six.

It looked as though he would break 70 but a topped No. 8 at the 13th into the trees in front of the creek—after a beautiful drive—from where he had to play back resulted in a six creeping into his card. And with another six at the 18th (where, after a mighty drive, he was left with an unpleasant hanging lie from which he tried to cut the ball out with a spoon in an effort to get to the green but which shot he topped and found the edge of a bunker), he finished in 74, everything holed.

Glass Victorious

In the Glass-Dwyer match, Glass was round in 76 in spite of a seven at a par five and a six at a par four. Extremely long and straight driving and accurate putting were the outstanding features of his game. With anything in the shape of an iron club in his hands, Dwyer is the good golfer he is, but with his woods he has contracted a quick and horrifying hook, resulting in frequent excursions into the jungle and his easy defeat by five and three.

In the afternoon 4-balls at Seekingjao, Cumming and Glass were the only pair to record a win, Glass maintaining his brilliant form of the morning and Cumming coming to the rescue whenever Glass weakened. At the short 8th Glass was three inches from the pin with his tee-shot, and at the 17th his high dropping No. 4 wood hit the flag and finished stone dead, giving him another two.

Widdup Scores Hole-in-One

The temperamental golfer, Percy Widdup, entertained his many golfing friends at the 19th as the result of a hole-in-one at the 17th—a hole of 176 yards which he played with a No. 5 against a fair wind!—only the second really good shot Widdup has ever played, in his opinion, the other shot being another one at the 10th over Hungjao some months ago. As a long iron club player Widdup is remarkable.

Alexander did his best to join Widdup as co-host but just failed in spite of valiant efforts to play the perfect shot. However, he did sink one long approach, two run-ups from far off the green and three colossal putts, greatly to the discomfit of Ballingall, his opponent, to whom, however, the fact that the greens were so true as to permit these shots being played must have been some consolation. Although some of the greens may have been a little bumpy, good putters like Alexander, Dwyer, Davies and Glass found themselves perfectly at home on them.

Detailed Scores:—

S.G.C.			H.G.C.		
Singles "A"	10		Singles "A"		6
Singles "B"	8		Singles "B"		8
Foursomes "A"	12		Foursomes "A"		2
Foursomes "B"	8		Foursomes "B"		4
	38				20

"A" Side at Seekingjao

Shanghai Golf Club	Singles	Foursomes	Hungjao Golf Club	Singles	Foursomes
J.S. MacDonald	0		T.S.M. Terrace	1	
W. H. Huggett	1	2	W.J. Hawkings	0	0
A. B. Davies	1		K.M. Cumming	0	
R. T. Dwyer	0	0	D. R. Glass	1	2
W. H. B. Rigg	1		J.K.P. Hadland	0	
L. Saphiere	1	—	P. S. Widdup	0	—
T.L.G. Wheeler	1		H. Laffond	0	
P. H. Scoones	0	2	H.F.B.Gardener	1	0
R.M. Ballingall	0		W.F. Alexander	1	
J. Grubb	0	2	W. R. Brown	1	0
H. Grubb	1		Smith-Wright	0	
J. C. Dickson	1	2	K. B. Hill	0	0
R. D. Bell	1		F. S. Gibbings	0	
B. J. Wall	1	2	A. S. Adamson	0	0
N. E. Lourton	0		C.M.Wentworth	1	
F. Cowherd	1	2	J. H. P. Perry	0	0
	10	12		6	2

"B" Side at Hungjao

W.R. McCutch.	0		G. E. Marden	1	
A. J. Clark	0	0	E. A. P. Wood	1	2
H. G. Cameron	0		W. B. Rigden	1	
T.C.G. Pearson	1	2	W. Beveridge	0	0
F. Marshall	0		F. W. Jeffery	1	
W. G. Scott	1	2	R. D. K. Silby	0	0
J. F. Brister	1		D. A. Campbell	0	
Major Otorii	0	2	W. J. Gande	1	0
W. W. Jourdin	1		S. C. Riggs	0	
J. K. Ewing	1	0	L. V. Jensen	0	2
P. Isherwood	1		Harry Lee	0	
R. S. Nelson	1	—	D. MacEwan	0	—
F. de Jong	0		Murray-Kidd	1	
J. S. King	0	—	H. E. Reynell	1	—
T. A. McCants	0		H. Kreuger	1	
Ian Denbigh	1	2	E. S. Savage	0	0
	8	8		8	4

New Australian Racing Mark Set

Sydney, Oct. 7.

Establishing an Australian record, Dashing Cavalier won the Australian Jockey Club Metropolitan yesterday, beating Lucrative by a head, with Triggerman two and a half lengths behind. Dashing Cavalier covered the course of 1 mile five furlongs in 2 minutes 41½ seconds.

The betting was 12-1 on Dashing Cavalier and 9-4 on Lucrative and Triggerman.—Reuter.

Fifty-Nine Entries For Cesarewitch

London, Oct. 3.

Sixty-five entries were received for the Cesarewitch, which will be run at Newmarket on October 22, but since the closing, five horses have been withdrawn, and one has died, leaving fifty-nine, for which weights have been allotted.

The Aga Khan's Winter Halter, winner, among other events, of the Coronation Cup this year, has been given the top-weight of nine stone seven pounds, but it is doubtful that he will be a starter since it is reported that he has been retired to stud, although he has not been officially scratched.

Lord Glanely's Dancing Time, which won the Fillies' Thousand Guinea classic, carries eight stone ten pounds, while Sir Hugo Culiffe Owen's Verbatim, winner of the Clar Handicap recently, will carry eight stone five pounds.

Among other entries are several of the season's classic runners.—Reuter.

Sun Lee Does Well In "C" Class Yacht Races

The 6th Minghong Series for "C" Class was sailed in perfect weather on Sunday off "Admiral Jellicoe", winds being steady from S.E. by E. and strong enough to buck the Spring tide.

The morning course saw six starters over an extremely interesting triangular course which was further complicated by being sailed off just at change of tide. A good start saw all yachts stand for the Pootung Shore after which "Eileen" and "Dorothy" stood right across river and gained handsomely by catching the early flood to No. 3 buoy. It was a gybe around each mark and though "Eileen" kept her lead to finish first all the other yachts enjoyed close racing. "Daphne" and "Sun Lee" crept up to 2nd and 3rd places and should have finished in this order but Kenyon made the mistake of failing to keep "Sun Lee" behind him on the reach home from the last mark and paid the penalty by being beaten by two lengths.

Nine Yachts Start

The afternoon leg of the Series saw nine yachts out for the second time this year and again very interesting racing took place. "Catherine" and "Dragonfly" got well away and led on the run down river whilst "Sun Lee", "Daphne" and "Eileen" crept up. At No. 2 buoy, "Sun Lee" and "Daphne" came through and stood up river in the last of the flood; but for some reason the remaining yachts except "Eileen" and "Leda" kept close into the Shanghai Shore where further reflection must have told them the ebb was beginning to make. As a result the four yachts who chose the centre of the river drew well clear on a long beat up to No. 5 buoy, "Eileen" closing up remarkably well but being unable to catch the leaders. "Daphne" having passed "Sun Lee" again acted carelessly and was passed leaving Piper the winner of the Series by virtue of a 2nd and a 1st with Berents in "Eileen" 2nd by his morning win and afternoon 3rd place.

The day's racing practically clinched the championship for "Eileen" whose magnificent sailing in the three Ordinary Races since August has given her a useful lead, so that she only needs to keep within a place or so of "Daphne" in the remaining four races to win a well deserved Trophy.

Results of the 2nd Minghong Series were:—

1 Sun Lee, K. F. Piper
2 Eileen, J. Berents
3 Daphne, J. S. Kenyon
4 Dorothy, J. D. Riddell
=5 Catherine, H. R. O. Edmonds
=5 Karin, T. A. Hultman
=5 Leda, R. Lock
8 Dragonfly, R. S. L. Frewen
9 Lancastria, P. Kennedy

Cochrane Beats Lew Jenkins on Points

New York, Oct. 7.

Freddie Cochrane, world welterweight champion, decisively outpointed Lew Jenkins, world Lightweight champion, over ten rounds in Madison Square Garden today. In the non-title fight Cochrane won every round, flooring Jenkins several times, including a count of nine in the second round.

Other times he severely rocked Jenkins with attacks to the jaw and body. Cochrane is still hoping for a meeting with Ernie Roderick, British champion and if satisfactory terms can be arranged, Roderick will find a tough rival who possess a particularly vicious right cross.—Reuter.

The Sports forum

Newcomer Hurls Challenge At Paul Lojnikoff

The Sports Editor of the "NORTH CHINA DAILY NEWS"

Sir,—I hope you will be kind enough to publish the following on the "sports page" of your daily in the earliest possible future:

The present title holder, lightweight champion of Shanghai, Paul Lojnikoff, is too quick and eager to include the whole China in his kingdom and subordination. In my opinion he owns his crown to his smart manager Mr. N. Nikoleeff, who deliberately matches him with those whom he is sure to lick.

Mike Korren

Being great admirer of this "manly art" I would like to prove to the young upstart that he's too green a demonstrator of the science of pugilism.

And I have all the rights to challenge a champ for being new to Shanghai, I have a score of winnings over Harbin boxers to my credit. And I was a flyweight champion of Harbin in 1932.

Am a lightweight now, and in excellent condition too. And if the champ is scared to put his title at stake—I won't rob him of it, let it be no title bout. I am that generous, will even give him a second chance to redeem his glory.

Mike Korren

Shanghai, October 6.
P.S. Herewith enclose my photo.

Lawn Bowls Teams

Junior Golf Club

HONGKEW PARK CHAMPIONSHIP

Junior Golf Club (v. Police Recreation Club, Lusitano greens, Sunday, 3 p.m.):—A. Denton (skip), H. Hill, W. Watson, R. Miles; R. Thomson (skip), F. Stebbeds, T. Barry, J. Scott, K. Swartzell (skip), P. Shaw, O. Schmied, C. Fletcher; A. N. Other (skip), J. Aquino, M. Benton, G. Watt. Reserves: H. Cranfield, A. Hayward, C. Avison, A. Whitmore.

Probable Starters for The Cambridgeshire

London, Oct. 7.

Following are the probable starters and jockeys for the Cambridgeshire to be run at Newmarket tomorrow:

Hippius (E. Smith), Prince Tetra (Elliott), Bue de la Paix (Carey), Poise (Harry Wragg), Aprille Son (Arthur Wragg), Eurasian (——), Firle (Lowrey), Diadoque (Bridgland), Eastern Echo (Perryman), Boomps-a-Daisy (Taylor), The Pelican (Beary), Suez (Lacey), Broquart (Gardner), Emir d'Tran (D. Smith), Lion Tamer (Maher), Samange (Nevett), High Peru (Cliff Richards), Rufina (Mullins), Pharatis (Richardson), Mickie Bulger (Evans).

Eurasian and Eastern Echo may not run.—Reuter.

BALLET RUSSE

GALA OPENING OF THE SEASON

Symphonic Ballet in 3 acts by A. GLAZOUNOFF

"RAYMONDA"

Thursday, Saturday, Sunday October 23, 25, 26 at 9.15 p.m.

Sunday, October 26, matinee at 2.15 p.m. LYCEUM

PARC DES SPORTS HALALAI (Auditorium) Today at 8 P.M.

SHANGHAI RACE COURSE

FRIDAY October 10, 1941 at 11 a.m.

FIRST DAY—9th EXTRA RACE MEETING

A PROGRAMME OF THIRTEEN FLAT RACES

TIFFIN INTERVAL AFTER 3rd RACE

From this day's Racing the Club will forward a donation to British War Funds.

CASH SWEEP TICKETS

All through chances for Sweeps on Seven Races at $20 each. Special Sweep on the Champions, Race No. 9, 4th Day, Autumn Race Meeting, November 12, 1941, $10 each Ticket of Eleven (11) Sections. Single Sections $1 each.

10% OF THE GROSS SWEEP WILL BE DONATED TO CHARITY.

For further information regarding Sweeps apply to A. W. OLSEN, 304 Mohawk Road.

11727

HUNGARIA

has got all the things that matter after sunset:

A CUISINE noted for its culinary specialities,
Good MUSIC, from 8.30 p.m.,
and an ATMOSPHERE all of its own

272 Yu Yuen Road Telephone 22662

FORD HIRE CAR SERVICE 30189

GRAND TELEPHONE 32223 OPENS TO-DAY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

Here's the Mirthquake You've All Been Waiting For!

BING AND BOB TAKE A TOUR WITH LAMOUR THROUGH BRIGHTEST LAFRICA... AND IT'S TOUR-IFFIC!

with UNA MERKEL · ERIC BLORE

RESERVATIONS: For A.T.I. Theatres Can Only Be Held Till 2 Hours Before the Show Starts!

ADDED: PARAMOUNT NEWS CARTOON in Technicolor!

NANKING TELEPHONE 84133 NOW SHOWING! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

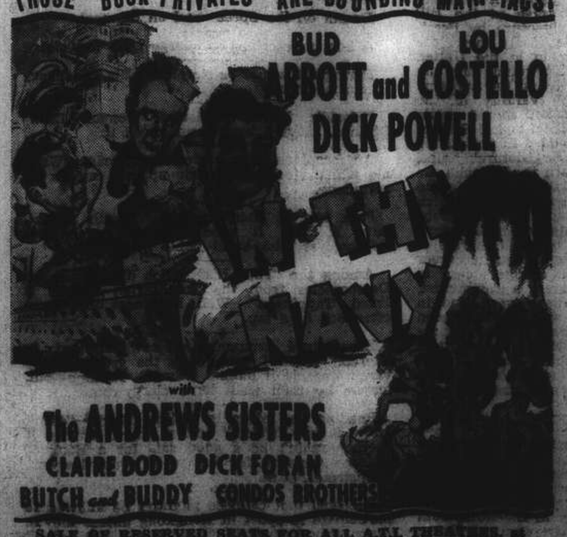
Topper's Back in a Chiller-diller!

Hal Roach presents TOPPER RETURNS with JOAN BLONDELL, Roland YOUNG—"ROCHESTER"—Billie BURKE

$1.50, $1.80, $3, $4.50. $1.80, $3, $4.50, $6.

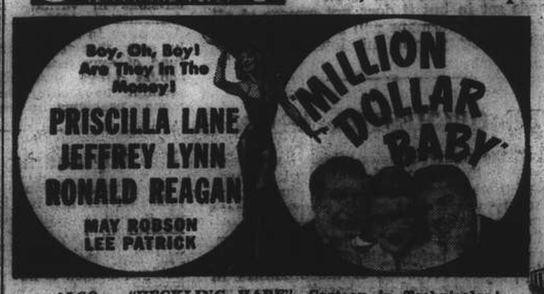
— COMING HOLIDAY ATTRACTION! —

THOSE "BUCK PRIVATES" ARE BOUNDING MAIN-IACS!



SALE OF RESERVED SEATS FOR ALL A.T.I. THEATRES, at CATHAY, GRAND, NANKING or SAM LAZARUS BROS.!

CATHAY TELEPHONE 73757 NOW SHOWING! at 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.



ALSO: "HECKLING HARE"—Cartoon in Technicolor!

— BIG HOLIDAY ATTRACTION! —

A COMEDY AS SPICY AS A STOLEN KISS—and ten times more fun!

See Ronald out-slick his cute little wife, who feels she has to roam to find romance!

We traded those 50 ships for this Man-Destroyer from Britain — ANNA LEE!

ADDED ATTRACTION SPECIAL: "LOUIS-CONN FIGHT"

Chinese Envoy Accorded A Warm Reception in London

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

London, July 5.

DR. Wellington Koo timed his arrival very well since it practically coincided with the celebrations in this country of the start of the fifth year of the War with Japan. There have been and are, quite a number of celebrations all over the country because the Chinese are carrying on various forms of commemoration. On July sixth Dr. Koo attended a meeting of the Chinese community in London at Ley On's Restaurant in Wardour Street; this afternoon he entertained a number of private friends at a reception at the Embassy; in the evening he attended the Bowl of Rice Dinner at the restaurant mentioned.

Directly on his arrival in London Mr. Eden expressed a wish to see Dr. Koo unofficially because he has not yet presented his credentials to the King, a ceremony which is fixed for July 10. Since then he has seen Mr. Eden two or three times and he has found at the Foreign Office pretty well everybody he got to know well at Geneva.

Today he visited the American Ambassador at the American Embassy. Papers throughout the country devote considerable space to the fifth anniversary referred to and the tone is so friendly that Dr. Koo must regard himself as fortunate in finding the atmosphere so universally friendly to China; in fact some of the cartoons which are published at the present moment are likely to be regarded in Japan with a good deal of critical resentment.

C. C. Body Entertains

The dinner given by the China Campaign Committee was attended by hundreds of people. It was an extremely hot night and Mr. Ley On's Restaurant was crowded. Lord Cecil of Chelwood was the Chairman and Dr. Wellington Koo was given a very hearty welcome on his arrival. M. Maisky, the Russian Ambassador was present with Mme. Maisky and when they arrived they were greeted with very loud cheers. Others guests present were Lord Listowel, Lady Violet Bonham Carter, Mr. Gollancz, Dr. and Mrs. Kuo, Dr. and Mrs. Chen, M. Negris, M. Rackiezewz, M. Azcarete, General Lee, The Rev. Belden, Mr. Keir Hardie, M. Wunze King Dame Rachel Crowdy, Mr. C. K. Sze, Dr. Taylor, Major and Mrs. Chen, Mr. W. J. Brown, Mr. Julian Huxley, Mr. Wang, Mr. Archibald Rose. Members of Parliament present included Mr. Wilfrid Roberts, Mr. D. N. Pritt, Miss Ellen Wilkinson, and Mr. Noel Baker.

During the function an appeal was made on behalf of the new £1000 fund which was being raised to help China again with medical and relief Services. Money collected in about fifteen minutes amounted to £100 thus giving a start to the fund. Other promises were received for regular sums per month until the full £1000 was collected.

Incidents during the dinner included the loud cheers of welcome given to Dr. Koo and the cries of "speech" from M. Maisky which kept on until he had to say a few words. People assembled in the street after the dinner to give these two chief guests a warm send off.

Lord Cecil Speaks

After the Toast to the King and the Chinese Republic had been drunk amid cheers Lord Cecil of Chelwood the Chairman, welcomed Dr. Wellington Koo in the name of those present. He said they met on the occasion of the beginning of the fifth year of that terrible struggle in the Far East which Japan says is not a war. They were there to express their great sympathy and admiration for the Chinese nation and the Chinese Government in the magnificent struggle that they had made for the freedom of their country (cheers). It might be said, he thought, that China was a martyr to the cause of liberty. He quoted an extract from a speech of an American friend of his, Mr. Thomas Lamont, which he thought summed up the terrible trials through which the Chinese had gone. Despite their homes and their farms laid waste, the countryside in ruin, with death overtaking millions of helpless men, women and children, the Chinese picked up their chattels and on foot or by ordinary conveyance began an exodus to the fertile lands of the interior.

The cheap machinery they dismantled just before the invader came was transported hundreds of miles west. Whole colleges were on the move and students, boys and girls, loaded with books and the simple apparatus of learning tramped towards the setting sun to see a new beacon—the beacon lights of letters and progress.

Dr. Koo Replies

Dr. Wellington Koo, who rose amid cheers, replied:

"First of all I want to thank the Chairman for the kind words he has addressed to my country and to me personally. I feel much touched by the words which have come from his heart so spontaneously. I am glad to be here with you this evening and to participate in the meeting dedicated to a cause which is dear to the heart and soul of every Chinese. That I am able to enjoy this opportunity so soon after my arrival in London, may be attributed to a coincidence of dates, but it is really due to the kindness of the China Campaign Committee in inviting me, and I am thankful for it.

As you all know, I have come to London to represent my country at the Court of St. James. The fact that once before I had the honour already to be China's diplomatic representative here only enhances the pleasure and delight of my present mission. I am proud to be able to count many people here and elsewhere in the country amongst my friends, and pleased to make the acquaintance of those whom I meet for the first time.

Today marks the beginning of China's fifth year of war against Japanese aggression and the thoughts of the whole Chinese nation are turned to the memory of those who have sacrificed their lives for the cause of China. In order that they shall not have died in vain, the people of China are more determined than ever, to continue their struggle until the final victory is achieved. United in this purpose they face the future with hope and confidence.

Paradoxical as it may sound, it is nevertheless true that the Chinese Army is today larger, better equipped and more efficient in dealing with the enemy. Four years of fighting have also helped it to develop a technique of resistance which makes up, in considerable measure, for the inferiority of its equipment and its weapons. This is one of the reasons which account for the striking failure of the so-called spring offensive of this year as of last year launched by the Japanese Army against the Chinese forces after months of careful preparation.

Excellent Morale

In the rear, the morale of the civil population leaves little to be desired. Four years of untold sacrifice and suffering have not shaken their faith in ultimate victory, but, on the contrary, steeled their hearts to go on until the last invader is expelled from Chinese soil. With this common end in view, they help the Government to create new war industries and enlarge old ones; develop natural resources and solve other war-time economic problems. New roads have been built and increased facilities for transport and communication have been established. The double programme of resistance and reconstruction has been put into execution.

In short, by close co-operation between Government and people, by the united effort of the whole nation, we have fought the invader to a standstill. In the past twelve months he has lost more ground than he has gained, in spite of his repeated efforts to press forward with his superior weapons. The war of conquest has become a stalemate for Japan with a million of her soldiers bogged in China.

The blood and tears of the Chinese people have thus not only saved their country from destruction but have also rendered a signal service to the cause of freedom throughout the world. Had China laid down her arms in submission, the mighty war-machine of the Island Empire in the Far East would have been turned long ago upon the rich Far Eastern possessions of Europe and America, upon which it has never ceased to cast a covetous eye. This is not to say of course, that Japan's wild ambitions in Eastern Siberia and in the Southern Pacific have been smothered for good, and that she will not in future try "to fish in troubled waters" at a favourable moment and exploit the misfortunes of others for her own benefit; but it does mean that whatever adventure Japan may undertake in those regions, her power of doing mischief will be found to have been circumscribed by China's continued resistance on the Asiatic Continent.

A Proud Record

While China has reason to be proud of her record, she is also grateful for the sympathy and support which the friendly nations have extended to her. The aid and assistance of Great Britain, the United States and the Soviet Union have been particularly conspicuous. Whatever the nature and extent of the help given her, and though it has been often wished that the figures had been more impressive, it has been received with appreciation. It has been a source of encouragement to the whole Chinese nation and helped to make it easier to endure the suffering and sacrifices attendant upon their heroic defence against the invasion.

This is especially true in the effects upon the morale of the Chinese people. As is well-known, China has been a consistent advocate of the principle of collective security based upon mutual aid. Her representatives in international gatherings have always upheld it on all appropriate occasions. She has always believed and believes today "with greater conviction than ever that a world order of peace and security amongst nations can be built up only on the basis of that principle. In this connection I feel I cannot refrain from expressing the appreciation and gratitude of the Chinese nation for the ceaseless effort which your distinguished chairman, Lord Cecil, has been exerting throughout his life for the cause of international co-operation.

Tribute to Soviets

Only a fortnight ago, another peace-loving country has been violently attacked. A big battle on a scale unprecedented in history is being fought and its outcome may seriously affect not only the destiny of whole Europe but also the future of Eastern Asia. I need not tell my distinguished colleague the Soviet Ambassador who has honoured us with his presence where the sympathy of the Chinese people lies. The valuable aid of his country to China in the past four years is always gratefully remembered. But it is fitting that I should take this opportunity to pay a high tribute to the bravery and heroic resistance of the Soviet nation.

Across the Atlantic the great American Republic, thanks to the far-sighted wisdom and courageous leadership of its President, has dedicated itself to be the arsenal and granary of democracy. This fact, I am sure, will eventually prove to be a decisive factor in the resistance to aggression, be it in Asia or in Europe. It is therefore gratifying to note that every effort is being made to intensify production and expedite aid to the nations fighting on different fronts but for the common cause of freedom. For it is obvious that the fuller and faster this aid is given, the more speedily will the final victory be won.

A World Front

These four Powers together with the other liberty-loving nations constitute in fact a world-wide front against aggression and a formidable bulwark in defence of freedom. Alliance or no alliance, the victory or defeat of one will have an immediate and far-reaching effect upon the safety or success in arms of the others. Their destinies are in many ways linked together, one with another. It is my belief that the closer the collaboration between them the surer and sooner will be their final victory.

Notwithstanding the thrilling events in Europe, the importance of the Far Eastern front remains in the general strategy of the resistance against aggression. China has been, so to speak, holding the fort on that front for the past four years with untold sacrifice. She has pledged herself to continue her effort and she will fulfil her pledge whatever the cost in life and blood of her people. This will be her contribution in collaboration, in future as it has been in the past, for the defence of the common cause.

Latterly, apparently owing to the grave situation in Europe, there seems to be a tendency or perhaps only a temptation to deal softly with the aggressor in the Far East, as was done with Italy in the months before and after the outbreak of the war in Europe. But I am afraid it will be found in the future as in the past, that to appease the unscrupulous is only to play into their hands and aggravate the situation in the end. Firmness with a readiness to back it up with action will alone carry conviction with the rapacious and the predatory, and keep them from doing greater mischief. I do not believe that the defenders of freedom will compromise on question of principle, and I am inclined to think on the contrary that they are equally imbued with the spirit of co-operation in defence of the common cause. China on her part therefore confidently hopes that greater aid will be extended to her, commensurate with the needs and importance of the Far Eastern front. Through united purpose and concerted effort the cause of freedom cannot fail to win an early and final victory in Asia as well as in Europe.

Appeal for China Cause

Dr. A. D. Belden made an intense appeal for the China cause and explained they had inaugurated a fund of £1000 to reinforce the medical and relief services at work amongst the Chinese people. He said we owed an immense debt to the Chinese people (cheers). The Chinese Minister for Holland referred to the articles in the press that morning about Japanese aggression which he regarded as messages of goodwill and encouragement and a recognition of the undaunted part which China had played against the war of agression. He associated himself with Dr. Koo is expressing heartfelt thanks to the British people in general and the China Committee in particular as well as to many people of other nationalities who were friends of China and who had not only sympathised with their cause but also had given expression to the sentiments of sympathy from one country to another.

After repeated calls to M. Maisky to make a speech he said:—

"I am afraid I am going to disappoint you. From the bottom of my heart I want to express my gratitude to all of you for your friendly feelings towards my country which animated your insistent desire to hear a few words from me but I think that this is not the time yet—nor the occasion—for me to talk to you at length and I refrain from this tonight. I would once more express my gratitude for all the sympathy you feel for my country or of the Soviet Republic and for the whole of the world.

I am sure that the great battle which is going on just now in the East is the turning point of this War (cheers) and on the outcome of this battle depends not only the future of my own country, but the future of the world."

Finally Mr. Gollancz moved a vote of thanks to His Excellency. He gave the purposes of the China Campaign Committee and explained that it was the only body which kept before the British people the cause of China for which she was fighting. They brought before the British people the fact that when the War broke out in the Far East it was the beginning of not only a war between two countries but of aggression against the civilized world. The work of the Committee had shown that there was a real love for the Chinese people in this country.

Mr. Owen Green broadcast last night a general review of the four years of War in China.

British-U.S. Talks Seen As "Grave Threat" to Japan

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

Continuous series of conferences between British and American leaders in the Far East should be regarded as a "grave threat" to the establishment of an East Asia prosperity sphere, the "Kokumin Shimbun" warned editorially.

The "Kokumin" asserted that Japan cannot remain unconcerned over these conferences which are held within the prosperity sphere, and that their purpose is to apply pressure and threaten Japan militarily, politically and economically.

The paper was of the opinion that through the Manila meeting between British and American leaders, the two countries were putting "finishing touches" to their joint military, political and economic co-operation in the Far East.

Even if Anglo-United States relations with Japan cannot be readjusted, the "Kokumin" declared, relations "should never be allowed to worsen." However, the Far Eastern situation has turned into a "dangerous touch-and-go condition" through the aggressive action of Britain and America.

Prominent Play in Papers

Leading metropolitan dailies this morning gave prominence to reports of the Anglo-American conference at Manila and warned Japan to take adequate precautionary measures. Despite the prominence given the reports, the general tone was calm.

Although looking to an intensification of joint Anglo-American effort to complete the military encirclement of Japan, the Manila correspondent of the influential Tokyo "Asahi," in a radio-telephone conversation with his papers, nevertheless asserted, "The conference will see no immediate or concrete results."

With the despatch of American planes to Malaya recently, joint Anglo-American air defence must have been discussed, the "Asahi" correspondent reported. He added that planes for co-operation between Chungking troops in southwestern China, and British troops in Burma also were mapped out.

Queried as to the actual state of the so-called crisis, the correspondent asserted "It is best described as a breathing spell in a dismal situation."

Iron Out Weak Points

The "Nichi-Nichi" Manila correspondent, meanwhile, believed that the conference was held in order to iron out numerous weak points in the Anglo-American encirclement of Japan.

"The meeting also had a political significance of efforts to maintain a pact in the Pacific in view of the European situation by intimidating of Japan, thereby preventing the latter's positive move to construct a prosperity sphere in East Asia," the "Nichi-Nichi" correspondent said.

He further pointed out that if the British effort to divert the delicate Japan-American relations to its own advantage, therefore, "Japan should judge the true military situation in the Far East, and at the same time, realize the political nature of the Manila meeting, thereby preparing her future steps in her southward policy."

Pressure on Thailand

The recent conference in Singapore among British Far Eastern military and diplomatic leaders, including Sir Josiah Crosby, British Minister to Thailand, has formulated a definite programme to bring pressure to bear on Thailand to compel the latter to abrogate the Thai-Japanese friendship pact, the "Yomiuri" reported from Bangkok today.

In order to obtain this objective, a plan has been mapped out for undermining the political prestige of Premier Luang Pibul Songgram, the "Yomiuri" understood.

Initial Step in Policy

As an initial step to carrying out such a policy, the paper said, Sir Josiah Crosby is expected to present the Thai Government with a representation, including the following demands, first, specific Thai assurance of neutrality, secondly, extension by Thailand of priority to Britain in the acquisition of vital Thai raw materials in exchange for a British guarantee to supply Thailand with materials it may need, and thirdly, immediate termination by Thailand of pro-Axis tendencies.

Viewing such an indication with concern, Thai government officials, however, are reportedly considering steps to counter the British policy toward Thailand, the "Yomiuri" concluded.—Domei.

Cardinal Seriously Ill

Vatican City, Oct. 7.

Lorenzo Cardinal Lauri, 80, who would act as Pope in the event of the Pontiff's death, underwent an operation yesterday and his condition was causing some apprehension.

Cardinal Lauri is the Chief Penitentiary to the post of Camerlengo, (a position corresponding to Foreign Minister) for the Holy Roman Catholic Church.—United Press.

When Dictators Conferred in Russia

A picture taken during the five-day conference between Hitler and Mussolini at Hitler's headquarters in the Russian front. From left to right: Italian Chief of Staff, General Ugo Cavallero, Mussolini, Hitler, General Keitel, General Hans Yodl of the German army, and Major Christian.

Britain, Italy May Exchange Wounded

Rome, Oct. 6.

It is learned from reliable sources that the British and Italian Governments are now contacting each other with a view to arranging an exchange of wounded prisoners of war, similar to the exchange scheduled between the British and German Governments.—Havas Telemondial

War Is the Most Critical Issue Facing Australia

Canberra, Oct. 7.

"I regard the war as the outstanding issue confronting the country," asserted the new Prime Minister, Mr. John Curtin, after announcing the new Cabinet yesterday.

"My reason for assigning the portfolio of the army to the Deputy Prime Minister, Mr. Francis Michael Forde, is that it is a most important thing that the men standing between Australia and the enemy should be backed up by the nation's whole resources."

The Cabinet's appointments are regarded here as emphasizing as significantly as possible the importance placed by the Government upon conduct of the war. The Cabinet will be sworn in today. Mr. G. W. Martens has been elected Secretary of the Labour Party.—Reuter.

New Cabinet Analyzed

BY AN AUSTRALIAN POLITICAL JOURNALIST

London, Oct. 7.

Mr. John Curtin's New Federal Labour Government in Australia,—the first since the Rt. Honourable J. H. Scullin was defeated early in 1932—is quite good. Considering that members of the Parliamentary Labour Party did the choosing, Curtin has not fared badly in personnel. Beyond one or two exceptions, in which, had he had free choice, one could imagine him marking them down as "reserves."

His Cabinet will not escape the criticism that it is somewhat top-heavy but it has a good top. Reducing the assessment to cricketing parlance and proportions it is a "very good batting side down to number seven," and does not suffer by comparison with the Ministry it has supplanted.

The three pillars of wisdom will be Mr. John Curtin, the Prime Minister, Dr. Herbert Vere Evatt, and Mr. Beasley, the last-named being in the very responsible office of Supply and Development. He served his apprenticeship as Assistant Minister of Industry under Scullin.

One of the "Big Four"

Two other sons of the soil join him in Ministerial rank. Mr. Francis Michael Forde, who, though he became an electrical engineer, came from one of the richest of Queensland's agricultural districts, will share with the three strong men mentioned in giving the Cabinet its "solidarity." He was Trade Minister in the Labour Ministry of 1930, and has since been Curtin's Deputy-Leader. He is now War Minister.

Mr. Scully is another who spent his boyhood in rural surroundings and became a wheat-grower, and obviously has qualities which commended him to the Prime Minister in making him Minister for Commerce, although he did not enter Federal politics until 1937. Scully is one of Australia's best judges of Australia's broadacres coursing as distinct from the greyhound track.

A Natural Choice

Mr. Chifley, who forsook work in the New South Wales Railway Department to enter politics was the natural choice for the Treasury Ministry through having played a lively part in Australia's Royal Commission on banking and monetary systems. He held the defence portfolio under Scullin.

The Supplies and Navy Minister, Mr. N.J.O. Makin, suckled though he was in the rather turbulent atmosphere of Broken Hill—one of the greatest metallurgical centres of the world—has always been a Labour moderate. Like Britain's Ernest Brown, Makin sometimes takes a Sunday afternoon platform for a change. He is quite a polished speaker, and until recently graced the Speaker's Chair in the House of Representatives.

Scotland has provided Australia's Minister for War Organization, Mr. John Johnstone Dedman, who had the distinction of defeating at the polls Australia's "Anthony Eden," otherwise Mr. Richard Casey, who is now Australian Minister at Washington. Dedman fought all through the last war and then joined the Indian Army until he migrated to Australia in 1922. He completed at Melbourne University, studies he had begun at Edinburgh.

Aircraft Production Head

Of other members of the new Government, mention is due to Mr. Cameron, who has the vital job of Aircraft Production. How far a life-long study of economics, philosophy and technical education has fitted him for the office is not easy to say, but Mr. Curtin is a good "picker" and must have had good reasons. Cameron served in the Boer War with the Australian forces, and at the outbreak of the Great War in 1914 took the platform as the uncompromising opponent to Hughe's conscription proposals.

One of the entertainments of the new Parliament will be, perhaps, the old rivalry, in the reversed positions of the incisive Menzies, who, when it comes to political repartees may embarrass more than he has hitherto been embarrassed, and John Curtin, the new Prime Minister.—Reuter.

Spokesman Attacks N.E.I. Shipments

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

Mr. Iichi Kishi, Deputy Spokesman of the Cabinet Board of Information, today reiterated that shipments of supplies by the Netherlands East Indies to Soviet Russia would be considered an "unfriendly act" to Japan.

He declined, however, to comment on what Japan's action would be in the event Russian ships laden with N.E.I. supplies went to Vladivostok.

The Japanese have opposed such shipments in the past on grounds that Japan was prevented from obtaining supplies there, and that such shipments might be used against Japan sometime in the future.

Poland Not Recognized

Responding to a question by a Polish correspondent on why Japan had decided to close the Polish Embassy here, Mr. Kishi declared that "Japan has recognized Germany's annexation of Poland, of which Germany sometime ago notified Japan.

"We decided to close the Embassy because we did not recognize Poland's existence."

Mr. Kishi, however, declined to comment on whether similar action would be taken in regards to the Belgian and Netherlands Embassies since "we have not been informed by Germany of their annexation."

Asked if Japanese ships intended to make more frequent sailings to South American countries, Mr. Kishi said that although diplomatic difficulties were involved in connection with the United States' freezing and embargo actions, Japan "is making utmost efforts to maintain and increase trade and friendly relations with South American countries."—United Press.

Ships Said Loading

Tokyo, Oct. 7.

Several Soviet ships which entered Soerabaya during the last few weeks are now being loaded with rubber, petroleum, coffee and other materials and are due to leave for Vladivostok in the near future, the Tokyo "Nichi-Nichi" reported from Manila.—Domei.

Punjab to Have Defence-Exercises

Bombay, Oct. 7.

One of the greatest war games ever staged in India starts today, when a mock air invasion attack will be reproduced as realistically as possible throughout the North-Western Frontier Province and the Punjab.

Parachutists followed by airborne troops will attempt to seize aerodromes, explosions will take place at unexpected hours, substratosphere bombing planes will "bomb" strategic points, and vital communications centres will be theoretically dislocated in order to practise the speedy opening of alternative routes, while a complete black-out will be observed until October 14 over the entire area.

Besides providing a thorough test of India's defences, the aerial attack exercise is also aimed at making the population "blitz minded," affording a realistic practice for civil defence workers.

Thousands of troops are also taking part in the exercises. They are at present moving to their dispositions for internal defence should India be attacked.—Reuter.

Germans Reported Arriving in Tokyo

Singapore, Oct. 7.

Informed sources, commenting on the British Broadcasting Company report that Gestapo agents had arrived in Japan recently, today said seven Gestapo key men had recently arrived there from Germany.

These included Colonel Meissinger, formerly Gestapo Chief in Warsaw, and Colonel Heinz, organizer of the Gestapo in Spain.

These informed circles said the German fifth column in Japan was responsible for the recent outbreak of Japanese action against German Jews as well as against older Germans in Japan who were not sympathetic to the Nazis.

These quarters said the newly-arrived Gestapo agents were engineering the arrests of prominent members of the Tokyo club—Mr. Graham Martyr, former teacher at the Peers School, Mr. J. Day Mason, former Honorary Secretary of the Club and Dr. Frantisek Havlicek, former Czechoslovak Minister to Japan—aiming at eliminating the friendly Anglo-Japanese contacts which the club facilitates. The agents were also said to be attempting to stir up Anglo-Japanese difficulties in order to estrange Japan from the democracies and tighten the Nazi hold on Japan.—United Press.

McNutt Confident Of China's Ultimate Victory

Washington, Oct. 7.

Democratic outposts in the Orient "protect our channels to the rubber of the East Indies, our access to the tin of Sumatra and our supply of graphite, declared the Federal Security Administrator, Mr. Paul V. McNutt speaking at the United China Relief rally in New York yesterday in the course of which he voiced confidence in a Chinese Victory.

"And down the Burma Road," he continued," comes tungsten for high speed tools. From India come high quality mica for the spark plugs of tanks and fighting planes. From Russia, India, Africa and the Philippines comes manganese. America cannot let these routes be closed."

Mr. McNutt added that "China has an army of 3,000,000 men fully trained and fully officered. That does not count the semi-organized guerilla bands that harass the thin lines of the aggressor in every province. Only one who has visited China can understand how fragile is the hold of the aggressor. China will win."—Reuter.

Escaped Graf Spee Men Arrested in Brazil

Porto Alegre, (Brazil), Oct. 7.

Kurt Loopert and Alfred Kroen, officers of the German battleship Graf Spee, who escaped from an Argentine concentration camp, have been arrested here while attempting to return to Germany.—Reuter.

Germans Find Malta Difficult Target

London, Oct. 7.

Malta, which had several minor raids during the week-end, is described by German pilots as the most difficult target of the war. A German newspaper speaks of it as a big cobra, ready for defence or attack and dangerous to those attacking it. Malta's powerful night fighters and anti-aircraft defences are even superior to those of London, the paper adds.—Reuter.

Carnegie Steel Mill Paralyzed

Gary, Indiana, Oct. 7.

Thirteen crane operators went on strike yesterday in the Carnegie—Illinois steel company, paralyzing the world's largest steel mill.

Sixty eight furnaces and 10,000 men on the day shift were idle. It was estimated that 85 per cent. of the plant's production was for armament programmes.

The strike was called by the Congress of Industrial Organizations when three relief operators were dismissed without the company consulting the union.—United Press.

Berlin Asks Costa Rican Consulates to Be Closed

New York, Oct. 7.

The Berlin radio yesterday announced that Germany had asked Costa Rica to close consulates in Germany by October 15.—United Press.

DOUMER TEL. 70785

2.30, 5, 7, 9.15—85 cts., $1.10, $1.50

ERROL FLYNN

Olivia de Haviland—Ann Sheridan

DODGE CITY

A Great Drama of Adventure and Romance in Glorious Technicolor

CAPITOL

142 Museum Road Tel. 17100

3 SHOWS TO-DAY! at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

ERROL FLYNN

"VIRGINIA CITY"

Miriam HOPKINS Humphrey BOGART Randolph SCOTT

$1, $1.50, $2.—

—OPENS FRIDAY!—

SUPER-HOLIDAY ATTRACTION

"THE SEA HAWK"

UPTOWN TEL. 3 8484

To-day at 3, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.

Your Merriest Moments in Months!

BOB BURNS in

"ALIAS THE DEACON"

MISCHA AUER DENNIS O'KEEFE

ADDED ATTRACTION!

JOE LOUIS vs. JOHNNY PAYCHEK

Heavyweight Championship Fight

OPENS FRIDAY!

Jean Arthur William Holden "ARIZONA"

SPECIAL MORNING SHOW FRIDAY OCT. 10, at 10.30 a.m.

"A MESSAGE TO GARCIA"

To Be Presented at the Theatre Beautiful!

MOON OVER MIAMI

IN TECHNICOLOR!

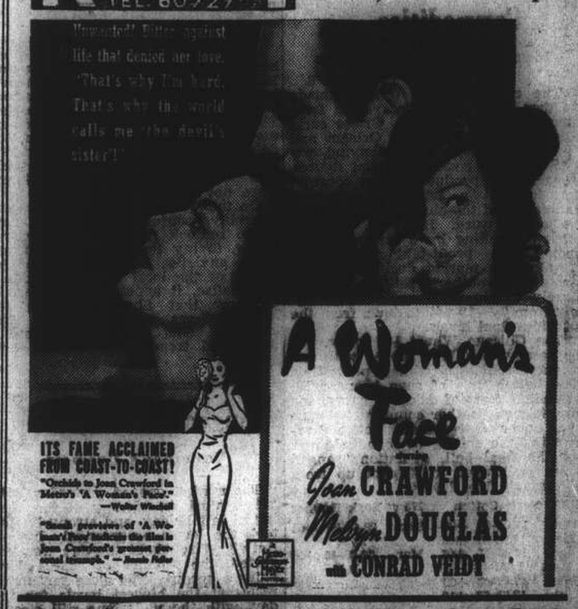
WATCH FOR IT!

—AIR-COOLED AND AIR-CONDITIONED—

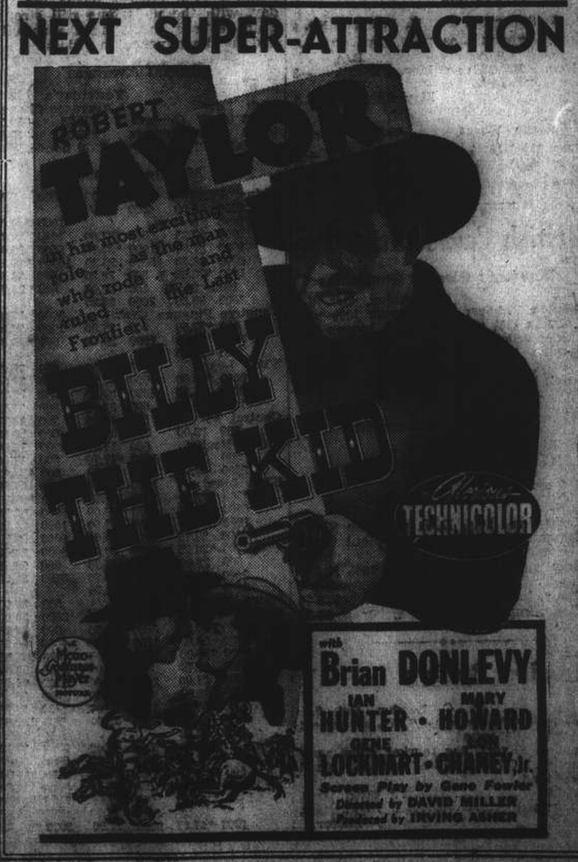
ROXY TEL. 60727

—TO-DAY!—

at 2.30, 5.30 and 9.15 p.m.



NEXT SUPER-ATTRACTION



GOLDEN GATE THEATRE 745 AVE. FOCH TEL. 74446

3 SHOWS TO-DAY! At 2.30, 5.30, 9.15 p.m.

THRILL FOR THRILL...STAR FOR STAR....The Mightiest screen entertainment of them all!

Clark Gable Spencer Tracy Claudette Colbert Hedy Lamarr

in "BOOM TOWN"

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Super Production

Owing to the huge expenditure incurred in the production of this film, we are reluctantly compelled to increase the admission charges during the running of this super film. The increased admission charges are as under:—

$1.30 $1.50 $2.50

OPEN UNTIL 4 A.M.

A Pleasing Floor Show

GLORIA ANDICO'S MUSIC

CASANOVA BALLROOM

Next to the Nanking Theatre

SOL GREENBERG, Manager.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3$\frac{5}{32}$d.		$ 76.04
U.S. $100 @ 5$\frac{9}{32}$		$1,893.49
Guilders	9⅞	$100
Rupees	17½	100
Pesos	10$\frac{5}{16}$	100
Hongkong	$21	100

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3¼d.	$ 73.84
U.S. $100 @ 5⅜	$1,860 46
London—demand, $1=	3¼d.
4 months' sight credits	3$\frac{5}{16}$d.
4 months' sight docts	3$\frac{11}{32}$d.
6 months' sight credits	3$\frac{11}{32}$d.
6 months' sight docts	3⅜d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $5¾
4 months' sight credits	U.S. 5\frac{7}{16}$
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $5½

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

Java Guilders ....Selling 9⅞

HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Sterling basis	@ 6d per H.H.$ 1
U.S.$ basis	@ 9¾ per H.H.$100
Local $ (Fapi) buying	@ 205 per H.H.$100

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

SELLING Cash				BUYING Oct./Nov.
£	T.T.	3$\frac{5}{32}$	4 m/s. l.c.	3⅜
U.S.$	T.T.	5$\frac{9}{32}$	4 m/s. l.c.	5$\frac{9}{16}$
Rs.	T.T.	17½	15 d/s.	18

SILVER QUOTATIONS

	Ready	For'd
London pence per std. oz.	23½	23$\frac{7}{16}$
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34¾	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	62.15.6	—
Bombay offtake 100 bars.		

U.S.$/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for Oct. 6	4.03¾
Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	4.02
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	4.04

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Oct. 6.

Bombay Rupee T. T. on:

N. Y.	332¾-333¼	London	1/5$\frac{31}{32}$
Shanghai	19 N.	2 mths	
Hongkong	85	„ sellers	1/5$\frac{31}{32}$
		„ buyers	1/6$\frac{1}{32}$

London £ Sterling T. T. on.

New York	402.50	Shanghai	3$\frac{5}{16}$d.
Madrid	40.00	Bombay	1/6$\frac{1}{32}$
Berne	17.30	Hongkong	1/3$\frac{1}{16}$
Bel. Congo	176½	Singapore	2/4$\frac{3}{16}$

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Spain	9.25 N.	Brazil	5.05
Paris	2.30	Shanghai	5.40/55*
S'zerland	23.32	Hongkong	25.33
Sweden	23.85	Hungary	19.85
Montreal	83.750	Manila	49.85 N.

London	4.03¾
Buenos Aires, Paper	29.78
„ „ „ market rate	23.38
Montreal on London	4.54$\frac{15}{16}$

N—Nominal *—Nom quoted.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:		Oct. 6.
Fine Bank Bills,	3 mths.	1$\frac{1}{32}$%-1$\frac{1}{16}$%
Bank Bills,	6 mths.	1$\frac{1}{16}$%-1⅛%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 mths.	2½%-3%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 mths.	3%-3½%
Call Money		¾-1%
New York:		
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months		0½%B 0$\frac{7}{16}$%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months		0$\frac{9}{16}$%B 0½%A
Call Money		1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

U.S. Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Oct. 6.

The cotton market opened steady to firm, with quotations ruling from two to nine points up. Prices early advanced on trade, New Orleans and Wall Street replacement buying, expectations of smaller Bureau figures, reports that producers were continuing to hold a large percentage of ginnings and the absence of important hedge pressure. However, on the scale-up, selling by a leading "spot" house and profit-taking appeared. Finally, the market declined further on active southern selling to close barely steady, with quotations ranging from 7 to 19 points down from the previous final levels.

The Chicago Wheat Pit today was a narrow trading affair, with an undercurrent of steadiness prevailing. The better tone of soya beans, with attendant fears of delay in harvesting due to wet weather counteracted concern over Government policies regarding the selling of loan holdings. At the final bell, quotations ranged from unchanged to ¼ cent up from Saturday's final levels.

New York Cotton			New York Rubber		
Oct.	17.04-04	+08	Dec.	22.46-50	—01
Dec.	17.26-27	+08		B/A	
Jan.	17.33 N.	+07	Mar.	22.25-40	+05
Mar.	17.51-54	+10		B/A	
May	17.67-68	+09			
July	17.75-77	+19			

N. Y. Sugar No. 3			N. Y. Sugar No. 4		
Jan.	2.90-95 B/A	—03	Dec.	2.46½-47½ B/A	—2
Mar.	2.83-87 B/A	unc.	Mar.	2.42-42½ B/A	—3
			May	2.42-42½ B/A	—3

Chicago Wheat			Chicago Corn		
Dec.	121⅛-121⅛	—¼	Dec.	80⅛-80⅛	+⅜
May	125⅞-126	unc.	May	85½-85½	+⅛

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Oct. 6.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 13⅝ unc; sellers 13¾ unc; Nov. del. buyers 13⅝ unc; sellers 13¾ unc.

London Tin: Standard, cash, buyers £256, —¼; sellers £256¼ —¼; 3 mths del. buyers £260½ +¼; sellers £260¾ +¼.—Reuter.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn. 20's, D.H. per bale	$2,030
Tungchow cotton .. per picul	560 picul
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78%	$7,500 Nom.
Flour, local .. per bag (491b.)	$34.75
Flour, imported „	35.20

London Bullion

London, Oct. 6.

London Gold: Bar Gold, Fine, per ounce; 168/-, unchanged.

London Silver: The market ruled very quiet. Official selling satisfied small demand.

Spot	23½d. unc.
Forward	23$\frac{7}{16}$d. unc.

—Reuter

Further Gains Reported on Local Marts

By W. H. WIENER

With the local share market being extremely animated, the flow of transactions was even heavier yesterday than in the course of the past few trading sessions. Recent gains were largely improved, and the undertone of the market remained bullish throughout the two sessions without showing any signs of slackening.

For a while it looked as if operators were afraid of not getting their buying orders executed quickly enough and purchases continued unabated regardless of spectacular increases in most counters.

There were no particular features unless one calls the whole list a feature, advancing, as it did, almost continually from a firm opening. It may be stated, though, that rubber shares were not so actively traded as the rest of the list, lagging somewhat behind the impressive gains of leading industrials and shipping shares.

Other local markets, or perhaps it would be better to say the other local markets since there are only two left, the cotton exchange and the cash gold bar market, moved in sympathy with the local stock exchange, cash bars touching the $10,000 mark while the price of the standard cotton yarn brand advanced to such record highs that the market was closed in the afternoon, with transactions continuing outside the floor at still higher rates.

In attempting to analyze the behaviour of the market, one involuntarily turns in the first place to the beloved term, called the Pacific outlook, in order to get a clue for the hectic movements on local speculative markets. A survey of yesterday's political news, however, does not offer a satisfactory solution of the problem at issue since the situation did not undergo any sudden change which could be made responsible for the continual rise of share prices. On the contrary, it was reported that negotiations in Washington between the United States and Japan are not proceeding too well.

Another possible explanation might be found in the foreign exchange situation and the usual cluster of rumours and anxieties surrounding that delicate barometer. Here one is likely to meet with more success, and indeed there was a large majority of expert opinion yesterday which contributed the bullish sentiment on local markets to anxieties on the part of the Chinese populace about the future of the Chinese dollar.

Flight of Capital

Since it has become next to impossible to obtain large amounts of United States dollars on the local black market, and as it was further rumoured that the Stabilization Board was going to cut down its exchange allotments, Chinese operators hastened to sink their funds in some tangible investments, or at least what they thought to be tangible. In addition to these reports, anxieties were expressed to the extent that the notes of the Nanking regime were making headway which stories, in conjunction with the aforementioned reports, intensified the flight of Chinese capital into commodities and shares.

It is a moot point for how long a hectic movement like that witnessed for the past few days is likely to continue. Although the rate of earnings has further declined amounting to about six per cent. for the average local industrial share, according to local analysts, this consideration is likely to be superseded by the stronger motive of safeguarding one's funds, earnings or no earnings.

Today's session might constitute a test for the standing power of the market, though, since a long weekend is approaching, and it takes a lot of optimism on the one hand or anxieties on the other to carry one's positions over three days.

Applications Granted

Exchange brokers, on the other hand, pointed out that the situation has not shown any sudden change, and it was reported that applications were granted yesterday which left Shanghai on September 17. Furthermore, it was said that local cotton delegations were left in the cold and returned to Shanghai considerably disappointed since most of their hopes were not fulfilled.

On the whole, the situation is considerably confused, with the long range outlook presenting no silver lining, to say the least. Even if all these anxieties with regard to the future of the local dollar should not materialize, it appears to be certain by now that Shanghai is in for difficult times, with commerce and industry being bound to assume a downward trend in many of their sections.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market opened yesterday with prices much in advance of the closing of last Friday, and strong buying took the levels progressively higher. Activity throughout the day was unabated, the number of shares done being a record. The close saw many issues at the highest levels for the day, with the undertone still strong. Both sections shared in the activity and in the advance in prices.

Official Averages

High	Low		Yesterday's Averages	Change
477.23	105.32	General	391.76	+10.34
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	393.60	+13.78

Total 1,801,642 shares, 2,220 bonds.

Morning Session

China Finance			5000	3.00	5000	2.95
	9000	3.00	4000	2.97½		
Yangtsze Finance					1000	*27.00
	1000	27.25	500	*27.50	1000	27.75
	1000	27.50	1000	*27.75	5500	28.00
	4000	28.50	5500	28.25	16000	*28.25
	1000	*28.00	500	28.25	500	28.50
	1000	28.75	100	29.00	500	28.75
	1500	28.50	1000	28.25		
Yangtsze Finance (New)					3000	27.25
	500	*27.50	500	27.50	1000	28.00
	3500	27.75	1000	28.75	500	*28.25
	500	28.25				
S'hai Loan			500	31.50	500	32.00
	2000	*32.00	7000	31.75	500	31.50
	3000	31.25	4500	32.00	2000	32.25
	1500	32.00	500	31.50	500	31.75
Central Prop.			500	27.50	700	27.75
	300	28.00	300	28.25	200	28.50
China Realty			500	17.50	1000	17.80
	500	17.70	1000	*17.70	500	17.60
	2500	17.70	500	17.90	500	*18.00
S'hai Land			1000	27.50	24000	27.25
	4500	*27.50	1500	27.50	2500	*27.75
	6500	27.75	6000	*28.00	9500	27.75
	1000	*27.75	5000	*27.50	1000	27.50
	2000	27.75	6000	28.00	9000	28.25
	1000	*28.25	3500	28.50	8000	28.75
	500	29.00	1000	*28.75	500	28.75
	1500	28.50	1000	28.25	3500	28.00
	1000	28.25	500	28.50		
Metro. Land					500	20.00
Dockyards			1600	49.75	2900	50.00
	1000	50.50	3000	50.00	800	49.75
	2100	50.00	1100	*50.50	4500	50.50
	1500	*51.00	7700	50.00	200	*49.75
	2300	49.75	300	*50.00	2800	50.50
	300	51.00	2000	51.00	1200	51.50
	2600	52.00	900	*52.50	2600	52.50
	3100	53.00	1100	53.00	1400	52.50
	1100	51.50	2200	52.00	200	*52.00
	600	52.50				
Asia Navigation			7500	17.40	2500	17.30
	3000	17.40	5000	17.50	6000	17.60
	500	*17.60	13000	17.70	2000	*17.70
	1000	17.60	11000	17.70	5500	17.60
	1500	*17.70	500	*17.60	1000	*17.50
	500	17.50	9000	17.70	6500	17.80
	1000	*17.80	8000	17.90	2000	*18.00
	1000	18.00	1500	17.90	1500	17.80
	1500	17.70	500	*17.80	6000	*17.60
Ewo Brewery			5500	10.00	2500	9.95
	1000	9.90	7000	*10.00	500	*9.95
	8000	10.00	14500	10.10	2500	*10.00
	8000	10.10	3000	10.00	5500	10.10
	1000	10.20	1000	10.10	6500	10.20
	2000	10.30	3000	10.50	10000	10.40
	1500	*10.50	500	10.40	7000	10.30
	6000	10.20	2000	*10.30	1000	10.30
Wheelock			500	128.50	2800	128.00
	1300	*128.50	2200	128.50	1200	129.00
	700	129.50	300	130.00	400	*129.00
	400	*128.50	900	129.00	1200	128.50
	100	128.00	1300	128.50	700	129.00
	100	*129.00	600	129.50	1400	130.00
	500	132.00	500	133.00	200	132.00
	1100	130.00	1100	130.50	400	*130.50
	100	130.50	100	*131.00	100	131.00
Ewo Mills (Ord)			100	59.50	7200	59.00
	2000	56.50	6700	59.00	400	59.50
	3000	*59.50	300	*59.00	4000	59.00
	500	*58.50	100	*59.00	1900	58.50
	1600	59.00	1900	59.50	1200	*59.50
	1400	60.00	400	60.50	1400	61.00
	2300	*61.50	2200	61.50	900	61.00
	1700	60.50	200	*60.50	2300	60.00
	200	*60.00	1100	59.50	1300	60.00
	2300	60.50	200	60.00		
China Cotton			1000	17.20	1500	17.30
	1500	*17.20	4000	17.60	10000	*17.80
	5000	17.70	1500	*17.70	2500	17.80
	500	17.90	1500	18.00	500	18.40
	500	*18.50	5000	18.50	2000	18.70
	1000	18.60	1000	18.50	1000	18.30
	500	13.20	500	18.10	1000	18.20
	500	18.30				
Textile			500	11.70	1000	11.90
	3000	12.00	1000	*12.30	5000	12.40
	3000	*12.40	2000	12.30	1000	*12.50
	1000	*12.30	1000	12.30	1500	12.40
	500	*12.30	3500	12.50	3000	12.70
	500	*12.60	500	*12.80	500	12.90
	2000	12.80	4000	12.70		
Worsted			500	*9.90	3000	9.80
	4000	9.90	1000	9.75	4500	9.80
	500	*9.85	6000	9.90	6500	9.85
	5000	9.90	6000	9.95	1000	*9.95
	4500	10.00	500	*10.10	2000	10.10
	2000	10.20	500	9.95	500	10.10
	2000	10.00				
Tram (Bearer) £1					500	53.50
	100	55.00	200	54.50	300	55.00
C. G. Omnibus			600	23.00	1500	22.50
	100	*22.50	300	22.75	700	23.00
	300	23.25	200	*23.25	400	23.00
Telephone			100	42.50	900	43.00
	400	*43.00	200	43.25	100	43.50
	200	44.00	400	44.25	200	44.50
	300	45.00				
S'hai Gas			300	20.50	100	20.25
	300	20.50	100	*20.50	200	20.75
Paper			7000	8.25	2000	8.20
	3500	*8.25	3000	8.30	3000	8.35
	2500	8.40	500	*8.35	1000	8.40
	3000	8.45	1000	*8.50	5000	8.50
	500	8.45	3000	*8.50	5000	8.55
	2000	*8.55	4000	8.50	500	*8.50
	500	8.55	500	8.45	6500	8.50
	2000	*8.50	500	*8.55	3000	8.55
	2000	8.50	1000	*8.50	4500	8.55
	2500	8.60	500	8.65	500	*8.70
	1000	8.70	2000	8.75	1000	8.90
	1500	9.00	1500	9.10	1000	*9.10
	3000	9.20	500	9.15	2500	9.10
	500	*9.10	500	9.15	500	*9.05
	1000	*9.00	1500	9.00	2500	8.95
	2000	8.90	3500	8.85	7500	*8.85
	500	8.90	1000	*8.90	500	8.85
	4000	*8.80	2000	8.90	2000	8.85
	1500	8.90				
Lumber			700	87.00	2500	88.00
	300	*88.00	500	88.50	400	89.00
	400	*89.00	300	90.00	1000	*91.00
	1100	90.50	500	90.00	600	89.00
Metal			200	45.00	1000	*45.00
	300	44.75	2800	45.00	200	*44.75
	300	*45.00	500	44.75	6900	45.00
	300	*45.25	1500	45.00	700	45.45¼
	1000	45.50	800	45.75	1000	46.00
	500	46.25	1600	45.50	1300	46.75
	1100	46.50	2000	46.25	1000	46.50
	300	46.00	500	45.75	600	46.50
	600	46.00				
Kaiping			100	*53.50	600	53.50
	800	54.00	100	54.50		
Exploration			2000	39.50	2000	*39.75
	2500	39.75	500	*40.00	1500	40.00
	1500	*40.50	5000	40.50	1000	*40.25
	5500	40.25	2500	*40.50	10000	40.00
	1500	40.25	500	40.00	3500	40.25
	8000	40.50	1000	40.75	2000	41.00
	500	*41.00	6000	40.75	4000	40.50
	3000	*40.25	500	40.50	500	*40.25
	500	40.25	1000	*40.50	2500	40.50
	1500	*40.75	500	40.75		
Anglo Dutch			300	25.75	300	25.50
	1100	25.25	300	25.00	500	*25.25
	100	25.25	100	25.00	1500	25.25
	1000	25.50	1100	*26.00	100	*25.75
	400	25.75				
Anglo Java			700	*46.00	1400	46.00
	100	46.25	1600	46.00	1000	45.75
	3300	46.00	200	46.25	700	46.50
	300	46.75	100	47.00	300	46.75
	1100	46.80				
Batu Anam			2000	2.62½	3000	*2.60
	1000	2.65	2000	2.70	5000	2.65
Bute					500	*12.70
Chemor			1000	3.65	1000	3.67½
	2000	3.70	1000	3.75	1000	3.72½
	1000	3.75	1000	3.70		
Cheng					33000	1.66
Consolidated			500	*14.00	500	14.00
	500	*13.90	500	14.00		
Dominion			500	17.00	500	16.80
Java Consolidated					3000	*5.25
Kroewoek			2000	3.30	2000	3.35
	1000	3.35	7000	3.35	1000	*3.30
	2000	3.32½	3000	3.35	1000	3.40
	8000	3.35	1000	3.40	7000	3.37½
	3000	*3.35	1000	3.35		
Langkat			100	29.75	200	*30.00
	300	30.00	700	30.50	1000	*31.00
	1100	30.75	1300	31.00	3900	31.25
	1000	30.50	200	*31.50	400	32.00
	200	*31.75	400	31.50	200	31.25
Padang			2000	3.75	1000	3.80
	1000	3.75				
Repah			3000	2.22½	3000	*2.22½
	10000	2.30	10000	2.35	1000	2.30
Rubber Trust			1000	*18.10	500	18.40
	2000	*18.30				
Kedah					1000	17.00
Kelantan			2000	1.50	8000	1.52
	3000	1.54	2000	1.58	1000	1.56
	15000	1.60				
Samagaga					1000	3.10
Semambu					4000	2.50
Sumatra			100	36.00	1000	36.50
Sungala			500	*12.50	500	*12.00
Sungei Duri			100	*76.00	100	76.00
Tanah Merah					3000	5.30
Tebong			7000	2.50	9000	2.52½
	5000	*2.52½	1000	2.55	9000	2.52½
	23000	2.50	1000	*2.50	1000	2.52½
	3000	2.50				
Ziangbe			300	28.00	200	27.50
	2200	28.00	100	*28.00	300	28.25
	1100	28.50	100	28.25	100	28.00
	400	28.25				
Power 5¼ Debs.					50000	100.00
	2000	*100.00				

ODD LOTS

Ewo Mills (Ord)	3	60.50	20	*60.00
Exploration			152	40.75
Kedah			250	16.80
Padang			250	3.72½
China Cotton	200	17.70	40	17.60
	300 17.70	50 *17.80	100	18.50
	200 18.00			
Dockyards	24	50.00	50	*52.00
Textile			100	12.10
Telephone			60	43.25
S'hai Loan	300	32.25	450	31.75
Asia Navigation			50	17.60
China Cotton			200	18.00
Rubber Trust			200	18.00
Samagaga			800	3.07½
Semambu			100	2.47½

Afternoon Session

China Finance			3000	*3.00	1000	3.10
	4000	3.20				
Yangtsze Finance					1000	28.50
	500	*29.00	5500	28.75	500	29.00
	2000	*28.75	3000	28.75		
Yangtsze Finance (New)					1500	28.75
	2000	28.50	500	28.25		
S'hai Loan			3500	32.25	3000	32.75
	4000	*32.75	500	33.00	500	32.75
	2000	32.50	3500	32.75		
Central Prop.			100	28.00	200	28.25
China Realty			2500	17.90	2000	*17.80
	3500	17.90	1500	17.80	5000	*17.80
S'hai Land			2000	28.25	1000	28.50
	1500	*28.75	3000	28.75	5000	29.00
	5000	28.75	9000	29.00	1500	28.75
	2000	29.00	500	*28.75	6500	29.00
	500	29.25				
Dockyards			2300	*52.50	3900	52.00
	1000	53.00	1200	*53.50	1900	53.50
	100	*54.00	2500	53.50	300	53.00
	1500	52.50	7300	53.00	100	53.50
	500	*53.50	600	53.00	1500	53.50
Asia Navigation			500	*17.80	3000	17.80
	2000	*18.00	1000	*17.90	7000	18.00
	18000	18.10	3000	18.00	8000	18.10
	1000	18.00				
Ewo Brewery			500	*10.50	6500	10.50
	5500	10.80	5500	10.90	5500	*10.80
	8000	10.80	500	10.90	500	10.80
	3500	10.70	5000	*10.60	3000	10.60
	1000	*10.70	3500	10.70	4000	*10.80
	1000	10.80	500	*10.70	5000	10.80
Wheelock			1100	132.00	400	*132.50
	500	132.50	100	[illegible]	300	*133.50
	1700	133.50	1100	133.00	200	132.00
	500	132.50	500	*132.50	800	133.00
	[illegible]	133.50	500	133.00	500	*132.50
	1300	132.50	500	132.00	500	132.50
Int. Assurance					500	37.00
Ewo Mills (Ord)			1500	*60.50	1800	61.00
	500	61.50	2200	*62.00	1000	61.50
	3400	62.00	900	62.50	1200	*62.50
	900	62.00	1900	61.50	200	*61.50
	5400	62.00	600	*62.50	3000	62.00
	200	*62.00				
China Cotton			500	*18.30	1500	18.30
	500	[illegible]	500	18.40	500	18.50
	1500	18.40	500	18.30	1500	18.50
	2000	18.70	500	18.80	1500	19.00
	4000	18.90	3000	*19.00	2600	*18.80
	6000	18.80	1000	18.70	4000	[illegible]
	500	*18.80	1000	18.90	1000	18.80
	500	19.00				
Textile			1500	12.70	3500	12.80
	500	*12.80	1500	*12.90	500	*13.00
	4500	13.00	5000	13.10	2500	13.20
	3000	*13.20	1500	13.30	2500	13.20
	3000	13.30				
Worsted			500	10.00	500	10.10
	6000	10.20	4000	10.30	2000	10.20
	1500	10.10	500	10.00	1000	10.20
	1000	*10.20	2500	10.30	4500	10.40
	500	*10.50	3000	*10.60	7500	10.50
	500	10.40				
Tram (Bearer) £1					200	54.50
C. G. Omnibus			100	*23.00	2700	23.00
Telephone			500	44.50	200	44.75
S'hai Gas			900	20.75	1900	20.50
	500	20.75				
Paper			500	8.90	3000	8.95
	4500	9.00	2000	9.05	1000	*9.10
	1000	*9.05	3500	9.10	2000	*9.20
	8000	9.20	6000	9.10	500	9.05
	1000	*9.10	1000	*9.15	3000	9.15
	4000	9.10	3000	9.15	5000	9.10
	500	*9.10				
Lumber			500	*89.50	1500	*90.00
	2000	89.50	1300	89.00	200	*89.00
	400	90.00	800	89.50	1700	90.00
	100	90.50	500	90.00		
Metal			800	47.00	1100	47.25
	500	47.50	2100	47.25	100	47.00
	1800	46.75	100	*47.00	400	47.00
	600	46.75	500	*46.75	800	47.00
Kaiping			200	56.50	400	56.00
Exploration			500	41.25	500	41.00
	500	41.75	1500	42.00	500	42.25
	3500	42.00	1500	41.75	12500	41.50
	2500	41.75	3000	*41.75	1000	41.50
	1500	*41.50	4500	41.75		
Ango Dutch			800	25.75	600	26.00
	300	25.75	400	26.00	200	*26.00
	200	25.75	1300	*26.00		
Anglo Java			400	46.75	900	47.00
	800	*47.00	300	46.50	100	46.75
	*700	47.00	200	47.50		
Batu Anam			7000	2.67½	3000	2.70
Bute					500	12.90
Chemor			2000	3.72½	4000	3.75
	2000	*3.75				
Cheng					18000	1.68
Java Consolidated					2000	5.45
	5000	5.50	1000	5.55	1000	5.45
	1000	5.55				
Kroewoek			1000	3.35	2000	*3.40
	1000	3.40	1000	3.42½	1000	3.45
Kota			2000	8.00	1000	8.10
Langkat			300	31.50	400	31.75
	3100	32.00	200	*32.00		
Permata					5000	2.60
Padang					1000	3.80
Repah			6000	2.30	9000	2.35
Rubber Trust			500	19.00	500	18.50
Kelantan			1000	1.56	2000	1.58
	10000	1.60	5000	1.58	2000	1.60
	1000	1.58				
Tanah Merah			2000	5.30	6000	5.40
Sungala			500	*12.10	500	*11.90
Tebong			3000	2.55	1000	2.60
	4000	2.60	4000	2.57½	1000	2.55
	6000	2.57½				
Ziangbe			100	28.75	500	28.50
	500	28.75	400	*29.00	1200	29.00
	100	28.50				
Power 5½% Debs.					170000	100.00

ODD LOTS

S'hai Loan			100	32.00
Power (Pref)			1	144.75
Textile			300	12.90
Ewo Mills (Ord)			25	61.00
Wheelock	25	131.50	50	132.00
Rubber Trust			250	18.40
Pahang			330	7.70
Sungala			4	11.90
China Realty	8	17.70	200	18.00
China Cotton	100	17.80	460	18.30
	100 18.60	200 18.70		
Asia Navigation			100	17.50

*—Direct Business.

Active Local Stocks

	Friday Closing	Yesterday's Closing	Change in Per Cent
Shanghai Loans	29.50	32.75	—11.0
Yangtsze Finance	26.00	28.75	—10.6
China Realty	17.10	17.80	— 4.1
Shanghai Land	26.25	29.25	—11.4
Dockyards	47.50	53.50	—12.6
Wheelock	124.00	132.50	— 6.0
Ewo Beer	9.65	10.80	—11.9
Worsted	9.05	10.40	—14.[illegible]
Ewo Cotton	56.00	62.00	—10.7
New China Cotton	16.80	19.00	—13.1
Paper	7.95	9.10	—14.5
Lumber	85.50	90.00	5.3
Metal Industries *	45.25	47.00	
Explorations	38.00	41.75	— 9.9
Anglo Dutch	23.75	26.00	— 9.5
Anglo Java	44.25	47.50	— 7.3
Kroewoek	3.20	3.45	— 7.8
Langkat	29.25	32.00	— 9.7

*—Ex Dividend.

Cheng Rubber Estates Report Shows Impressive Earnings

A PROFIT of $472,538.87, a record for the company, was shown in a vary satisfactory report of the year's working of the Cheng Rubber Estates, Ltd., at the annual general meeting of shareholders, held yesterday at the offices of J. A. Wattie & Co., Ltd., secretaries and general managers, 49 Szechuen Road, when a dividend of $0.15 was declared. Mr. A. J. Welch, chairman, presided, supported by Messrs. H. Kadoorie and W. Mellor, directors, and Mr. G. A. Smith representing J. A. Wattie & Co., Ltd. The number of represented shares totalled 143,250.

The chairman in his speech said:—

The report and accounts having been in your hands for the prescribed period I propose, with your permission, to follow the usual procedure and to take them as read.

The accounts now before you disclose a profit for the year of Ch. $472,538.87 as compared with a profit of Ch.$174,693.54 last year. The chief factors that are responsible for this satisfactory result are that, owing to the milder degree of restriction that was enforced, the output of rubber was 132,678 lbs. greater than in the previous year and the average price realized was ⅝ths of a penny per pound higher; as a consequence of this increased output the expenditure on revenue accounts was 1.22 pence per pound lower, and at the time, the average rate was 12⅞ as ag...

...than they did last year and 7.62 cents more than in the year before that.

The estates are free from Lallang and other undersirable growths. Beneficient jungle growths are encouraged as they help to aerate the soil and improve its texture. The cost of weeding was 16.96 cents per acre per month as compared with 17.88 cents last year.

As is usual with all old estates, a certain amount of root disease is met with, but otherwise neither pests nor diseases gave any trouble.

All buildings were given the necessary upkeep and are in good serviceable order. The smoke house on Cheng estate will have to be replaced in the near future.

Properties in Good Conditions

Speaking generally the properties are in good condition and the buildings are sufficient for requirements.

In conclusion, Gentlemen, I would like to express our very best thanks to the manager and his subordinate staff and to the agents in Penang for the efficient manner in which they have administered the affairs of the company during the year under review.

That is all I have to say, Gentlemen, and I will now formally propose that the report and accounts, as presented, be adopted and passed. This is seconded by Mr. H. Kadoorie and the matter is now open for discussion.

Resolutions

There being no questions, the chairman then put the following resolutions to the meeting which, having been duly proposed and seconded, were carried unanimously:—

That the directors' report and statement of accounts for the year ended June 30 as presented be adopted and passed.

Proposed by Mr. A. J. Welch and seconded by Mr. H. Kadoorie.

That a dividend of Ch.$0.15 per share be paid.

Proposed by Mr. A. J. Welch and seconded by Mr. H. Kadoorie.

That Mr. H. Kadoorie be re-elected a director of the company.

Proposed yb Mr. Woo Chi Ming and seconded by Mr. N. T. Dong.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews be re-elected auditors of the company and that their fee for auditing the accounts now before you be Ch.$800.

Proposed by Mr. N. T. Dong and seconded by Mr. Woo Chi Ming.

London Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

London, Oct. 6.

Quietly steady conditions prevailed on the Stock Exchange today, with quotations showing only fractions changes either way. Some gains were recorded among British gilt-edged securities and banking issues.

Commercial and industrials also finished slightly higher, while Chinese and Japanese bonds remained at their previous levels.—Reuter.

	Oct. 3	6
U.K. LOANS		
3½% War Loan (Red.)	£106¼	106⅜
3% Defence Loan	101⅝	101⅝
CHINESE LOANS		
4½% Gold Loan, 1898	48	48
4½% Anglo-French Loan	46	46
5% Crisp Loan, 1912	29½	29½
5% Reorg. Loan, 1913	38	38
8% Stg. Notes, 1925	10	10
5% Honan Rly., 1905	14	14
5% Hukuang Rly., 1911	15	15
5% „ „ „ (Ger. Is.)	13	13
5% Lung Tsing Hai Rly.	13	13
5% S'hai-Nanking Rly.	17	17
5% T'tsin-Pukow Rly. B.	13	13
5% „ „ G.	13	13
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) B.	13	13
5% „ „ (Supl. Loan) G.	13	13
5% Canton-Kowloon Rly.	13	13
5% Chinese Imp. Rly.	60	60
JAPANESE BONDS		
5% Sterling Loan, 1907	27	27
6% Sterling Loan, 1924	29½	29½
BANKS AND INSURANCE		
Chartd. Bank of I. A. & C.	9⅝	9⅝
H. & S. Bank (Ldn. Reg.)	81	82
„ „ „ (Col. Reg.)	88 N	88 N
Mercantile Bank of India	12⅛	12¼
National Bank of India	33¾	33¾
Un. Ins. Soc. of Canton	22	22
COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIALS		
Bristol Aeroplane	10/7½	10/7½
B'tish American Tobacco	95/-	95/-
Dunlop Rubber	37/3	37/3
Imp. Chem. Industries	32/9	33/1½
United Steel	22/9	22/9
Woolworth	58/6	58/9
MINES		
Chinese Eng. & Min.	15/6	15/6
Chosen Corp.	5/6	5/6
Marsman Investments	7/6	7/6
Pekin-Syndicate	1/-	1/-
Sub-Nigel	143/9	143/9
Western Holdings	19/3	19/-
MISCELLANEOUS		
Great Western Rly.	41¾	41¾
Gula Kalumpong Rubber	15/7½	15/7½
London, Midland & Scot.	16	16
S'hai Elec. Construction	13/9	13/9
S'hai Waterworks "A"	15	15
Shell Transport & Trad.	56/3	56/3

Mexico to be Granted Stabilization Loan

Washington, Oct. 6.

After conferring with Senor Eduardo Saurez, Mexican Finance Minister who is now visiting Washington, Mr. Henry Morgenthau, Secretary of the Treasury told correspondents that a stabilization loan to Mexico would be signed in the near future.

Mr. Morgenthau said that the agreement has been practically completed with a formal announcement now boing worked cut.—Domei.

New York Stocks

Monday's Closing Quotations

New York, Oct. 6.

Speculative interest on Wall Street today continued to be curbed by fear over increasing restraints in price controls, while reports of Nazi activity caused some cautious selling, thereby making the list irregular, though movements were very narrow. Rails were sustained; coppers ruled steady; aircrafts and oils presented a rather easy appearance; merchandisings were buoyed by the recent surge of pre-tax retail activity; and, motors and steels were indecisive, with the latter disregarding the American Iron and Steel Institute's estimate to 98.1 per cent. of capacity for the current week. The market closed steady, with the turnover for the day amounting to 480,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	126.20	125.50	125.82	—0.28
20 Rails	29.39	29.15	29.21	+0.05
15 Utilit.	18.45	18.30	18.35	—0.10
40 Bonds	—	—	90.67	+0.04
11 Commod.	—	—	82.60	—0.20

Oct.	4	6	Oct.	4	6
Adams Exp	8¼	8	Int T & T	*2¼	*2¼
Alleg Lud	*22½	22¾	John Man	67½	65½
Allis Chal	*29	29½	Kenn Cop	35	35
Amer Can	84	84¾	Lib O F	28¼	28¾
Amer Cyan	40	39¾	Lock Air	28½	28¾
Am Fr Pr	0¾	0¾	Loew's	37⅞	37⅝
„ $7 pfd	*26½	27	Martin	28	28
Am Loco	12½	12¾	Mont War	34	33½
Am Metal	*20¼	20½	Nat Avia	9⅜	9½
Am Radtr	5¼	5⅛	N C Bank	*27½	*27½
Am R Mill	13⅜	13⅜	Nat D Pro	16	16⅛
Am S & R	40⅞	40⅞	Nat Dist	24½	25
Am Sug R	21	21½	Nat P & L	4⅜	4½
Am T & T	154⅜	154	Nat Sup	6½	6½
Am Tob	*71½	72	N Y Cent	12	12
Am Wtwk	4¼	4	Niagara	2½	2⅜
Anaconda	26½	26½	Nth A Avia	14½	14½
Atchison	29	29½	Nth Amer	12⅞	12¾
Aviation	3½	3¾	Nthrn Pac	7	6¾
Bald Loco	15½	15	Packard	2½	2⅜
Balt & O	4¼	4⅜	Pantepec	5	5½
Barn Oil	9½	9½	Paramount	14½	14½
Ben Avia	38½	38½	Penn R R	23	23
Beth St	66	65⅞	Phil Pet	45⅞	45½
Bliss	17½	17	Pull Inc	25⅜	25⅜
Bliss	17½	17	Pure Oil	10⅜	10⅜
Boeing	21	20¾	Radio	3½	3½
Borg Wr	20⅜	Mul	Reading	*15⅜	15½
Briggs	20½	Mul	Rem Arm	*4½	*4½
Budd Mfg	4	4	Rep Avtn	4⅜	4⅜
Can Pac	5	4½	Rep St	18½	18⅜
Cel Corp	24½	24⅜	Rey Tob	*30⅜	30⅜
C N Bank	*30¾	*30½	Schenley	16½	17
Ches & O	37½	37¾	Shell Un	14½	14½
Chrysler	58½	58⅜	Soc Vac	10	9¾
Col G & E	2⅜	2½	Sthrn Pac	13⅜	13½
Col Cred	23½	23½	Sthrn Rly	31⅜	31⅜
Com & Sth	0⅜	0⅜	Spicer Mg	*34	34½
Cons Edi	16½	16½	St Brand	5⅜	5⅜
Cons Oil	6⅜	6½	St G & E	*16½	17½
Cop St	*14½	14⅜	St Oil N J	42	41½
Curtiss	9½	9⅜	Studebak	5½	5⅜
Dist Corp	17½	18	Swift Int	24	23½
Douglas	73¾	74	Technicol	9½	9⅜
Du Pont	152⅜	152½	Tex Corp	41	40⅞
E P Lead	*8½	8½	Transame	4½	4⅜
Elec A L	29½	29½	Tw C Fox	8½	8½
Elec B & S	2½	2	Un B & P	*10⅜	11⅛
„ $5 pfd	61½	61½	Un Pac	76½	76
„ $6 pfd	66½	67	Un Air	37½	37½
P & L	35⅜	37	Un A Lines	12⅞	13½
lintkote	13⅜	13⅜	Un Corp	0½	0$\frac{7}{16}$
en Elec	31½	31½	„ $3 pfd	23½	23¾
en Motor	41	41½	Un G Imp	6⅜	6⅜
en Rly	13⅜	14¼	U S Rub	25½	24⅞
en T & R	12½	13½	U S Steel	55½	55½
oodrich	21	21	Vanadium	24½	24½
oodyear	19½	19⅜	Vultee	*10	10
t Nt I O	*16½	16⅞	Walworth	4⅜	4⅜
t W Sug	25⅜	*25½	War Br Pt	5⅜	5½
t Nt Rly	25½	26	West Elec	84½	84⅞
nt Nick	29½	29½	Wood Ir	*25	*25½
nt P & P	18½	18½			
BONDS					
m & F P	68	68½	Erie	32	32
ust Com	76⅜	*75	Int T & T	51½	51½
razil	23½	*23	N E G & E	68½	69½
„ 6½%	19¾	20	Sthrn Pac	51½	51½
C S P & L	95½	96½	St G & E	87	87½

—Bid.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices fluctuated irregularly in a light volume today, excepting in the case of a few low-priced issues, including United Corporation and Columbia Gas. Railroads presented a firm appearance: most third quarter statements are expected to be, at least, as good as those of the second quarter.

Germano–Turkish Pact Said Due Wednesday

Ankara, Oct. 7.

Reliable sources here yesterday said that a new Germano-Turkish trade pact for 60,000,000 Turkish pounds, would be signed here Wednesday.

The pact includes large quantities of dried fruits and copper exchangeable principally for machinery and enabling Germany to obtain chrome after the British monopoly expires. —United Press.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

Oct. 7.	Sales 10 a.m.		Prices p.m. Closing	
Acoje Mining	.42	B	.43	
Amalgamated Mineral	.07½	A	.07	B
Atok	.58	B	.58	B
Antamok	.06	B	.06	B
Baguio Gold	.17	B	.17	B
Batong Buhay	.0062	B	.0062	B
Bid Wedge	.66	B	.69	
Coco Grove	.07	B	.07½	
Consolidated Mines	.0062	B	.0064	B
Demonstration	.035	B	.040	
East Mindanao	.07	B	.07	B
I. X. L.	.22½		.22	B
Ipo Gold	.01	A	.01	A
Itogon	.25	B	.25	
Mambulau Con.	.011	A	.011	A
Masbate Cons.	.09	B	.09	B
North Camarines	.03	B	.030	B
Paracale Gumaus	.24	B	.24½	B
San Mauricio	.19½	B	.19½	
Surigao Cons.	.21	B	.21	B
Suyoc	.14	B	.14	B
United Paracale	.22	B	.22½	B
Mindanao Motherlode	.67		.66	
Manila Hal-Alai	10.00	A	10.00	A
Benguet Consolidated (over the counter)	3.90	B	—	

Turnover 114 Pesos.

Shares Index 84.04.

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

SWAN, CULBERTSON & FRITZ

INVESTMENT BANKERS AND BROKERS

Members of:

New York Cotton Exchange — Commodity Exchange, Inc., New York
Chicago Board of Trade — Canadian Commodity Exch., Montreal
Winnipeg Grain Exchange — New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange
New York Produce Exchange — New York Cocoa Exchange, Inc.
Manila Stock Exchange — Hongkong Sharebrokers Association

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA AND BUENOS AIRES

Cable Address: SWANSTOCK

S. E. LEVY & CO.

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, MANILA

Members of:

New York Cotton Exchange — Canadian Commodity Exchange, Inc.
Chicago Board of Trade — Manila Stock Exchange
New York Coffee Sugar Exchange — Hongkong Sharebrokers Association
Commodity Exchange, Inc., N.Y. — Malayan Sharebrokers Association

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

INCORPORATED IN THE COLONY OF HONGKONG.
THE LIABILITY OF MEMBERS IS LIMITED TO THE EXTENT AND IN MANNER PRESCRIBED BY ORDINANCE NO. 6 OF 1929 OF THE COLONY.

Authorised Capital .. HK$50,000,000
Issued and Fully Paid-up .. HK$20,000,000
Reserve Funds { Sterling .. £6,500,000 / Hongkong .. HK$10,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors .. HK$20,000,000

Board of Directors:

Hon. Mr. J. J. PATERSON, Chairman; W. H. LOCK, Esq., Deputy Chairman; J. K. BOUSFIELD, Esq., A. H. COMPTON, Esq., L. J. DAVIES, Esq., Hon. Mr. S. H. DODWELL, G. MISKIN, Esq., K. S. MORRISON, Esq., Hon. Mr. T. E. PEARCE, Hon. Mr. A. L. SHIELDS.

Chief Manager: Hon. SIR VANDELEUR M. GRAYBURN.

Head Office: HONGKONG

Branches in London, New York, San Francisco and the Principal Cities of the Far East

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Savings Bank Dept. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

A. S. HENCHMAN Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

(Incorporated in England)

Head Office: London — Shanghai Office: 4 The Bund

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .. £1,800,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL .. 1,050,000
RESERVE FUND .. 1,075,000

Branches throughout India, Ceylon, Malaya and in Hongkong and Mauritius. Agencies in all principal countries of the world.

Interest allowed on Local Currency Current Accounts @ 2% per annum.

Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts opened in sterling and other foreign currencies as well as in local currency. Banking and exchange business of every description transacted. Trusteeships and executorships undertaken.

J. R. HUXTER, Manager.

THE HUA HSING COMMERCIAL BANK

Capital (fully paid up) .. C.R.B.$50,000,000
Reserve Funds .. C.R.B.$40,500,000

Head Office: 65 Broadway, Shanghai, Telephone 46293
Branch: Chien Kang Road, Nanking
Sub-Branches: Kuan Chien Road, Soochow: Sing Ming Road, Hangchow: Erh-ma Road, Pengpu
Agencies: Chung Hua Road, Chingkiang; Chung Chang Road, Wuhu

NEDERLANDSCH INDISCHE HANDELSBANK, N.V.

255 KIANGSE ROAD, CORNER OF KIUKIANG ROAD

HEAD OFFICE: Batavia, Java

BRANCHES:

NETHERLANDS EAST INDIES: Ampenan, Bandjermasin, Bandoeng, Banjoewangi, Cheribon, Djambi, Gorontalo, Makassar, Malang, Medan, Menado, Palembang, Pasoeroean, Pekalongan, Pontianak, Probolinggo, Semarang, Soerabaia, Tandjong Balei, Tegal, Telok-Betong, Tjilatjap and Weltevreden.

BRITISH INDIA: Bombay and Calcutta.

CHINA: Shanghai, Hongkong and Amoy.

THE PHILIPPINES: Manila.

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS: Singapore.

JAPAN: Kobe and Tokyo.

All Banking Transactions.

V — C. G. RIEM, Manager, Shanghai.

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

(Nederlandsche Handel-Maatschappij, N.V. Batavia)

BANKERS ESTABLISHED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1824

Head Office: BATAVIA

SHANGHAI OFFICE: Sassoon House, 20 The Bund

34 Branches in the Netherlands East Indies, the Straits Settlements, India, Burma, China, Japan and Arabia, Correspondents in all principal towns of the world.

BANKING BUSINESS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TRANSACTED

C. J. SCHAAP, Manager.

BANQUE BELGE POUR L'ETRANGER (EXTREME-ORIENT) S.A.

(Affiliated to the Société Générale de Belgique)

Capital B. Frs. 30,000,000
Reserve: B. Frs. 3,000,000

Head Office: SHANGHAI

Branches: HONGKONG, TIENTSIN, HANKOW

YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED

(Established 1880)

CAPITAL (fully paid-up) Y100,000,000
RESERVE FUND .. Y144,650,000

Head Office: YOKOHAMA, JAPAN
Shanghai Branch: 24 THE BUND

Branches: Alexandria, Bangkok, Batavia, Berlin, Bombay, Calcutta, Canton, Chanhaikow, Dairen, Hamburg, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Hsinking, Karachi, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Manila, Moji, Mukden, Nagasaki, Nagoya, New York, Osaka, Otaru, Paris, Peking, Rangoon, Rio de Janeiro, Samarang, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sydney, Tokyo, Tokyo (Marunouchi), Tsingtao, Yinkow, Tientsin

G. KISHINAMI, Manager.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK of NEW YORK

Established 1812

MAIN BRANCH: 41 Kiukiang Road, Telephone 11500

SUB-BRANCH: 121 Route Cardinal Mercier (Cathay Mansions Building), Telephone 77136

FROM DAY TO DAY

MR. J. R. Weeks of Dodwell and Company Ltd. returned to Shanghai yesterday.

THE Young People's programme (in English) will be presented as usual today at 6.30 p.m. over Station XHMD, 760 kc or 395 m.

THE attention of XGDN listeners is drawn to the broadcast by Dr. Wellington Koo at 10.45 p.m. today. This is a relay from the B.B.C.

THE Central Reserve Bank yesterday was reported to be planning to use its auditorium on the first floor for the extension of its business department.

NEWS has been received that L. H. (Bobby) Wade who is now in Canada having completed his training in England, has been selected for advanced training in the States.

THE Shanghai Junior Golf Club will hold its closing day on Sunday, October 19, commencing at 10 a.m. In case of inclement weather indoor entertainments have been arranged.

INTENDANT-COLONEL L. R. Givaudan, one of the highest ranking French officers in Shanghai, will leave this city in the ss. Marechal Joffre today, on his way to France after spending three years in China.

H.M. SUPREME Court will be closed on Friday on the occasion of the Chinese national holiday, the double-tenth anniversary. The Police Court will be open in the morning as usual for the hearing of police cases.

HIGHLIGHTS of XGDN programmes for today are the John Harford talk, "As I See It," at 9.20 p.m. and "Ballads of Yesterday" at 9.30, sung by Mr. W. T. Fulstow accompanied by Mr. F. T. Harrop at the piano.

COL. Lung Yung-hsien, military attache to the Chinese Embassy in London, died of heart failure in a London hospital on September 28, says a belated Chungking Chinese message to the "Cheng Yien Pao."

THE Shanghai Lodge of the Theosophical Society of Point Loma, California, resumed its weekly public study group meetings yesterday at 213-C Grosvenor Gardens being the season's opening study group meeting sponsored by the society.

APPOINTED to take the vacant position of legal adviser to the French Municipal Council, formerly held by M. d'Hooghe, who was murdered outside his home on December 16, 1940, M. Louis Chapard arrived in Shanghai from France on October 1.

MR. Wang Ching-wei, President of the Nanking Government, will deliver a radio broadcast at 9 o'clock on Friday morning on the occasion of the Double Tenth. He will give a resumé of the progress made in the construction of a new China and will stress the gravity of the current international situation.

SUGAR prices saw another advance here yesterday. It was reported that a quantity of sugar had been shipped to Tientsin despite the local shortage as prices in the northern port had reached a record level. Normal supplies of sugar arrived here during the past week from the south and further shipments are expected soon.

THE "Toa Shimpo," a Peiping Japanese paper, has published an announcement withdrawing the scurrilous statements made about Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Clarke, of the British Embassy, in an article published in their issue of September 12, and expressing regret for having caused Mr. and Mrs. Clarke trouble by its publication.

A MEETING of the Russian Emigrants' Committee will be held on October 19 to find new forms of taxation among local Russians. The committee, headed by Mr. C. Sereinikoff, the acting chairman, was reported to have stated that additional funds were required to carry on the work of the various offices of the emigre body.

A DOMEI message published in the "North-China Daily News" on September 20 that the Yokohama offices of Strong & Co. were to be closed has proved incorrect. The Acting General Manager of the company, Mr. J. Levy, states in a letter that the three branches of the firm in Japan—in Kobe, Yokohama, and Nagoya—are still functioning, as they have been since 1866.

THERE were 25 deaths among foreigners and 886 among Chinese residents of the Settlement, according to the health report for the week ending October, issued by the Health Department of the Shanghai Municipal Council. Eighteen cases of amoebic and sixteen of bacillary dysentery were reported among the foreign residents, in addition to seventeen cases of typhoid fever.

AT 5.10 p.m. today the fifth lecture-recital course in music appreciation will be given at the University of Shanghai's music department, 20 Museum Road, fifth floor. The lecturer will be Dr. A. Dreifuss with collaborating soloists Miss Miriam Magasi, piano; Prof. Mor Porge, cello. "Church and Oratory Music" is the subject chosen, demonstrating mainly the instrumental style of Joh. Seb. Bach and his contemporaries and successors.

THIS week's meeting of the Rotary Club, to be held as usual at the Metropole Hotel, first floor at 12.15 p.m. tomorrow, will have as speaker Major H. Lawrence Groves, the U.S. Commercial Attache. Major Groves will take as his subject "Reminiscences of a Rambling Rotarian," having been instrumental on the continent of Europe in the formation of Rotary clubs in some of the principal cities, while he was serving there for the American Government. Members who are bringing guests, and visiting Rotarians, should notify the secretary of the club by telephoning 16450 as soon as possible.

THE programme for the first Sunday Symphony Concert to be given in the Lyceum Theatre, on Sunday, October 12, at 5.15 p.m. will be dedicated exclusively to works of Anton Dvorak (Sept. 8, 1841-May 1, 1904) to celebrate the 100th Anniversary of his birth.

Overture ....."Carnival"
Two Movements from String Quartet in F minor Op. 96
(a) Lento
(b) Scherzo—Molto vicace (For Strings only)
Air and Songs with Orchestra
(a) Rusalka's Air to the Moon (Pisen Rusalky o mesicku)
(b) "Gipsy Songs"
1. "I chant my ley." (Ma pisen zas)
2. "Hark! Hark" (Aj! Aj!)
3. "Silent and Lone ...." (A les ji tichy....).
4. "Tune thy strings, oh gipsy!" (Struna naladena,)
5. "Cloudy heights of Tatra...." (Delte Klec testrabu)
Vocalist: Sonia Kucejova
Two Slavonic Dances
(a) Presto
(b) Poco Allegro
Symphony No. 5 in E minor "From the New World"
(a) Adagio—Allegro molto
(b) Largo
(c) Scherzo—Moto vicace
(d) Finale—Allegro con fuoco
Conductor: Maestro Mario Paci

Two Britons Reported Arrested in Japan

London, Oct. 7.

Sir Robert Craigie, British Ambassador to Japan, is reported to be making representations to secure the release of two British subjects who have been detained by the Japanese authorities on unspecified charges.

One of the Britons, Mr. Mason, has been the Secretary of the Tokyo Golf Club, while the other, Mr. Martyr, is a school teacher.

It is thought that the powerful German Gestapo organization in Japan may have instigated the arrest of the men as a means of aggravating tension in Anglo-Japanese relations.—Reuter.

Germans Now More Cautious in Their Claims

By "ANNALIST"

London, Oct. 7.

Neither the German nor the Soviet communique yesterday revealed anything more than the usual claims of hard fighting all along the front. Unofficial reports, however, have come from various quarters which appear to corroborate Hitler's statement that a major offensive is now in being.

These reports, which emanate from Stockholm and other neutral sources, bear a strong flavour of German propaganda and suggest big developments in prospect or on the point of achievement, which are duly reproduced in Berlin as the opinion or information of competent independent observers.

The Germans themselves have been careful not to pin themselves down to any specific air or disclose anything which might suggest a definite plan. They are probably only too conscious of the disastrous effect of certain of their claims earlier in the war when they alleged that the road to Moscow was open and that Soviet forces were practically reduced to a disorderly rabble. These allegations in High Command communiques may have been designed to sap Russian morale and sustain German confidence but they certainly completely discredit official bulletins which were moderately reliable when all was going well for the Germans.

Quoted with Reserve

The latest unofficial reports, which are therefore quoted with reserve, suggest that the central sector is once again the scene of the principal German thrust in spite of heavy fighting still proceeding in the extreme south as well as in the direction of Kharkov. Neutrals speak of the German aim as nothing less than the encirclement of Moscow, and this would be in accordance with German tactics; a comparative lull in the central area to gather their resources for a further attempt to achieve some big success before the winter, and their recent activity in the north and south made it appear likely that the principal blow would come in the centre directed at the heart of the Soviet Union, namely Moscow.

However, what is the sauce for the goose is also the sauce for the gander, and if the Germans have used the recent respite to accumulate their resources, Marshal Semyon Konstantinovitch Timoshenko can be relied on to have done his best to perfect his defensive measures.—Reuter.

New York Weekly Market Report

"Trader" in "Barron's Weekly" says that only the short-term outlook is obscure, but given a few strong spots, like Western Union and Goodrich Tire, which made new highs, the market would be less on the defensive.

As "Trader" views it, the repeated warnings from the Administration spokesman, who seems to be in accord with the anti-inflation bloc, really serve only to emphasize the enormity of the business boom.

Once we are adjusted to an all-out war economy and once the certainty of a long war is clear, disadvantages of cash against stocks in worldwide inflation must become apparent.

Substantial off-market deals, like 110,000 shares of Phelps Dodge have been successfully negotiated; also 35,000 shares of Standard Oil of New Jersey, 22,000 shares of Socony-Vacuum and 16,000 shares of Standard Oil of California; but, such persistent selling also discourages floor traders from making further commitments.

In face of the British Labour Party's programme for nationalization of transports, banks etc., the London market for industrials has reached the highest level in 19 months. Therefore, the threat of socialism as a long-term bear argument on American securities may prove considerably exaggerated.

N.Y. Stock Market

New York, Oct. 6.

Stock market prices were irregular today and trading was light with the exception of a few low priced issues. United Corporation opened with a block of 60,500 shares for sale.

Columbia Gas was the second most active issue and hit a new low at 2⅜, off ¼ of a point.

New highs were made for the year by American Ice preferred, Goodrich Electric Power six per cent. preferred, Crown-Zellerbach and Warren preferred.

Railroad shares were firm as a group. Great Northern preferred gained nearly one point and Norfolk and Western preferred hit a new high at 119, up 1½. Southern Pacific was steady.

American Telephone, Bethlehem Steel and United States Steel eased slightly. Westinghouse Electric was firm and General Electric eased. Johns Manville lost more than one point.

Mercantiles were narrowly mixed, oils were unchanged, chemicals were easier, amusements were firm. Bonds were irregularly higher, wheat was unchanged to a quarter of a cent higher, while corn finished ⅛ to ⅛ a cent lower.—United Press.

U.S. Defence Bonds Bought by Chinese

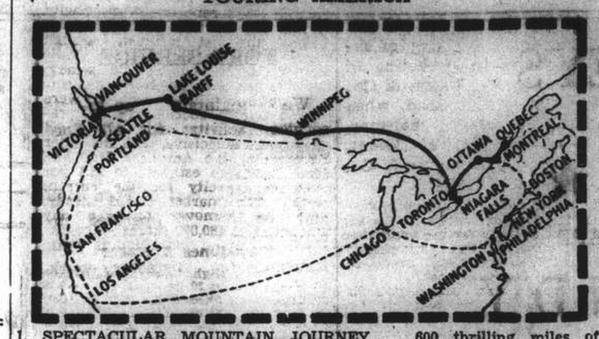
Chicago, Oct. 7.

A spokesman yesterday announced that every one of Chicago's 5,000 Chinese had bought a United States defense bond or stamp. The idea was fathered by a Chinese restaurant proprietor Mr. Walter C. James, who said "we would be most ungrateful if we overlooked the fact that America, too, needs help from every son, including the adopted ones like ourselves.

"All nations always have come to Uncle Sam whenever they found themselves in difficulties. I think it would be an honorable act if we in turn give Uncle Sam something." Mr. James said. Gin Shing-hong, 76, an apple vendor, bought the first bond. —United Press.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

V Spend Your Leave TOURING AMERICA V



1. SPECTACULAR MOUNTAIN JOURNEY.....600 thrilling miles of Canadian Rockies. See Banff, Lake Louise en route.
2. CANADA'S FERTILE PLAINS.....the greatest prairies of the western provinces.
3. GREATEST CHAIN OF LAKES in the world.....Canada's inland oceans, the Great Lakes.
4. FALLS FAMED AROUND THE WORLD.....Niagara Falls.
5. LARGEST INLAND PORT IN THE WORLD.....Montreal, 1,000 miles from the sea.

Air-conditioned trains across Canada, dock-to-dock, with no extra rail fare for single use of compartment or drawing-room. Convenient connecting train service to United States points.

V Canadian Pacific V
WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM
27 The Bund Shanghai Telephone 19490

DE LA RAMA LINE
NEW YORK
VIA HONGKONG, MANILA, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA CANAL
Regular Monthly Sailings
For further information
Apply to:
The De La Rama Steamship Co., Inc.
51 Canton Road *General Agents* Telephone 15044

V BLUE FUNNEL LINE V
Regular Service to United Kingdom Ports.
Australian-Oriental Line, Ltd.
Regular Service to Australia from Hongkong.
China Navigation Co., Ltd.
Regular Service to North and South China Ports, Hongkong, Manila, Siam, Indo China, Straits Settlements, Territory of New Guinea, Solomon Islands.
For further particulars, freight and passage rates, please apply to:
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE
21-23 French Bund Agents Telephone 82020

BARBER-WILHELMSEN

Express Service
V Shanghai—34 DAYS—New York V
To New York and Boston via Los Angeles and Panama Canal
SAILINGS ON APPLICATION
For Freight and Passage Rates apply to
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
17 Canton Road Telephone 11369

GLEN & SHIRE LINES
Sailings to and from
THE UNITED KINGDOM
For details of freights and passage apply to:
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.
Agents
27 The Bund Telephone 15290

SHIPPING NEWS

At about 7 a.m. today the fast freighter **Latouche**, flying the flag of the Philippine Commonwealth will arrive here from Manila with a full cargo of lumber for local discharge. She will tie up at the lower buoys 20 and 21.

* * *

Flying the tricolor of France the vessel **Marechal Joffre** is expected to leave the Hunt's Wharf, Shanghai side, at 11 a.m. today on her return trip to Saigon. Passengers will embark direct from the wharf at least half an hour before sailing time.

* * *

The fast Panamanian freighter **Capella**, operated by the Tung Chen Company, Ltd. which was due to arrive here on Monday came into port yesterday from Hongay with a shipment of coal for local discharge. Upon arrival she tied up at the buoys 19 and 20.

* * *

After a 24-hour stay in port the **Bernardin de Saint Pierre** is due to sail at 6.30 a.m. today from the lower buoys 14 and 15 bound for Haiphong. She came into port at noon on Wednesday, October 2, from Haiphong bringing approximately 2,000 tons of coal and passengers.

* * *

Due to sail at 9 a.m. tomorrow is the **Tsingtao Maru** of the Dairen Kisen Kaisya operating on its Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen service. She has been tied up at the Company's Whangpoo Wharf. Outgoing passengers will embark from the wharf at least half an hour before sailing time.

Vessels Sailing

NORTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to NORTH CHINA PORTS. —For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

SOUTH CHINA COAST

JARDINES. FREQUENT SAILINGS to SOUTH CHINA PORTS, INDO-CHINA, BORNEO, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS and INDIA.—For freight or passage please apply to Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd., 27 The Bund. Tel. 15290.

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Capella	Hongay	Tung Cheng
Peihua	Japan	K.U.K.
Anwoo	Haikong	Chung Hua
Tsingtao M.	Dairen	D.K.K.
Pres. Coolidge	Hongkong	A.P.L.
Hellenic Trader	Palembang	Ch. Hellenic
Pluto	Hongay	E. Asiatic
Buyo M.	Dairen	T.K.K.

Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Nagasaki M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Reingtai M.	Jap.	T.K.K.
Keian M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Naruto M.	Jap.	T.K.K.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

PRESIDENT LINER SAILINGS
No Visitors Allowed Aboard Tenders or Steamer

TO UNITED STATES
A Ship sailing first week in October
A Ship sailing last week in October
A ship sailing first week in November.

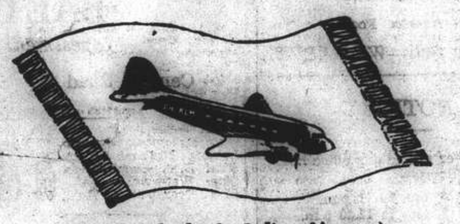
TO PHILIPPINES AND STRAITS SETTLEMENTS
Two ships sailing last week in October.
A ship sailing second week in November.
Two ships sailing last week in November.

For further particulars apply to American President Lines' Office.

AMERICAN PRESIDENT LINES
Round World Services

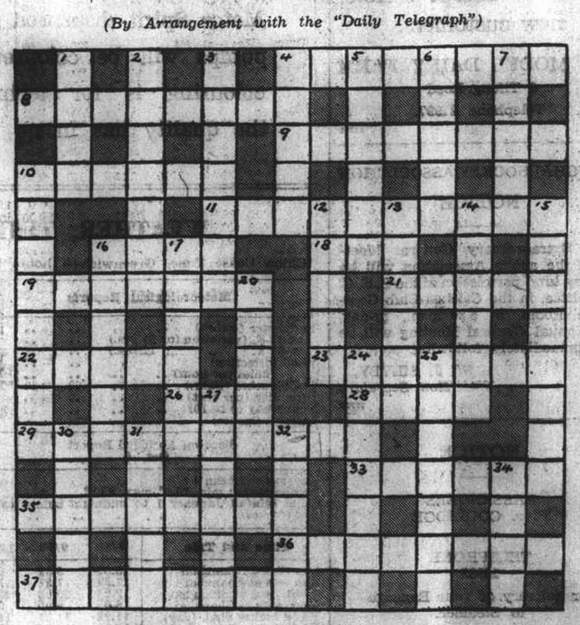
31 CANTON ROAD Tel. 15309

P. & O. B. I.
E. & A.
For Sailings to Japan, Hongkong, Australia, Calcutta, Bombay, Straits and United Kingdom.
All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route and the route and all sailings are subject to cancellation, change or deviation with or without notice.
For particulars apply to the Agent:
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.
27 THE BUND TELEPHONE 11428


(Royal Netherlands Indies Airways)
FLY ON THE MAGIC CARPET TO THE WINTERSPORTS!
It is now the time to fly to Australia
K.N.I.L.M. service Java/Australia in 2½ days in connection with the vessels of the JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LINE
For further particulars please apply to:
Java-China-Japan Lijn Agentschap Shanghai N.V.
133 Szechuen Road Telephone 16247

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 619

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph")



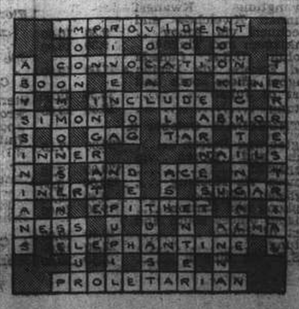
ACROSS

4 This was first home in the yacht race
8 He may be loyal to the homeland, but is dotty in the head
9 "Ten glean" (anag.)
10 A body for reconnaissance
11 A fuel
16 Keyed up, and full of go
18 Double this for a queer little animal
19 A red tale has been this
21 This is got from resin
22 This fish has got its tail out
23 Keep this and save the doctor's bill
26 One of the dug-outs
28 A nautical term
29 Good spirits show themselves in this
33 A passing reminder that all is not 23 across
35 This part of Holland is going red
36 This quality resists easy impressions
37 Should one peep through this to see one's favourite film star?

DOWN

1 Nice for the rest, but not so far completed
2 Our part of valour is like a Zoo lion
33 With added time a doctor's sphere attains to robbery
4 Lamb's first around essay
5 Evidently diluted
6 Timid people may fly in this at any time
7 A marine arm
10 Showing off in learned fashion
12 Stern
13 This captures winged harmony
14 Many people second half in a first half yesterday; it is quite natural
15 This, of course, includes you
16 Where we can meet the calls of our friends (two words)
17 He has a speaking part
20 This number suggests a certain feline in its lair
24 Earnest confusion
25 The reverse of 12 down
27 I am cheerful in the morning when this is beheaded
30 In this game the side that gets cornered first wins
31 A broken lease
32 Two-thirds of 20 down
34 At the last this is almost dead

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 618



BLOCKS FOR COLOUR PRINTING
There is nothing of greater importance in colour printing than the skilful and accurate preparation of blocks. So well is this understood by printers of experience that no block in any degree defective is used. Technical knowledge in the matter of colour printing is imperative. Let the North-China Daily News Printing Department handle your colour work if you desire satisfaction.
THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS PRINTING DEPARTMENT
17 The Bund, Shanghai
Telephone 11055

Motor Cars and Cycles

CHEVROLET roadster, recently overhauled, new duco, tyres excellent. Two spare wheels, $6,000 including licence and insurance. Real bargain. Box 2781, NCDN. 11729

FIAT 1933, 514, four-door sedan, 22 m.p.g., completely overhauled, two spare, four new tyres, new paint, chromium. Telephone 70807, Room 6, before 9 a.m. or 1-2 p.m. Write Box 2784, NCDN. -4708

BABY Ford, 1936 four-door sedan, 28 m.p.g., perfect condition. Bargain. Telephone 62897. 11739

FOR SALE, 1936 Buick Eight, good appearance and in excellent mechanical condition. No brokers. Address Box 2779, NCDN. 11737

DODGE 1941 luxury liner, leather upholstery; 1936 Balilla sedan. Telephone 14647, office hours. 11710

Office Cars

TWO seats, large car, Jessfield Park/Avenue Foch/Bund, three/four times daily. Telephone 15804. -4699

Animals

LOST, black male French poodle in vicinity of Great Western Road. Finder please inform SSPCA. 79482. 11725

NICE Siberian cats for sale, 7 months old, US$7 each. Telephone 36248 from 12-3 p.m. -4698

WANTED immediately Scotch Terrier dog for stud purposes. Registered C.K.C. Telephone 74412. 11724

FOR SALE, very good paper-hunt pony, nine years old. 13.1, weight-carrier. Telephone 22012. -4647

Rooms without Board

BEAUTIFUL room for single lady, in private family, Petain district. Board optional. Reply Box 2768, NCDN. -4669

BIG, nicely-furnished room, private telephone, bath attached. Only for bachelor. No refugees. Telephone 83992. -4694

BACHELOR occupying large private modern apartment, all conveniences, centre French Concession, will let large room at reasonable cost. Address Box 2775, NCDN. -4667

WELL-FURNISHED two-roomed flat, private bath, kitchen, telephone. Available immediately. References. 106/6 Ferry Road, after 5 p.m. -4628

ATTRACTIVE top flat, two rooms and bath. References. Telephone 72425. -4491

Rooms with Board

LARGE single room in English-owned house. Large garden. 45 Route Ghisi, telephone 78535. -4698

QUIET business lady wishes share her large room and board downtown with another lady. Terms reasonable. Box 2780, NCDN. -4696

CHELSEA House, 830 Bubbling Well Road. Bright southfacing double room. Telephone 37231. -4693

Radios

PSST—Got a sick radio? Telephone 37220, Radio City Service, 1249 Bubbling Well. -4688

TELEPHONE 51140: Foreign radio engineer repairs at your home. "Radio Expert", 131/438 Museum Road. -4275

WANTED: Columbia, RCA, Zenith. Latest models. Gerber, Telephone 61114. -4568

WANTED radio receivers of any make, high prices offered. Post Office Box 755. -4623

Houses and Land

AVENUE Joffre, best district, buildings with shops for sale. Monthly income $900. Price US$15,000. Foreign title deed. Apply Box 2785, NCDN. -4704

WANTED, four/six mow, Hungjao, dry land, suitable private residence. State locality, price to Box 2758, NCDN. -4656

SALE, 20 new first-class foreign terrace-houses in the best part of French Concession. Ideal location for residences. Each house is equipped with steamheating and other modern installations. Property to be sold only in one lot, and not separately. No brokers. Address Box 2649, NCDN. -4429

Offices, Shops, Godowns

WANTED, four/five-roomed office with good location. Particulars to be communicated by telephone 12237. -4682

CENTRE French Concession, 194/196 Paul Henry, to let shop suitable for office, commercial enterprise. View 10-6 p.m. -4678

Beauty Culture, etc.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

ALICE, 360 Rue Bourgeat, Room 2. Massage. -4313

LADY gives general massage, manicure 10-7 p.m., 205 Peking, lift 374 Kiangse Road. Apartment 30, second-floor. -4307

Medical

Dr. A. LESNIK, M.D.
Specialist in Urology and Dermatology
320 SZECHUEN ROAD
Hours: 10.30-1, 3-6 Telephone 17779
80 Bearn Apts., 475 Ave. Joffre
Hours: 8-10, 6-8, Telephone 83992

SEXUOLOGICAL CLINIC
Dir. Dr. J. KASSOFF, M.D.
Debility, Gland Disorders, Neurasthenia
HAMILTON HOUSE, Suite 226
Hours: 11-1 and 4-6 p.m. Tel. 14379

CHIMNEY SWEEPS
G. H. PARKES & CO.
TELEPHONE 72245

Foreign Craftsmen

LADIES' worn hats; perfect renovating/remodelling. New model hats, trimmings, nice selection. Orders taken. Rosette, 135 Seymour. -4696

For Sale—Miscellaneous

NORGE refrigerator 1937 model, perfect condition, $3,000. On view 856 Rue Ratard. 11744

ACCORDION, Royal Standard, new, 120 basses, two melody registers, one bass register. Box 2783, NCDN. -4697

WELTA camera, new, Steinheil, Muenchen, Cassar 1:2 Compur Rapid, and two miniatures painted on ivory: Napoleon, Countess Valewska, privately only. Box 2782, NCDN. -4697

PLATINUM, 145 grammes, for sale. Telephone 13781, 9-12, 2-4. -4709

BARGAIN. Three Peking rugs, new, 9 x 12, beautifully coloured, cost $1,400, sacrifice $900. Also Chinese carved chest and ice-box (refrigerator style), perfect condition. Telephone after 5 p.m. No dealers. -4621

STAMPS, new issues, foreign/Chinese, on view Pagoda Stamp Co., 1040/20 Bubbling Well. -4671

EMERY cloth and ribbon: Ready stocks especially for Java, in superfine quality, lowest prices. Manufactured by Standard Emery Cloth Mills. Address: Mill, 283 Yulin Road; Office, 280 Rue du Consulat. Telephone 87304. -4677

CRYSTAL drink set of unique beauty, 8 varieties, for 12 persons, with coloured claret glasses. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. 11736

JUST arrived from USA new Royal and Corona portable typewriters, from US$35 to US$55. Business Machine Co., 9A Central Road, telephone 14292. -4651

FOR SALE, The Panorama of the Great World War, 1914-1919 in 7 editions written in French by Capus, Clemenceau, Commandant Driant, Lavisse, etc., etc. Apply 1360 Rue Lafayette Apartment 1, telephone 76014. 11627

WE SELL stamp albums, stock books, stamp safeguarding sacks. Obtainable at Stationery Department, Wing On Co., Post Office Box 2040. -4520

SHIRTS made to measure. Real silks and English poplins. Reasonable prices. Razon's, 12 Central Road. 11711

DINNER, coffee, tea, fruit sets, crystalware, cutlery, best European brands, good value. Also in stock: European table cloths, sheets, etc. General Magazine, 337 Haig. -4323

DINNER, coffee, mocha sets, figures, groups, plates, vases, in the finest European brands. 1310 Avenue Joffre, European Art. -4264

ETCHINGS by Muench, Meidner, Oppler, Paunzen, Paintings, miniatures, antique porcelains. 1823/A Avenue Joffre, Dr. Weiss. -4268

VACUUM cleaner, table cooker, excellent condition, any reasonable price. 131/438 Museum Road, telephone 17194. -4642

ARTIFICIAL sunlamps Hanau, GE, etc., Sollux irradiation lamp, at reasonable price: 124 Sassoon House. -4572

COMCO recording ink for your barographs, thermographs, etc. Quick-starting, slow-drying and non-clogging. Commercial Scientific Company, Lane 24, 16 Penang Road, Telephone 60581. -4484

SINGER sewing machines, new and slightly used. Bargain sale. Room 138 Hamilton House. 11690

Wanted to Rent

SMALL apartment required, central district. Address Box 2767, NCDN. -4685

BY responsible party, A1 references, modern, nicely-furnished flat, two/three rooms, for one year or more. Box 2763, NCDN. -4664

WANTED to rent, two/three-roomed apartment, unfurnished/furnished. Bath and kitchen. Willing to pay reasonable key-money. Concession. Reply Box 2747, NCDN. -4624

WANTED to rent nice apartment or small house in Hongkew. Will take over furniture. Telephone 14369. -4504

HOUSE wanted, furnished/unfurnished, Concession/Settlement. Replies Post Office Box 1001. -4578

Furnished Apartments

COMPLETELY-FURNISHED, including kitchenware and cutlery, apartment three large rooms, two bathrooms, two verandahs, also servants quarters and garage. Near Picardie Apartments. US$1,500. No brokers. Telephone 76479 between 12-2 p.m. -4702

SETTLEMENT/Concession: Luxurious eight, seven, five, four roomed apartments. Modern furniture (to be taken over). Asia Land Co., 778 Bubbling Well. -4703

Unfurnished Apartments

1, 2, 2½, 3-roomed apartments under construction, Settlement; 2, 3, 4-roomed apartment, Concession, available at once. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. -4706

ATTRACTIVE six, five, four, three, two, one roomed apartments. All conveniences. Asia Land Co., 778 Bubbling Well. -4709

SPACIOUS three-roomed apartments, with telephone. French Concession. Best locality. With or without furniture and fixtures. Reasonable rent. Apply telephone 16858, mornings only. -4629

Unfurnished Houses

FIRST-CLASS foreign residence with large garden, for rent, 151 Tunsin Road. Five large rooms, sun porch, verandahs, two bathrooms, big kitchen, large servants' quarters, steamheating, telephones, Frigidaire. No key-money. Inspection 10-6 p.m. -4541

DESIRABLE, newly-decorated five-roomed, modern residence, two bathrooms, garden, residential district, French Concession. Rent US$40. Write Box 2777, NCDN. -4660

Dancing

NEW Dancing Academy, 727 Weihaiwei Road. Academy exclusively for the English style ball-room dancing. Personal lessons step by step by an experienced teacher, Mr. L. Gay. Beginners are guaranteed to be able to dance after four lessons. For the advanced, the latest variations and higher technics. -4488

Mortgages and Loans

$10,000 wanted for the period of 18 months. Reasonable interest. Address Box 2778, NCDN. -4664

More Classified Ads. Overleaf

TRANSFER
16
SEP 9 1943
Serial Record Division
The Library of Congress
Copy

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Siberian air invading northern and eastern China. Fine and cooler weather, cloudy at times with rather strong northerly winds around Shantung and over our regions. Cloudy to overcast with rain in places and fresh northerly to north-easterly winds along the coast to the south of the Saddles. The typhoon near Guam is almost stationary.

	At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature yesterday	min. 68.0	max. 86.0	min. 67.6	max. 80.6
„ same date last year	min. 64.0	max. 81.0	min. 60.1	max. 79.5

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1941 (18th day of 8th moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on Oct. 11, 7 p.m. registered and 8 p.m. ordinary. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on Oct. 11, 7 p.m. registered and 8 p.m. ordinary.

Shanghai-Dairen Air Mail close on every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday at 8 p.m.

Shanghai-Japan Air Mail close on every Monday, Tuesday and Friday at 8 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Oct. 8, 1941

DEC 24 1941
LIBRARY

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Single copies 40 cents

Shanghai delivery	6 mos.	$60
China, Korea and Japan	„	64
Hongkong and Macao	„	72
Postal Union Countries	„	124

NORTH-CHINA HERALD

EVERY WEDNESDAY

Weekly Edition of the North-China Daily News

Single copies $2

Shanghai, China and Japan ..	6 mos.	$42
Hongkong and Macao	„	44
Postal Union Countries	„	54

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD. (Incorporated in Hongkong)
Reg. Office: North-China Building, S'hai.
Telegrams: Herald, Shanghai
P.O. Box 707 Telephone 11055

Letters should be addressed to the Secretary, North-China Daily News & Herald, Ltd., to whom all remittances should be made payable.

Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

BIRTH

LAMB.—On October 6, 1941, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to KATHLEEN, wife of F. R. Lamb, a daughter. -4683

DEATH

PIERCY.—On October 3, 1941, at Victoria, B. C., Canada, GEORGE PIERCY (formerly of the Diocesan School, Hongkong), passed away peacefully, aged 85 years. -4690

CARDS

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. STONYER
and BRIAN
ss. Pres. Coolidge.

P.P.C. 11729

Mrs. E. C. BERUBE wishes to extend her thanks to the kind friends who called on her or sent written expressions of sympathy on the occasion of her recent sad bereavement. -4710

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

OCTOBER

8 'Old Time Ballads' by W. T. Fulstow, XGDN, 9.30.
8 *Britain announced decision to reopen Burma Road (1940)*
8 *U.S. advised Americans to evacuate Far East (1940)*

COMING EVENTS

OCTOBER

9 P.T.H.O.G.A. Reunion 8A Tifeng Rd. 6
9 K.D.S. Jumble Sale, U.C. Hall, 9.30.
10 Exhibition of Paintings by M. A. Radik, Cath. Boys School, 39 Myburgh Rd. 1-6 p.m.
10 Clifford Odets' Drama 'Till the Day I Die' XGDN, 9.30.
11 Exhibition of Paintings by M. A. Radik, Cath. Boys School, 39 Myburgh Rd. 1-6 p.m.
11 Light Opera vocal concert. Salle des Fetes, 11 Rte. Vallon, 8.30
12 Exhibition of Paintings by M. A. Radik, Cath. Boys School, 39 Myburgh Rd. 1-6 p.m.
16 Russ. L. Opera, Holland Girl, 8.45 Lyc.
16 Royal Asiatic Society. Mr. Voigt, Lecture on 'A Chinese Lake.' 9.30.
18 8th Co. Girl Guides Fun Fair Entirely in aid of British War Fund.

NOVEMBER

6 Limbless Fund, Jumble Sale, U.C. Hall, 9.30
7 B.R.A. Annual General Meeting, Race Club, 5.30.

G. R.

BRITISH CONSULATE NOTIFICATION
NO. 10 of 1941.

HOLIDAY.

The Offices of His Britannic Majesty's Consulate-General will be closed on Friday, October 10, 1941, being a Customs Holiday.

A. H. GEORGE,
Consul General.

British Consulate-General,
Shanghai, October 7, 1941. 11729

NOTIFICATION No. 5554.

SPECIAL RATE ON BUSINESS PREMISES

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that with effect from January 1, 1942, the Shanghai Municipal Council will levy a Special Rate on Business Premises based on 8% of the assessed rateable value of the premises occupied. This rate will be imposed on all premises used for the housing of gainful occupations including offices, shops, factories, godowns, wharves, pawnshops, stock, gold bar and commodity exchanges and all premises occupied by the professions.

In the case of premises used partly for the housing of gainful occupations and partly for residential purposes the rate will be imposed only on that part of the premises not used for purely residential purposes.

By order,
G. GODFREY PHILLIPS,
Secretary and Commissioner General.
COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Shanghai, October 7, 1941. 11748

OFFICE HOURS

Until further notice, our office hours will be 8 a.m. to 1 p.m.

ALLMAN, DAVIES and KOPS. 11734

CUSTOMS NOTIFICATION No. 1655

DRAWBACK CHEQUES DATED BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1939 TO BE INVALIDATED AFTER JANUARY 31, 1942.

The public is hereby notified that all unclaimed cheques dated between January 1 and December 31, 1938, will be destroyed unless claimed before February 1, 1942. Similarly, Drawback cheques dated between January 1 and December 31, 1938, which have been issued but not cashed, will become invalid after January 31, 1942.

L. H. LAWFORD,
Commissioner of Customs.
CUSTOM HOUSE,
Shanghai, October 6, 1941. 11740

ZOONG SING COTTON MILLS, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-second Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company will be held on Wednesday, October 8, 1941, at 4 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company, 20 Ningpo Road, for the following purposes:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended 30th June, 1941.
(2) To elect Directors.
(3) To re-elect Auditors.
(4) To transact any other ordinary business of the Company.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from October 1 to October 8, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
B. D. TATA & CO., LTD.,
Agents.
Shanghai, August 29, 1941. 11448

THE SHANGHAI LAND INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

1st Issue 5% 1934 Dollar Debentures

THE REGISTER OF TRANSFERS OF DEBENTURES will be closed for the above Issue from October 17 to October 31, 1941, both days inclusive.

In accordance with notice already given this Issue will be REDEEMED on October 31, 1941.

By Order of the Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.
Agents.
Shanghai, October 8, 1941. 11736

SS. BENLEDI AND CITY OF KHIOS

Shanghai cargo from U. K. Ports ex these vessels has been transhipped at Hongkong into the s.s. "Soochow" which vessel has arrived at the China Navigation Co., Ltd's. French Bund Wharf. Endorsed original Bills of Lading should be sent in to the undersigned for exchange for D/Orders against the s.s. "Soochow."

Examination of damaged cargo will be held at the French Bund Wharf at 9.00 a.m. on Saturday, October 11, 1941 when Messrs. Paulsen and Bayes-Davy will be in attendance.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD.
Agents, THE BEN LINE STEAMERS, LTD. 11788

SENAWANG RUBBER ESTATES CO., (1921) LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)
(In Voluntary Liquidation)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Share Certificate No. 5533 for 1,000 shares numbered 879111/880110 inclusive in the above Company registered in the name of Mr. Zai Shu Tso, has been declared lost or destroyed, and if the above Certificate is not produced within THIRTY days from date, it will be cancelled and a new Certificate for 200 Shares in The Rubber Trust, Limited will be issued in lieu thereof.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
Secretaries and General Managers.
Shanghai, October 8, 1941. 11732

BICYCLES

are popular just now. There is a rumour that some dealers offer to take a customer's car in part payment for a new bicycle. However, the motorist will be well advised to stick to his car and keep it covered by a COMPREHENSIVE POLICY.

V V

C. E. SPARKE INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHOENIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established 1782 Assets £30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

NORGE

for refrigeration

V COLUMBIA RADIO V

British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 36865 11697

STYLES ARE ALWAYS NEW

when you buy a *Packard*. The car that keeps up-to-date without letting down last year's buyer.

MARK L. MOODY
Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
640 Avenue Foch.
After We Sell—WE SERVE

NOTICE

Until further notice our office hours will be as follows:—
Weekdays 8 a.m. to 1 p.m.
Saturdays 9 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Our Westinghouse service department will remain open as usual, for Service Telephone 14558.

AMERICAN FAR EASTERN SYNDICATE, INC.,
620 Szechuen Road.
Distributor
WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC INTERNATIONAL CO. 11691

NOTICE

The Model Dairy Farm having augmented its milking herd is now prepared to accept a few new customers.

THE MODEL DAIRY FARM
8 Tifeng Road
Telephone 21997 11715

SHANGHAI HOCKEY ASSOCIATION

NOTICE

An Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Association will be held, by kind permission of the S. C. C. Committee, in the Cricket Club Committee Room, at 5.30 p.m., to-day. The Annual General Meeting will be held immediately following.

W. J. SILVEY,
Hon. Secretary. 11733

NOTICE

PASSENGERS
Pres. COOLIDGE

TELEPHONE
16933

for delivery of your Baggage to Steamer.

COMMERCIAL EXPRESS & STORAGE
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
53 Yuen Ming Yuen Road 11717

MME. HAMILTON

(Exclusive Millinery)

Ladies you are invited to view the most

GORGEOUS AND EXCLUSIVE SELECTION OF

MODEL HATS

for the coming season

287 AVENUE DU ROI ALBERT -4680

TIEN KWANG MANUFACTURING CO.

COLOURS, DEXTRINE AND VARNISH

853 Loh Ka Pang Road,
Nantao, Shanghai. Telephone 14653 -11706

TOLLEY'S T.S.T.

★ ★ ★

PURE GRAPE

BRANDY

Obtainable from all Compradore Stores or direct from

The Sole Agents

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

44 Foochow Road Telephone 17589

EXECUTOR or TRUSTEE

V CONTINUITY OF SERVICE EFFICIENT ADMINISTRATION V

THE YANGTSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD.
Trustee Department, H. C. B. WAY
26, The Bund. *General Manager.*

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES IN BLOCKED CURRENCIES

BAETEN & CO.

Investment Bankers and Brokers

24 Central Road Telephone 16898 -4606

MONIQUE

810 Avenue Joffre

takes pleasure to remind her clients that WINTER COLLECTION will be shown on October 9, at 2.30 p.m. at Cathay Mansions Lobby. -4675

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO. (N.C.) LTD.

begs to announce that from date "Shell" Motor Spirit dispensed from their kerbside pumps will be coloured ORANGE. The colouring is for technical reasons and the quality has in no way been changed. 11718

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich+8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	Oct. 6 16.00	Oct. 6 21.00	Oct. 7 4.00	Oct. 7 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.88	29.96	29.97	30.08
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.10	—0.04	+0.04	+0.13
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	—0.05	+0.01	+0.09	+0.12
Wind (direction)	W	WSW	N	NNE
„ (miles per hour)	9.9	7.4	11.8	15.6
Temperature (Fahr.)	84.9°	71.8°	71.4°	73.2°
Humidity (per cent)	51	86	91	64
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	0	0	0	0
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report Oct. 6	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.93	—0.10	30.04
Temperature: min. 70.5° max. 89.8°	80.1°	+4.5°	66.9°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	56.82	—	38.96

Time and Tide	8/10	9/10	10/10	11/10	12/10	13/10	14/10
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.51	5.52	5.53	5.53	5.54	5.54	5.55
Sun sets at Shanghai	17.32	17.31	17.29	17.28	17.27	17.26	17.25
Moon rises at Shanghai	19.26	20.06	20.48	21.33	22.21	23.12	—
Moon sets at Shanghai	8.08	9.00	9.51	10.42	11.30	12.18	13.03
Flood makes Shai. (day)	11.22	11.37	11.50	12.00	12.40	13.51	15.26
Ebb. makes Shai. (day)	16.55	17.25	17.53	6.01	6.30	7.15	8.25
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	13.17	13.49	14.15	14.46	15.35	16.45	5.56
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	11.40	10.80	10.07	8.80	7.35	6.60	5.52

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 6th:—Normal and rather steady pressure over China: unsteady over Japan. Low area crossing the Yellow Sea east-north-eastward. Moderate easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine, cloudy and warm weather in China.

State on the morning of the 7th:—Fine weather. Fresh northerly wind. Normal and rising pressure.—Siccawei Observatory.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge. Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

WEDNESDAY, October 8.	Reg.	Ord.
Manila and Indo-China...	*20.00	8.30
Hongkong and Canton	9.00	9.30
Amoy and Fukien Province via Amoy	9.30	10.00
Hunan West Hupeh Kwangtung Kwangsi Yunnan Kweichow and Szechuen via Amoy ..	9.30	10.00
Shenkiamen and Tinghai ..	9.30	10.00
Honolulu U.S.A. Canada and Europe via Pacific	A 17.00	19.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
THURSDAY, October 9.		
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Japan and Korea via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Formosa via Keelung	*20.00	8.00
Ninghsien (Ningpo)	8.30	9.00
Hongkong and Canton	9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
U.S.S.R. via Siberia	18.30	20.00
FRIDAY, October 10.		
Weihaiwei and Tientsin ..	9.30	10.00
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00

*The night before.
A Parcel Mail for Honolulu and U.S.A., closes at 16.00 on 8th.
X Provisional time—subject to alterations.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

Little Sisters of the Poor

IN MEMORY OF MR. O. MURPHY

Thurnheer, Mrs. H. $20

Florence Spooner Memorial Fund

IN MEMORY OF MRS. ETELVINA AZEDO BASTO DA SILVA

Joe and Milla $10 Anonymous ... $5

I. C. Milk Fund

Stern, Moritz/Gertrud $50
Strohheim, Ernst/Silberstein Leopold 100
United Knitting-wear factory 10
N.N. ....12 City Bar 30
Hahn, Leopold ..10 Oxford Shirts 5
Cafe Rex ....5 Jersey 5
Anonymous ....8 Reiss, Hans 5
Kikinis, Edmund 2 Popper, Karl 5
Schale, Gerhard 10 Fiedler, Victor ..3

I. C. School Fund

Stern, Moritz/Gertrud $50

FORD SERVICE

We maintain up-to-date service facilities for all Ford owners.

The latest types of Ford tools and equipment operated by trained Ford mechanics is your insurance for satisfactory work.

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
615 Avenue Foch. Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

NOTICE

ATHENS COFFEE

Quality as always supplied. Freshly roasted and ground to your order Now obtainable at:

HADJIRY'S
416 Szechuen Road
Telephone 16133 -4681

SS. PAKHOI

Hong Kong/Shanghai, Arrived Shanghai October 6, 1941.

This vessel met with a casualty on her voyage on October 3, and owing to expenses having been incurred in bringing her into port and damage having resulted to her cargo, it will probably be necessary to declare a General Average.

Consignees of cargo by this vessel may obtain particulars from the undersigned with regard to the formalities to be complied with in securing delivery.

Cargo is now being discharged at Holt's Wharf and a survey of damage incurred will be held by Messrs. Eisler, Reeves & Murphy, Marine Surveyors, who have been appointed for this purpose, at 2 p.m. on Wednesday, October 8, and thereafter, at Holt's Wharf.

Consignees are requested to attend.

BUTTERFIELD and SWIRE,
Agents, CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD. 11743

CHINA OPEN AMATEUR GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

72 Holes Medal Play

Saturday and Sunday, the 18th and 19th instant.

Open to players with recognized handicaps of 10 and under.

Entrance Fee $20

Entries will close on Wednesday, 15th instant at noon

Apply to
K. M. CUMMING,
Hon. Secretary & Treasurer
16 Central Road. 11747

CHEVROLET

Careful attention to even the smallest detail gives to CHEVROLET an ensemble of distinctive beauty. The work of master craftsmen.

Drive it once and you will drive it always

AUTO PALACE

100 Route Cardinal Mercier
Telephone 70180 11595

SHANGHAI FOREIGN EXCHANGE BANKERS ASSOCIATION

NATIONAL FESTIVAL

The Member Banks of the above Association will be closed for the transaction of Public Business on Friday, October 10, 1941, on account of the above. 11720

CULTY DAIRY

The Home of Quality Milk
Pasteurised Grade "A"

1567 AVENUE JOFFRE. TELEPHONE 70126

General Managers; KEYLOCK & PRATT 11699

POSITION VACANT

British Engineer required for Singapore, capable of supervising erection and operation of 1,000 kw. steam turbine plant. Salary: Singapore $500 plus free furnished quarters. Reply stating experience to Box 2754, NCDN. 11719

REMEMBER

Prisoners of War and contribute towards their health and comfort by

GIVING GENEROUSLY

to the British Red Cross through

The Central British War Fund (Hon. Treas. Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o The Hongkong and Shanghai Bank)

No Equal!—

SHAVEMASTER

"THE KING OF ELECTRIC SHAVERS"

The New AC Model "M" with the famous Sunbeam head is available for Frenchtown or Settlement voltage.

*Price——same as in U.S.A.,——*G$7.50

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

YVETTE

Gowns, Hats, Bags

Fashion Show: To-day at 3.30 p.m.

By invitation only

208 Metropole Hotel Telephone 12500 -4632

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED an efficient Stenographer-Secretary to commence immediately. Thorough knowledge of English essential. State salary required and languages applicants converse in. Box 2788, NCDN.

WANTED a Junior Office Boy to deliver letters and make himself generally useful. Knowledge of English and Chinese desirable. State nationality and salary. Box 2789 NCDN.

WANTED a capable assistant with a sound knowledge of English, Chinese and possibly Japanese written and oral for the purpose translation and general business routine. State salary and nationality. Box 2790 NCDN.

WANTED an honest Coolie Office Boy with knowledge of English and Chinese Box 2791, NCDN.

WANTED experienced foreign tailor, Good salary. Write to Box 2669, NCDN.

Business Opportunities

BANGKOK. Required, the name of a reliable firm in Shanghai having a branch or agency in Bangkok. Reply Box 2786, NCDN.

BRITON wishes to purchase US$4,200, free or blocked exchange. Address Box 2787, NCDN. -4703

DRAFT on New York in US dollars for sale. Telephone 39109. -4700

WANTED to cultivate acquaintance with young, educated Chinese, who wishes to obtain position in commercial field. Must be willing to put up $200,000, as active partner in sound business with Chinese gentleman. Only serious persons with good intentions need apply. Excellent prospects for right party guaranteed. Box 2743, NCDN. -4645

LEATHERGOODS factory, producing exquisite hits for export, invites interested parties and purchasing managers to inspect their samples, etc. For appointment ring up Witting 51172. -3864

GOOD chance for making money (US$100 can change US$101 single notes). With US$5 or US$10 notes can change to US$1 single notes by 100 to 101, easy and convenient. Also old notes changed to new notes or buying and selling above currency at moderate rate. Please apply Union Co., second floor, 673 Szechuen Road. -4439

TO BE taken over, centre Concession, Paul Henry district, grocery shop. Equipment, fittings, refrigerator, telephone, gas-cooker; living quarters. Good running business. US$1,100. Rent $105. Box 2231, NCDN. -3690

Educational

FOREIGN Y.M.C.A. photographic classes (still pictures and movies), for amateurs and advanced pupils starting Tuesday, October 14, 7 p.m. Apply Educational Office, Telephone 92250. 11693

FRENCH and Italian lessons, grammar and conversation, by experienced, elderly gentleman teacher. Box 2774, NCDN. -4684

HANDWRITING lessons given by experienced teacher. Surprising results in few weeks. Box 2762, NCDN. -4663

FRENCH lessons, speedy and excellent result assured. Fully qualified lady teacher. Twice weekly at pupil's home $80 monthly. Box 2684, NCDN. -4600

Lost

LOST native pass No. NAe 17406 N in triangle 204 bags of rape seed cakes import date 27/6/41 D/R No. 482467. Declared null and void. Higuchi & Co.

Cameras

ADVERTISER pays highest price for your camera: Contax, Leica, Super Ikonta (semi) Exakta, Rolleiflex, telelenses, enlargers. No brokers. Pays cash. Box 2773, NCDN. -4676

Garages

WANTED garage for one car near Race Course, nights only. Please address Box 2751, NCDN. -4631

Chinese Servants

WARNING. Wanted present address of Chinese baby-amah who was taken into service by a local foreign family on or about September 25. Box 2765, NCDN. -4666

CAN anyone strongly recommend good cookboy with wife wash amah? Telephone 77696 between 1-2 p.m. -4664

EXCELLENT cook-boy, clean, honest, speaks English, good cook, best references, seeks position. Box 2748, NCDN. -4626

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of twenty dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.20.

YOUNG intelligent Polish lady, long experience with children, speaks English, Russian, Polish, can sew, seeks employment. Telephone 71695, 9-11, 1-3. -4709

QUALIFIED lady secretary-stenographer (British nationality). Journalistic abilities. Capable voluminous work. Box 1697, NCDN. -4707

ALLIED national, aged 28, seeks position. Experienced general office work, accountancy, organisation, correspondence. Best references. Box 2760, NCDN. -4661

KINDERGARTEN teacher from Vienna speaking German, French and playing piano is looking for employment with children or as lady's companion. Address Box 2776, NCDN. -4698

EXPERIENCED Chinese seeks position as stenotypist and office assistant. Good references. Box 2761, NCDN. -4662

AMERICAN man desires part-time work as stenographer or private secretary. Write Box 2770, NCDN. -4672

SCANDINAVIAN desires position as bar manager. Experience: first-class hotels, restaurants and passenger ships. Reply to Box 2757, NCDN. -4656

QUALIFIED mechanical engineer, Russian nationality, 31, experienced in practical and office work appertaining to the trade, responsible position required. Box 2759, NCDN. -4659

BRITON, 39, presentable, twenty years general office experience, desires betterment. Speaks several languages. A-1 references. Box 2772, NCDN. -4674

HIGHLY-EXPERIENCED stenographer-secretary. Excellent references. Salary $1,000 per month. Address Box 2789, NCDN. 11730

LADY-DENTIST with clientele, seeks position as assistant to established dentist on salary or partnership basis. Reply Box 2752, NCDN. -4634

CHINESE university graduate with perfect knowledge of accountancy and secretarial work, seeks any work after office hours. Box 2755, NCDN. -4651

EXPERIENCED young man, secretary-stenographer, with sound knowledge of English and French, seeks position. Excellent references. Outport no objection. Box 2601, NCDN. -4383

YOUNG Russian mechanical engineer, seeks any kind of engineering position, good references. Ready to undertake outport work. Box 2645, NCDN. -4416

LADY, 40, seeks position to motherless child, take care of invalid, companion to elderly person. Box 2728, NCDN. -4604

Miscellaneous

ELECTRIZATION of nerve points by the famous Japanese method "Okue". Rheumatism, partial paralysis, nervous derangements, other diseases. Also reducing. Graduated from a school of electrization in Japan. Call at clients' homes. Interviews 9-7 p.m., telephone 71566, Room 1. -4679

IF you have anything whatsoever for sale or wish to purchase, telephone or send us a note and our representative will call on you. Our terms are cash. Chesterfield Art Secondhand Goods Store, 1469 Bubbling Well Road, Telephone 36334. 11674

Personal

YOUNG Chinese, university graduate wishes meet smart, cultured Chinese lady, below 24, for friendship. Box 2756, NCDN. -4652

Wanted to Purchase

IF you leave Shanghai, don't worry about your household furniture. We are paying best prices for all secondhand effects such as refrigerators, pianos, radios, etc. Dunlantin, 799/1 Nanking Road, telephone 94220. -4668

ONE sporting gun, any make, 12 or 16 gauge. One 1937 or 1938 Zenith radio. Telephone 13016. -4678

SECONDHAND pony or donkey-carriage with two or four wheels. Please send offers to Box 2749, NCDN. -4627

WANTED to buy secondhand suits, dress; shoes, carpet, clothing etc. Telephone 34663 Mr. W. Engel. 11681

WANTED buy secondhand household furniture. carpets, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 39965 daily, Mr. Bers. -3331

BUYING men's clothing, linen, furs, anything of value. Call at your place. Box 2340, NCDN. -4562

More Classified Ads. Overleaf